

# Converting Colors

XYZ(67.6262, 72.4610, 94.2654)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(67.6262, 72.4610, 94.2654)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(67.8595, 72.7012,  
94.4606)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CDE0F2
RGB	205, 224, 242
RGB Percent	80%, 88%, 95%
CMY	0.1961, 0.1216, 0.0510
CMYK	0.15, 0.07, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	209°, 59%, 88%
HSV	209°, 15%, 95%
XYZ	67.8595, 72.7012, 94.4606
YIQ	220.3710, -17.1020, 1.5700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

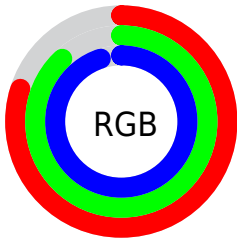
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	205, 218, 242
Decimal	13492466
CIE Lab	88.31, -2.71, -10.91
CIE LCh	88, 11.243, 256.066
Yxy	72.7012, 0.2887, 0.3093
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291682546 (0xFFCDE0F2)
YUV	220.3710, 10.6631, -13.4804
Hunter-Lab	85.2650, -7.1517, -5.9988

# Details

The XYZ color **67.8595, 72.7012, 94.4606** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **74.0257, 76.0603, 68.5387**, and the grayscale version is **68.2247, 71.7777, 78.1659**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **35.6286, 38.4051, 51.9895** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.6388, 63.4145, 93.1552**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **78.3360, 82.9642, 95.8905**.

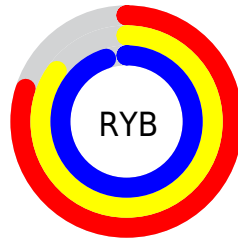
# Distribution



Red (80%)

Green (88%)

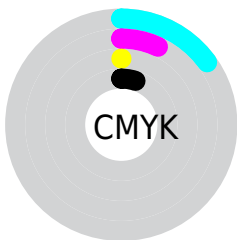
Blue (95%)



Red (80%)

Yellow (85%)

Blue (95%)

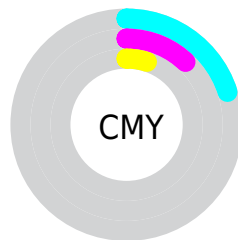


Cyan (15%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (20%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 67.8595, 72.7012, 94.4606 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 67.8595, 72.7012, 94.4606 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 67.8595, 72.7012,  
94.4606

■ 67.8595, 72.7012,  
94.4606

442.3826,  
469.9786, 563.3769

■ 50.0567, 53.7317,  
71.0917

115.1941,  
123.0529, 155.5084

■ 35.6764, 38.3872,  
51.9347

145.4567,  
155.2039, 194.0243

■ 24.3534, 26.2833,  
36.5712

180.6032,  
192.5175, 238.4263

■ 15.7221, 17.0357,  
24.5825

220.9990,  
235.3781, 289.1330

■ 9.4173, 10.2600,  
15.5501

267.0095,  
284.1702, 346.5629

■ 5.0736, 5.5717,  
9.0555

319.0000,

■ 2.3257, 2.5864,

339.2780, 411.1344

4.6801

377.3359,  
401.0860, 483.2662

■ 0.8078, 0.9198,  
2.0054

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.5586

■ 67.8595, 72.7012,  
94.4606

■ 67.8595, 72.7012,  
94.4606

■ 58.6388, 63.4145,  
93.1552

■ 78.3360, 82.9642,  
95.8905

■ 50.6158, 55.0620,  
91.9659

■ 90.1104, 94.2259,  
97.4437

■ 43.7371, 47.6113,  
90.8903

■ 93.0272, 99.1909,  
98.2483

■ 37.9424, 41.0243,  
89.9243

■ 33.1655, 35.2597,  
89.0634

■ 29.3318, 30.2715,  
88.3026

■ 26.3554, 26.0078,  
87.6365

■ 24.1313, 22.4061,  
87.0586

■ 23.2712, 20.8988,  
86.8129

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65.5656, 72.7012, 90.3391



67.8595, 72.7012, 94.4606



70.5449, 72.7012, 94.2999

# Triad

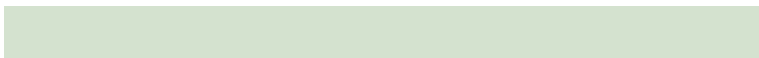
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.8595, 72.7012, 94.4606



74.2024, 72.7012, 75.1213



65.4340, 72.7012, 69.2988

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67.8595, 72.7012, 94.4606



74.0257, 76.0603, 68.5387

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



67.6756, 72.7012, 65.7327



67.8595, 72.7012, 94.4606



72.7598, 72.7012, 68.9420

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67.8595, 72.7012, 94.4606



74.2547, 72.7012, 82.7884



70.3562, 72.7012, 65.6065



64.1901, 72.7012, 75.6377



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67.8595, 72.7012, 94.4606



72.1973, 72.7012, 91.7767



70.3562, 72.7012, 65.6065



66.0932, 72.7012, 67.7547

# Sweetspot

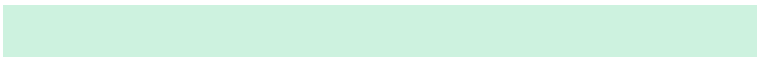
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.8617, 72.7042, 94.4622



88.5672, 93.7682, 108.0388



70.2339, 81.8062, 81.8194



18.7684, 19.8877, 23.0995



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

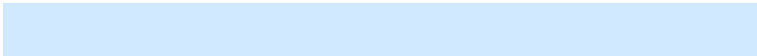


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.8617, 72.7042, 94.4622



73.4194, 78.8831, 105.9641



63.1844, 63.3498, 92.9032



15.5686, 16.5713, 20.0996



12.6388, 11.5019, 46.6818



1.1510, 1.1561, 3.9167



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71.9056, 67.9234, 79.8450



78.7264, 72.7746, 86.7442



79.2076, 86.4241, 70.2660



16.1117, 15.8944, 18.1444



21.7051, 10.9545, 11.6296

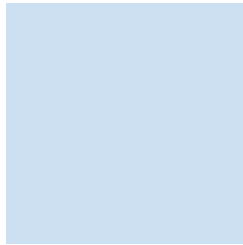


1.8559, 0.9314, 1.2322



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 67.8595, 72.7012, 94.4606 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

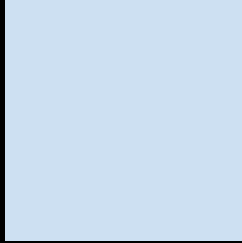
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 67.8595, 72.7012, 94.4606 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

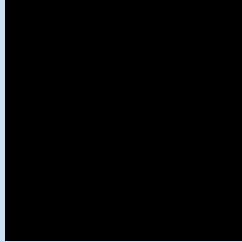
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

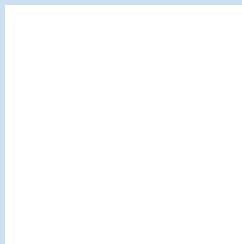
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 67.8595, 72.7012, 94.4606

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 67.8595, 72.7012, 94.4606.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 67.8595, 72.7012,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

67.8595, 72.7012, 94.4606

### Protanopia

70.6884, 72.6340, 91.9554

### Deuteranopia

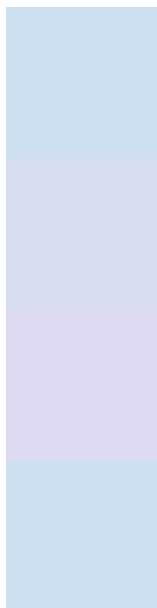
73.9083, 72.2883, 95.6456



## Tritanopia

67.8595, 72.7012, 94.4606

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

67.8595, 72.7012, 94.4606

## Protanomaly

69.6090, 72.4512, 92.7538

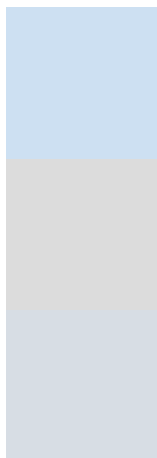
## Deuteranomaly

71.3733, 72.1435, 94.9573

## Tritanomaly

67.8595, 72.7012, 94.4606

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

67.8595, 72.7012, 94.4606

## Achromatopsia

68.0267, 71.5694, 77.9390

## Achromatomaly

67.8844, 71.7614, 83.6722

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 67.8595, 72.7012, 94.4606 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(205, 224, 242)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 224, 242)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 224, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 224, 242) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 67.8595, 72.7012, 94.4606 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 224, 242) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 224, 242) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(205, 224, 242)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 224, 242); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 224, 242);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 224,  
242) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 67.8595, 72.7012, 94.4606 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 224, 242) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205,  
224, 242) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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