

# Converting Colors

XYZ(67.5745, 82.2893, 99.5106)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(67.5745, 82.2893, 99.5106)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(67.5745, 82.2893,  
99.5106)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AFF7F6
RGB	175, 247, 246
RGB Percent	69%, 97%, 96%
CMY	0.3137, 0.0314, 0.0353
CMYK	0.29, 0.00, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	179°, 82%, 83%
HSV	179°, 29%, 97%
XYZ	67.5745, 82.2893, 99.5106
YIQ	225.3580, -42.5910, -15.5750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

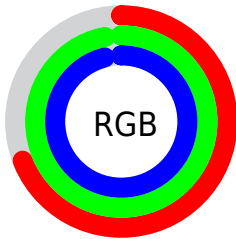
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	175, 211, 247
Decimal	11532278
CIELab	92.70, -22.29, -6.67
CIELCh	93, 23.265, 196.662
Yxy	82.2893, 0.2710, 0.3300
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289722358 (0xFFAFF7F6)
YUV	225.3580, 10.1765, -44.1640
Hunter-Lab	90.7134, -25.7799, -1.5404

# Details

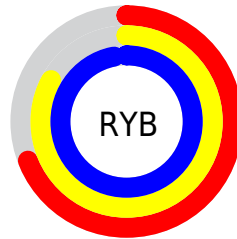
The XYZ color **67.5745, 82.2893, 99.5106** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **61.5271, 53.5710, 48.1749**, and the grayscale version is **71.7785, 75.5166, 82.2376**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.0887, 95.8958, 108.5274**, and **35.4534, 44.5377, 55.4432** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62.4777, 79.6700, 98.9984**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **73.6902, 85.4380, 100.0746**.

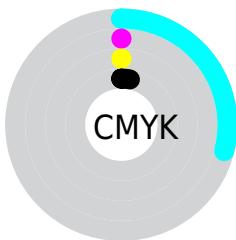
# Distribution



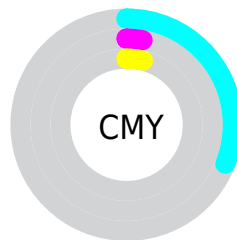
- Red (69%)
- Green (97%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (4%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 67.5745, 82.2893, 99.5106 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 67.5745, 82.2893, 99.5106 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



67.5745, 82.2893,  
99.5106

67.5745, 82.2893,  
99.5106

441.3874,  
502.6149, 579.8557

49.8241, 61.6040,  
75.2773

114.7885,  
136.5796, 162.5305

35.4908, 44.7128,  
55.3370

144.9827,  
170.9535, 202.1541

24.2095, 31.2313,  
39.2712

180.0556,  
210.6590, 247.7449

15.6147, 20.7750,  
26.6613

220.3726,  
256.0805, 299.7215

9.3410, 12.9597,  
17.0888

266.2988,  
307.6024, 358.5023

5.0232, 7.4008,  
10.1352

318.1998,

2.2958, 3.7140,

365.6092, 424.5059

5.3819

376.4409,  
430.4852, 498.1509

0.7925, 1.5149,  
2.4104

0.0000, 0.2992,  
0.7921

67.5745, 82.2893,  
99.5106

67.5745, 82.2893,  
99.5106

62.4777, 79.6700,  
98.9984

73.6902, 85.4380,  
100.0746

58.3372, 77.5415,  
98.5297

80.8687, 89.1326,  
100.6870

55.0948, 75.8761,  
98.1035

89.1601, 93.4008,  
101.3520

52.6830, 74.6388,  
97.7167

91.3491, 94.5231,  
101.7319

51.0247, 73.7900,  
97.3657

91.4023, 94.5444,  
102.0125

50.0285, 73.2825,  
97.0461

91.4557, 94.5658,  
102.2935

49.5559, 73.0449,  
96.7516

91.5092, 94.5871,  
102.5750

49.5251, 73.0295,  
96.7270

91.5627, 94.6086,  
102.8571

91.6164, 94.6300,  
103.1396

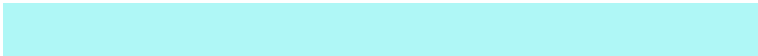
# Harmonies

## Analogous

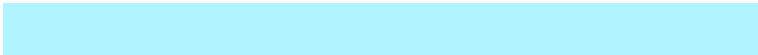
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67.4160, 82.2893, 82.1198



67.5745, 82.2893, 99.5106



70.4870, 82.2893, 116.1242

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.5745, 82.2893, 99.5106



86.9970, 82.2893, 114.5050



80.9322, 82.2893, 60.8960

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



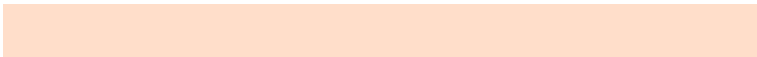
67.5745, 82.2893, 99.5106



61.5271, 53.5710, 48.1749

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



86.4850, 82.2893, 67.4560



67.5745, 82.2893, 99.5106



90.1065, 82.2893, 97.5192

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67.5745, 82.2893, 99.5106



81.6018, 82.2893, 125.5170



89.9144, 82.2893, 80.3685

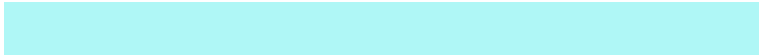


74.9203, 82.2893, 61.2840

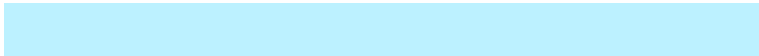


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67.5745, 82.2893, 99.5106



73.6882, 82.2893, 123.8604



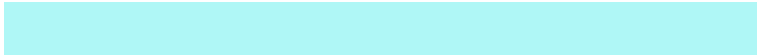
89.9144, 82.2893, 80.3685



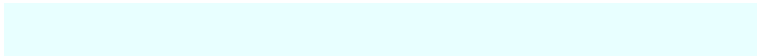
82.9204, 82.2893, 62.3215

# Sweetspot

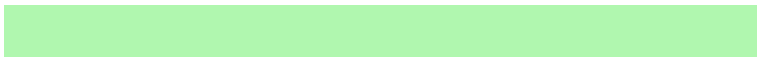
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.5769, 82.2926, 99.5125



87.0535, 95.8836, 108.2573



58.9509, 78.8734, 52.6762



18.3761, 20.3908, 23.1502



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

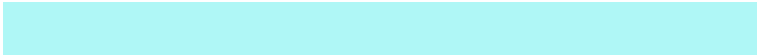


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.5769, 82.2926, 99.5125



69.2840, 86.7402, 106.6527



58.0636, 63.0190, 97.1030



16.9862, 18.7536, 21.2115



26.1959, 38.6232, 51.1787



2.3055, 3.3959, 4.5147



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.5271, 53.5710, 48.1749



61.8052, 51.2314, 43.1871



69.0958, 68.8667, 50.2100



16.5085, 16.4863, 17.1584



20.3004, 10.4636, 1.0242

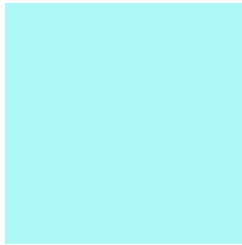


1.7874, 0.9209, 0.1070



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 67.5745, 82.2893, 99.5106 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

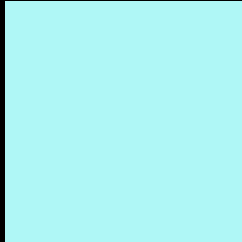
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 67.5745, 82.2893, 99.5106 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

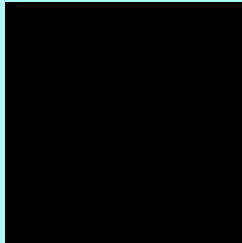
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 67.5745, 82.2893, 99.5106**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 67.5745, 82.2893, 99.5106.



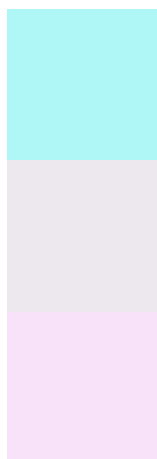
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 67.5745, 82.2893,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

67.5745, 82.2893, 99.5106

### Protanopia

78.7347, 81.6605, 91.7331

### Deuteranopia

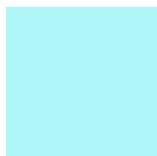
83.1631, 81.2513, 101.7424



## Tritanopia

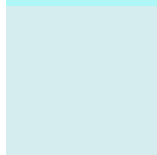
72.5313, 82.0009, 106.6127

# Trichromacy



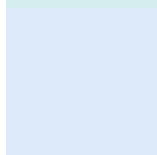
## Original Color

67.5745, 82.2893, 99.5106



## Protanomaly

73.7439, 81.1558, 94.2160



## Deuteranomaly

76.3405, 81.0573, 101.2446



## Tritanomaly

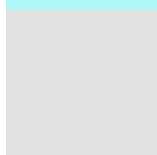
70.6075, 81.9483, 104.1916

# Monochromacy



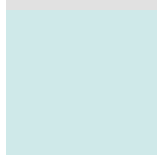
## Original Color

67.5745, 82.2893, 99.5106



## Achromatopsia

71.5672, 75.2942, 81.9954



## Achromatomaly

69.5790, 77.4264, 88.3684

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 67.5745, 82.2893, 99.5106 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(175, 247, 246)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(175, 247, 246)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(175, 247, 246) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(175, 247, 246) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 67.5745, 82.2893, 99.5106 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(175, 247, 246) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(175, 247, 246) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(175, 247, 246)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(175, 247, 246); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 247, 246);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 247,  
246) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 67.5745, 82.2893, 99.5106 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(175, 247, 246) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(175,  
247, 246) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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