

# Converting Colors

XYZ(67.7276, 67.0386, 95.7571)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(67.7276, 67.0386, 95.7571)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(67.8469, 67.2847,  
95.7975)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D8D2F5
RGB	216, 210, 245
RGB Percent	85%, 82%, 96%
CMY	0.1529, 0.1765, 0.0392
CMYK	0.12, 0.14, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	250°, 64%, 89%
HSV	250°, 14%, 96%
XYZ	67.8469, 67.2847, 95.7975
YIQ	215.7840, -7.6590, 12.1570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

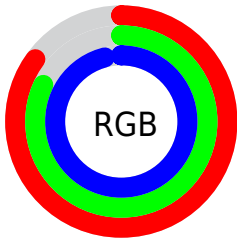
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	216, 210, 245
Decimal	14209781
CIE Lab	85.65, 8.72, -16.39
CIE LCh	86, 18.565, 298.015
Yxy	67.2847, 0.2938, 0.2914
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292399861 (0xFFD8D2F5)
YUV	215.7840, 14.4035, 0.1894
Hunter-Lab	82.0273, 4.0944, -11.8242

# Details

The XYZ color **67.8469, 67.2847, 95.7975** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **79.8843, 88.3104, 73.8113**, and the grayscale version is **65.0338, 68.4207, 74.5101**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **35.7717, 35.0281, 53.0198** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56.6235, 53.1978, 93.6710**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80.7415, 83.6112, 98.2703**.

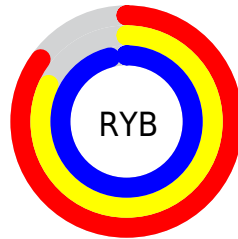
# Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (82%)

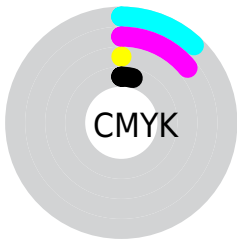
Blue (96%)



Red (85%)

Yellow (82%)

Blue (96%)

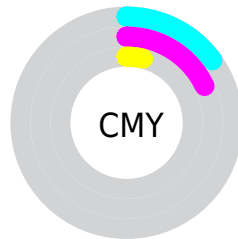


Cyan (12%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (4%)



Cyan (15%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (4%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 67.8469, 67.2847, 95.7975 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 67.8469, 67.2847, 95.7975 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



67.8469, 67.2847,  
95.7975

67.8469, 67.2847,  
95.7975

442.3386,  
450.9575, 567.7644

50.0464, 49.3160,  
72.1984

115.1762,  
115.3283, 157.3710

35.6682, 34.8702,  
52.8329

145.4357,  
146.1719, 196.1824

24.3470, 23.5629,  
37.2826

180.5790,  
182.0761, 240.9016

15.7173, 15.0097,  
25.1289

220.9713,  
223.4251, 291.9473

9.4139, 8.8262,  
15.9532

266.9781,  
270.6033, 349.7378

5.0714, 4.6280,  
9.3370

318.9647,

2.3244, 2.0307,

323.9952, 414.6918

4.8619

377.2964,  
383.9851, 487.2278

■ 0.8071, 0.6252,  
2.1091

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.6212

■ 67.8469, 67.2847,  
95.7975

■ 67.8469, 67.2847,  
95.7975

■ 56.6235, 53.1978,  
93.6710

■ 80.7415, 83.6112,  
98.2703

■ 46.9961, 41.2442,  
91.8712

■ 93.4816, 99.3727,  
100.6411

■ 38.8932, 31.3216,  
90.3830

■ 32.2350, 23.3159,  
89.1887

■ 26.9346, 17.1016,  
88.2686

■ 22.8952, 12.5380,  
87.6006

■ 20.0066, 9.4628,  
87.1593

■ 18.1380, 7.6798,  
86.9136

■ 17.4358, 7.0846,  
86.8357

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.6709, 67.2847, 99.0796



67.8469, 67.2847, 95.7975



71.0980, 67.2847, 86.2990

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.8469, 67.2847, 95.7975



68.3556, 67.2847, 55.2355



56.1668, 67.2847, 72.4579

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67.8469, 67.2847, 95.7975



79.8843, 88.3104, 73.8113

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



57.3018, 67.2847, 61.6082



67.8469, 67.2847, 95.7975



64.2341, 67.2847, 52.3701

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67.8469, 67.2847, 95.7975



71.4007, 67.2847, 62.8613



60.2093, 67.2847, 54.5700



57.0404, 67.2847, 84.7501



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67.8469, 67.2847, 95.7975



72.2384, 67.2847, 78.2035



60.2093, 67.2847, 54.5700



56.3250, 67.2847, 68.5324

# Sweetspot

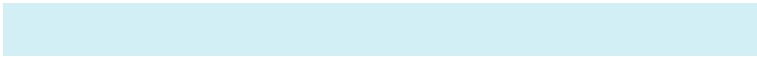
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.8489, 67.2875, 95.7990



88.8405, 92.0959, 107.7016



73.9772, 82.1268, 98.3403



18.7729, 19.4040, 23.0059



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.8489, 67.2875, 95.7990



70.7432, 69.2044, 104.2370



73.2435, 70.0685, 96.0515



15.8458, 16.0632, 20.8079



9.4714, 3.8570, 46.7833



0.9062, 0.3770, 4.1152



# Inverse Universe

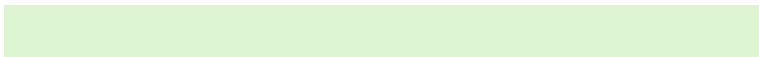
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76.2851, 71.7406, 91.4913



81.5729, 74.9229, 98.6209



74.3096, 85.4366, 73.5504



17.0846, 16.7167, 20.1919



26.1398, 12.7994, 31.7742



2.3289, 1.1375, 2.9584



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 67.8469, 67.2847, 95.7975 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

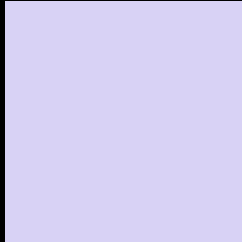
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 67.8469, 67.2847, 95.7975 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

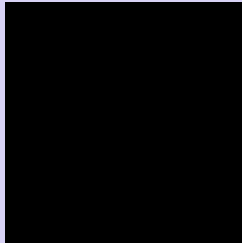
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 67.8469, 67.2847, 95.7975**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 67.8469, 67.2847, 95.7975.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 67.8469, 67.2847,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

67.8469, 67.2847, 95.7975

### Protanopia

66.3444, 67.2123, 97.4722

### Deuteranopia

68.7971, 67.4091, 95.7715



## Tritanopia

65.3777, 67.3918, 83.6909

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

67.8469, 67.2847, 95.7975

## Protanomaly

66.7928, 67.0912, 96.6183

## Deuteranomaly

68.4953, 67.2536, 95.7573

## Tritanomaly

66.2704, 67.3813, 88.1103

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

67.8469, 67.2847, 95.7975

## Achromatopsia

65.2694, 68.6685, 74.7800

## Achromatomaly

66.2306, 68.2381, 82.3536

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 67.8469, 67.2847, 95.7975 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(216, 210, 245) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(216, 210, 245)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 210, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(216, 210, 245) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 67.8469, 67.2847, 95.7975 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(216, 210, 245) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(216, 210, 245) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(216, 210, 245)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(216, 210, 245); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 210, 245);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 210,  
245) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 67.8469, 67.2847, 95.7975 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(216, 210, 245) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(216,  
210, 245) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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