

Converting Colors

XYZ(68.0218, 86.9889, 65.9600)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(68.0218, 86.9889, 65.9600)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(68.0862, 87.0206,
66.0314)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C2FFC5
RGB	194, 255, 197
RGB Percent	76%, 100%, 77%
CMY	0.2392, 0.0000, 0.2274
CMYK	0.24, 0.00, 0.23, 0.00
HSL	123°, 100%, 88%
HSV	123°, 24%, 100%
XYZ	68.0862, 87.0206, 66.0314
YIQ	230.1490, -17.7380, -30.9700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

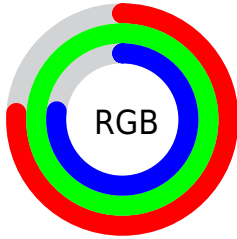
Format	Color
RYB	194, 252, 255
Decimal	12779461
CIELab	94.75, -29.98, 21.65
CIELCh	95, 36.981, 144.157
Yxy	87.0206, 0.3079, 0.3935
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290969541 (0xFFC2FFC5)
YUV	230.1490, -16.3425, -31.7027
Hunter-Lab	93.2848, -32.9659, 23.3311

Details

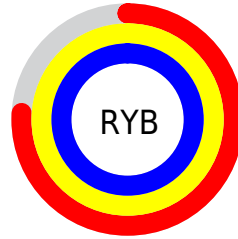
The XYZ color **68.0862, 87.0206, 66.0314** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **78.1027, 66.8724, 100.8861**, and the grayscale version is **75.4503, 79.3796, 86.4444**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.4331, 99.1850, 107.9861**, and **35.7995, 47.8603, 33.3377** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.5347, 82.9077, 52.2767**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **78.2087, 91.8916, 82.1946**.

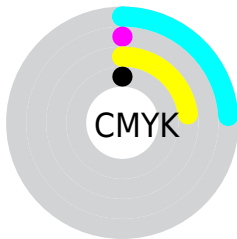
Distribution



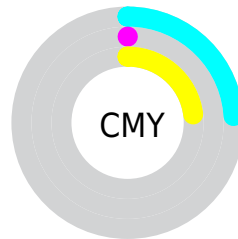
- Red (76%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (77%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (99%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (23%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 68.0862, 87.0206, 66.0314 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 68.0862, 87.0206, 66.0314 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 68.0862, 87.0206,
66.0314

 68.0862, 87.0206,
66.0314


443.1733,
518.2906, 464.8965

 50.2418, 65.5123,
47.8412

 115.5167,
143.1929, 115.1588

 35.8241, 47.8766,
33.3421


145.8335,
178.6255, 146.9332

 24.4679, 33.7292,
22.1154

181.0384,
219.4685, 184.0727

 15.8077, 22.6856,
13.7426

221.4969,
266.1061, 226.9959

 9.4781, 14.3615,
7.8051

267.5743,
318.9226, 276.1213

 5.1139, 8.3725,
3.8845

319.6359,

 2.3497, 4.3342,

378.3027, 331.8676

1.5622

378.0471,
444.6305, 394.6531

■ 0.8199, 1.8622,
0.2636

■ 0.0000, 0.5255,
0.0000

■ 68.0862, 87.0206,
66.0314

■ 68.0862, 87.0206,
66.0314

■ 59.5347, 82.9077,
52.2767

■ 78.2087, 91.8916,
82.1946

■ 52.4738, 79.5141,
40.8116

■ 89.9735, 97.5555,
100.8695

■ 46.8186, 76.7987,
31.5129

■ 95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 42.4750, 74.7159,
24.2446

■ 39.3374, 73.2144,
18.8549

■ 37.2838, 72.2352,
15.1712

■ 36.1664, 71.7063,
12.9887

■ 35.8297, 71.5479,
12.2873

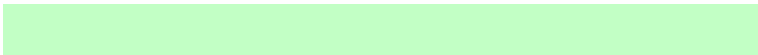
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



75.0907, 87.0206, 52.8730



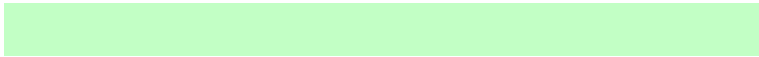
68.0862, 87.0206, 66.0314



65.0235, 87.0206, 89.2557

Triad

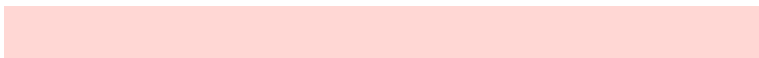
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.0862, 87.0206, 66.0314



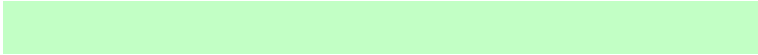
80.7688, 87.0206, 160.7464



101.5188, 87.0206, 73.9598

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68.0862, 87.0206, 66.0314



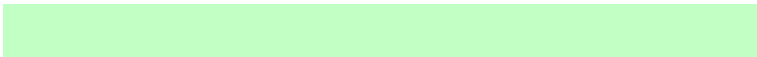
78.1027, 66.8724, 100.8861

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



103.3449, 87.0206, 100.4666



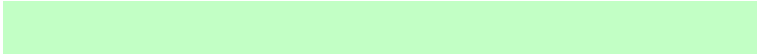
68.0862, 87.0206, 66.0314



90.8291, 87.0206, 154.3815

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.0862, 87.0206, 66.0314



71.9571, 87.0206, 146.7502



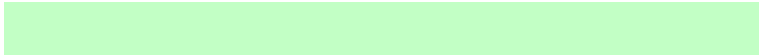
99.2918, 87.0206, 130.7819



94.4851, 87.0206, 56.7636

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.0862, 87.0206, 66.0314



65.4366, 87.0206, 108.8629



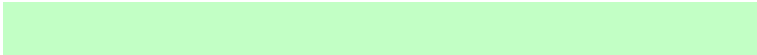
99.2918, 87.0206, 130.7819



102.7845, 87.0206, 81.9139

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.0868, 87.0208, 66.0327



86.1719, 95.7251, 94.8456



85.9937, 96.2915, 65.0935



18.2889, 20.4142, 20.0543



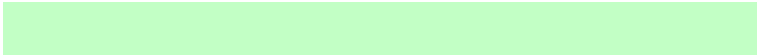
0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



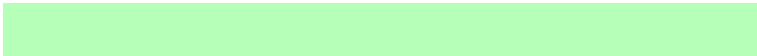
20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

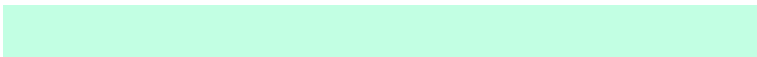
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.0868, 87.0208, 66.0327



63.5518, 84.8394, 58.7525



71.8094, 88.5099, 85.6356



17.8078, 20.1826, 19.2908



18.7369, 37.3914, 6.4999



1.8365, 3.6455, 0.6969

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78.1027, 66.8724, 100.8861



75.2438, 61.3160, 99.4358



73.7797, 65.1432, 78.1214



18.7518, 18.2840, 22.5761



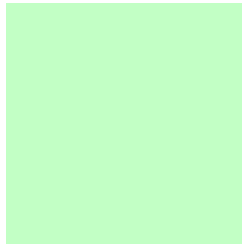
29.9759, 14.4797, 45.3852



2.9301, 1.4144, 4.4791

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 68.0862, 87.0206, 66.0314 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

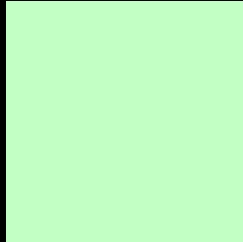
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 68.0862, 87.0206, 66.0314 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

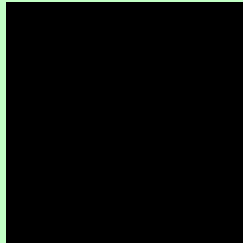
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 68.0862, 87.0206, 66.0314

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 68.0862, 87.0206, 66.0314.

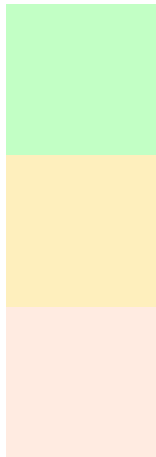


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 68.0862, 87.0206,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

68.0862, 87.0206, 66.0314

Protanopia

80.9249, 86.4780, 60.5708

Deuteranopia

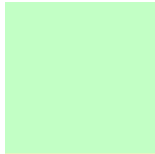
84.5389, 86.1129, 83.3999



Tritanopia

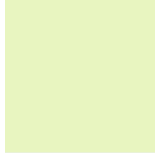
79.6158, 86.5368, 107.1148

Trichromacy



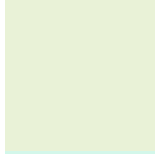
Original Color

68.0862, 87.0206, 66.0314



Protanomaly

75.4455, 86.2664, 62.5438



Deuteranomaly

77.6221, 85.7342, 76.7472



Tritanomaly

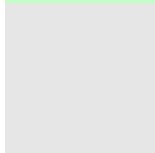
74.9760, 86.3109, 90.5499

Monochromacy



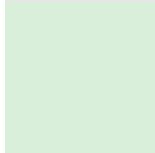
Original Color

68.0862, 87.0206, 66.0314



Achromatopsia

75.2129, 79.1298, 86.1723



Achromatomaly

72.1367, 81.5467, 78.2677

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 68.0862, 87.0206, 66.0314 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 255, 197)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 255, 197)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 255, 197) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 255, 197) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 68.0862, 87.0206, 66.0314 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 255, 197) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 255, 197) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 255, 197) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 255, 197); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 255, 197);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 255,  
197) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 68.0862, 87.0206, 66.0314 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 255, 197) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
255, 197) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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