

# Converting Colors

XYZ(67.5498, 73.9792, 83.3560)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(67.5498, 73.9792, 83.3560)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(67.6287, 74.0395,  
83.3997)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D1E3E3
RGB	209, 227, 227
RGB Percent	82%, 89%, 89%
CMY	0.1804, 0.1098, 0.1098
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	180°, 24%, 85%
HSV	180°, 8%, 89%
XYZ	67.6287, 74.0395, 83.3997
YIQ	221.6180, -10.7280, -3.8160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

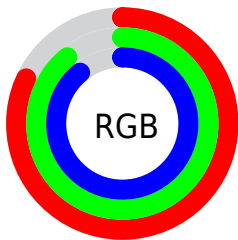
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	209, 218, 227
Decimal	13755363
CIE Lab	88.94, -5.96, -2.06
CIE LCh	89, 6.302, 199.066
Yxy	74.0395, 0.3005, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291945443 (0xFFD1E3E3)
YUV	221.6180, 2.6533, -11.0660
Hunter-Lab	86.0462, -10.2874, 2.7659

# Details

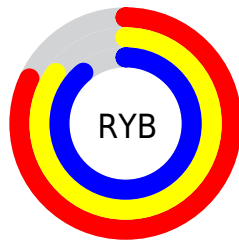
The XYZ color **67.6287, 74.0395, 83.3997** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **65.9903, 66.5372, 69.6899**, and the grayscale version is **69.1508, 72.7520, 79.2270**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **35.5253, 39.3536, 44.7533** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61.6582, 70.9637, 83.1187**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **74.5186, 77.5933, 83.7268**.

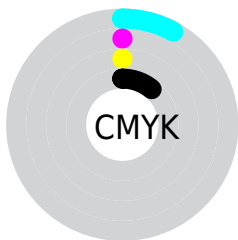
# Distribution



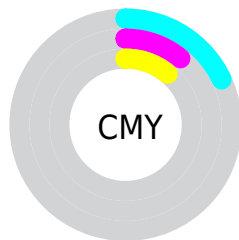
- Red (82%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 67.6287, 74.0395, 83.3997 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 67.6287, 74.0395, 83.3997 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 67.6287, 74.0395,  
83.3997

■ 67.6287, 74.0395,  
83.3997

441.5767,  
474.6097, 526.3235

■ 49.8683, 54.8264,  
61.9774

114.8656,  
124.9518, 139.9894

■ 35.5261, 39.2627,  
44.5788

145.0729,  
157.4198, 175.9938

■ 24.2369, 26.9642,  
30.7852

180.1598,  
195.0748, 217.6961

■ 15.6351, 17.5463,  
20.1783

220.4917,  
238.3013, 265.5147

■ 9.3555, 10.6248,  
12.3393

266.4340,  
287.4836, 319.8682

■ 5.0328, 5.8151,  
6.8499

318.3521,

■ 2.3014, 2.7330,

343.0062, 381.1752

3.2914

376.6112,  
405.2534, 449.8541

■ 0.7954, 0.9940,  
1.2453

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0163

■ 67.6287, 74.0395,  
83.3997

■ 67.6287, 74.0395,  
83.3997

■ 61.6582, 70.9637,  
83.1187

■ 74.5186, 77.5933,  
83.7268

■ 56.5622, 68.3367,  
82.8772

■ 82.3576, 81.6344,  
84.0967

■ 52.3016, 66.1403,  
82.6747

■ 82.5776, 81.7477,  
84.1101

■ 48.8318, 64.3517,  
82.5093

■ 82.5782, 81.7480,  
84.1132

46.1042, 62.9456,  
82.3785

82.5787, 81.7482,  
84.1163

44.0647, 61.8942,  
82.2800

82.5793, 81.7485,  
84.1194

42.6519, 61.1660,  
82.2108

82.5799, 81.7487,  
84.1225

41.7937, 60.7236,  
82.1676

82.5805, 81.7489,  
84.1256

41.3893, 60.5152,  
82.1456

82.5811, 81.7492,  
84.1287

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67.5236, 74.0395, 79.0292



67.6287, 74.0395, 83.3997



68.4627, 74.0395, 87.1495

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.6287, 74.0395, 83.3997



72.6180, 74.0395, 86.2626



70.9317, 74.0395, 72.6249

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67.6287, 74.0395, 83.3997



65.9903, 66.5372, 69.6899

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



72.3172, 74.0395, 74.4183



67.6287, 74.0395, 83.3997



73.3001, 74.0395, 82.2248

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



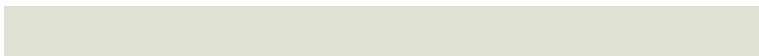
67.6287, 74.0395, 83.3997



71.3376, 74.0395, 88.8433



73.1892, 74.0395, 77.8958



69.4158, 74.0395, 72.9137



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67.6287, 74.0395, 83.3997



69.3266, 74.0395, 88.7432



73.1892, 74.0395, 77.8958



71.4285, 74.0395, 73.0016

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.6308, 74.0426, 83.4013



93.1984, 99.0455, 108.8125



65.3593, 73.1438, 70.9962



19.9677, 21.2098, 23.2913



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.6308, 74.0426, 83.4013



86.2821, 95.4801, 108.4856



65.3110, 69.4023, 82.6304



14.8074, 16.3364, 18.5165



24.1029, 35.2733, 47.9035



1.7812, 2.6066, 3.5401



# Inverse Universe

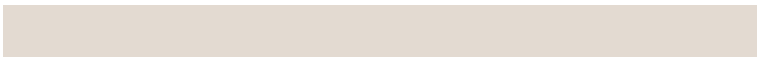
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.9903, 66.5372, 69.6899



83.6113, 83.2611, 86.1630



68.1835, 70.9243, 70.4189



14.3772, 14.3681, 14.9206



18.4752, 9.5243, 0.8656

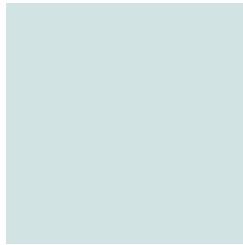


1.3653, 0.7038, 0.0642



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 67.6287, 74.0395, 83.3997 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

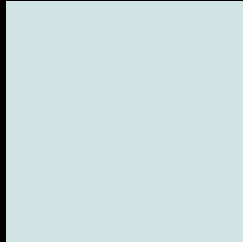
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 67.6287, 74.0395, 83.3997 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

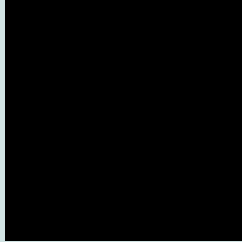
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

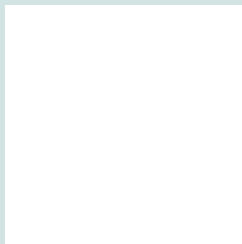
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 67.6287, 74.0395, 83.3997**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 67.6287, 74.0395, 83.3997.



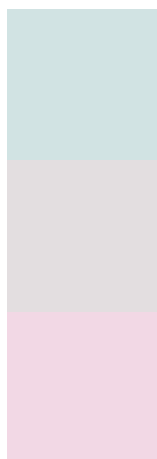
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 67.6287, 74.0395,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

67.6287, 74.0395, 83.3997

### Protanopia

71.2544, 73.9553, 81.0403

### Deuteranopia

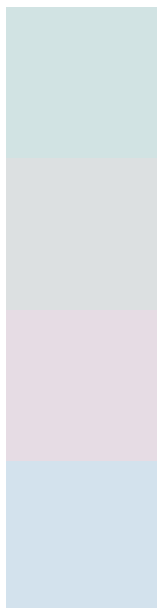
75.3167, 73.6461, 84.3742



## Tritanopia

70.1036, 74.2583, 94.6428

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

67.6287, 74.0395, 83.3997

## Protanomaly

69.7615, 73.9632, 81.8337

## Deuteranomaly

72.2299, 73.6108, 83.8002

## Tritanomaly

69.3464, 74.3560, 90.8180

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

67.6287, 74.0395, 83.3997

## Achromatopsia

69.4303, 73.0461, 79.5472

## Achromatomaly

68.7255, 73.4448, 81.0751

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 67.6287, 74.0395, 83.3997 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(209, 227, 227) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 227, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 227, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 227, 227) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 67.6287, 74.0395, 83.3997 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 227, 227) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 227, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(209, 227, 227)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(209, 227, 227); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 227, 227);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 227,  
227) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 67.6287, 74.0395, 83.3997 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 227, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209,  
227, 227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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