

# Converting Colors

XYZ(67.7707, 73.6430, 69.5812)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(67.7707, 73.6430, 69.5812)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(67.7029, 73.5711,  
69.6638)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DCE1CF
RGB	220, 225, 207
RGB Percent	86%, 88%, 81%
CMY	0.1373, 0.1176, 0.1882
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.08, 0.12
HSL	77°, 23%, 85%
HSV	77°, 8%, 88%
XYZ	67.7029, 73.5711, 69.6638
YIQ	221.4530, 2.7980, -6.6580

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

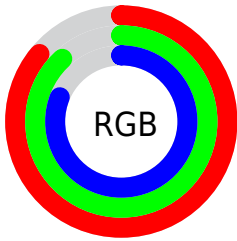
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	207, 225, 212
Decimal	14475727
CIE Lab	88.72, -4.84, 8.21
CIE LCh	89, 9.532, 120.496
Yxy	73.5711, 0.3210, 0.3488
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292665807 (0xFFDCE1CF)
YUV	221.4530, -7.1253, -1.2743
Hunter-Lab	85.7736, -9.2100, 11.8872

# Details

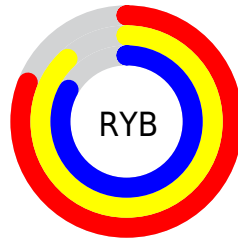
The XYZ color **67.7029, 73.5711, 69.6638** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **63.0577, 64.0610, 80.2796**, and the grayscale version is **69.0945, 72.6928, 79.1625**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **35.6415, 39.0487, 35.7956** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63.2888, 71.5932, 56.1065**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72.5840, 75.7487, 85.2923**.

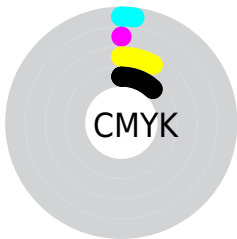
# Distribution



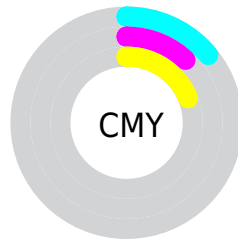
- Red (86%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (19%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 67.7029, 73.5711, 69.6638 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 67.7029, 73.5711, 69.6638 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



67.7029, 73.5711,  
69.6638

67.7029, 73.5711,  
69.6638

441.8359,  
472.9918, 478.1259

49.9289, 54.4431,  
50.7774

114.9713,  
124.2876, 120.4058

35.5744, 38.9560,  
35.6560

145.1963,  
156.6449, 153.0985

24.2743, 26.7255,  
23.8810

180.3024,  
194.1807, 191.2303

15.6631, 17.3672,  
15.0340

220.6549,  
237.2795, 235.2198

9.3754, 10.4966,  
8.6964

266.6191,  
286.3256, 285.4856

5.0459, 5.7295,  
4.4496

318.5605,

2.3092, 2.6813,

341.7034, 342.4462

1.8751

376.8443,  
403.7973, 406.5201

■ 0.7994, 0.9677,  
0.4768

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 67.7029, 73.5711,  
69.6638

■ 67.7029, 73.5711,  
69.6638

■ 63.2888, 71.5932,  
56.1065

■ 72.5840, 75.7487,  
85.2923

■ 59.3183, 69.7985,  
44.5287

■ 77.9423, 78.1231,  
103.0690

■ 55.7750, 68.1827,  
34.8390

■ 80.4937, 79.3831,  
105.6877

■ 52.6390, 66.7377,  
26.9368

■ 82.6393, 80.4892,  
105.7881

■ 49.8888, 65.4548,  
20.7121

■ 84.8587, 81.6333,  
105.8920

■ 47.5002, 64.3243,  
16.0429

■ 86.2167, 82.3334,  
105.9556

■ 45.4461, 63.3352,  
12.7908

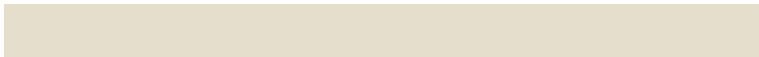
■ 43.6948, 62.4748,  
10.7926

■ 42.2018, 61.7252,  
9.8190

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



69.8887, 73.5711, 68.0773



67.7029, 73.5711, 69.6638



66.1419, 73.5711, 74.0191

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.7029, 73.5711, 69.6638



67.7680, 73.5711, 91.6639



74.4513, 73.5711, 79.9965

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67.7029, 73.5711, 69.6638



63.0577, 64.0610, 80.2796

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



73.8541, 73.5711, 86.5186



67.7029, 73.5711, 69.6638



69.9655, 73.5711, 93.4751

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67.7029, 73.5711, 69.6638



66.1789, 73.5711, 86.7192



72.1995, 73.5711, 91.5437



73.8143, 73.5711, 73.8386

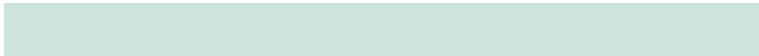


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67.7029, 73.5711, 69.6638



65.6482, 73.5711, 78.0298



72.1995, 73.5711, 91.5437



74.3881, 73.5711, 82.2196

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.7049, 73.5743, 69.6654



93.7200, 99.4080, 104.6084



65.8099, 67.5019, 68.5932



20.0739, 21.2836, 22.4354



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.7049, 73.5743, 69.6654



88.6530, 97.1455, 88.5737



65.1114, 72.2373, 69.5440



14.4809, 15.8281, 14.5987



24.2742, 35.5463, 5.5817



1.7680, 2.5079, 0.3909



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.0577, 64.0610, 80.2796



80.9955, 81.4694, 106.0640



65.6639, 65.4045, 80.4016



13.3079, 13.4268, 17.2779



9.0937, 3.7833, 41.2993

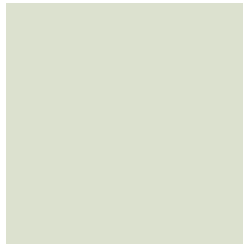


0.7158, 0.3063, 2.8666



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 67.7029, 73.5711, 69.6638 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

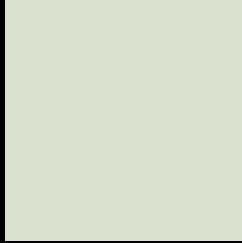
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 67.7029, 73.5711, 69.6638 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

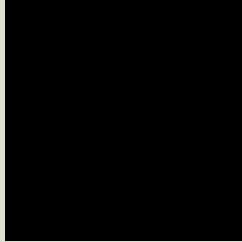
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

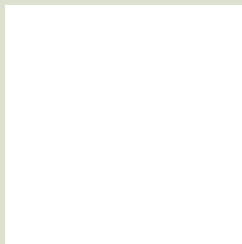
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 67.7029, 73.5711, 69.6638

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 67.7029, 73.5711, 69.6638.



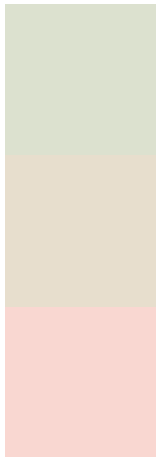
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 67.7029, 73.5711, 69.6638.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

67.7029, 73.5711, 69.6638

### Protanopia

70.0957, 73.6393, 68.2770

### Deuteranopia

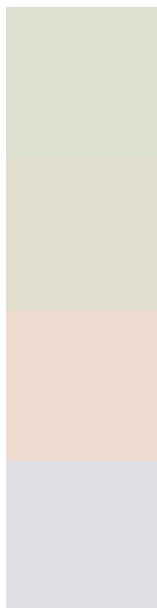
74.8760, 73.3441, 70.5320



## **Tritanopia**

72.0772, 73.3670, 91.2513

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

67.7029, 73.5711, 69.6638

## Protanomaly

69.2068, 73.5625, 68.9439

## Deuteranomaly

71.9766, 73.3942, 70.0474

## Tritanomaly

70.4178, 73.4766, 83.1440

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

67.7029, 73.5711, 69.6638

## Achromatopsia

68.7264, 72.3055, 78.7407

## Achromatomaly

68.3347, 72.5726, 75.3720

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 67.7029, 73.5711, 69.6638 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(220, 225, 207) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(220, 225, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(220, 225, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(220, 225, 207) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 67.7029, 73.5711, 69.6638 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(220, 225, 207) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(220, 225, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(220, 225, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(220, 225, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 225, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 225,  
207) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 67.7029, 73.5711, 69.6638 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(220, 225, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(220,  
225, 207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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