

Converting Colors

XYZ(68.0428, 70.2355,
104.5783)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(68.0428, 70.2355, 104.5783)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(68.0232, 70.2002,
104.5725)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CCDAFF
RGB	204, 218, 255
RGB Percent	80%, 85%, 100%
CMY	0.2000, 0.1451, 0.0000
CMYK	0.20, 0.15, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	224°, 100%, 90%
HSV	224°, 20%, 100%
XYZ	68.0232, 70.2002, 104.5725
YIQ	218.0320, -20.2210, 8.5390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

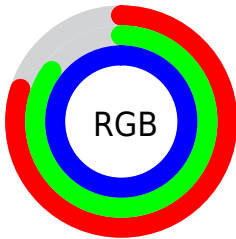
Format	Color
RYB	204, 215, 255
Decimal	13425407
CIELab	87.09, 2.87, -19.58
CIELCh	87, 19.784, 278.334
Yxy	70.2002, 0.2802, 0.2891
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291615487 (0xFFCCDAFF)
YUV	218.0320, 18.2252, -12.3061
Hunter-Lab	83.7856, -1.7055, -15.3498

Details

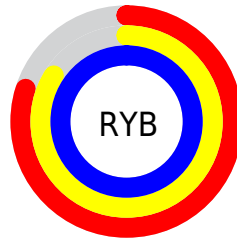
The XYZ color **68.0232, 70.2002, 104.5725** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **83.5940, 88.5290, 69.8102**, and the grayscale version is **66.5526, 70.0185, 76.2502**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **35.6847, 36.6612, 58.6216** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57.0657, 57.8247, 102.7613**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80.6642, 84.2419, 106.6166**.

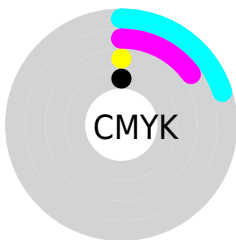
Distribution



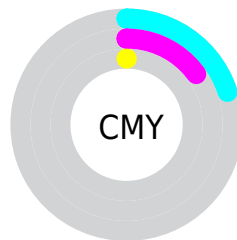
- Red (80%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 68.0232, 70.2002, 104.5725 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 68.0232, 70.2002, 104.5725 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 68.0232, 70.2002,
104.5725

■ 68.0232, 70.2002,
104.5725

442.9536,
461.2526, 596.1266

■ 50.1904, 51.6898,
79.4866

115.4271,
119.4942, 169.5333

■ 35.7831, 36.7578,
58.7723

145.7288,
151.0466, 210.2452

■ 24.4360, 25.0201,
42.0110

180.9175,
187.7150, 257.0029

■ 15.7839, 16.0920,
28.7843

221.3586,
229.8840, 310.2249

■ 9.4612, 9.5893,
18.6735

267.4174,
277.9378, 370.3297

■ 5.1027, 5.1275,
11.2602

319.4593,

■ 2.3430, 2.3223,

332.2610, 437.7359

6.1258

377.8496,
393.2378, 512.8620

■ 0.8166, 0.7855,
2.8517

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.0194

■ 68.0232, 70.2002,
104.5725

■ 68.0232, 70.2002,
104.5725

■ 57.0657, 57.8247,
102.7613

■ 80.6642, 84.2419,
106.6166

■ 47.7128, 47.0434,
101.1733

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 39.8876, 37.7911,
99.7998

■ 33.5046, 29.9946,
98.6314

■ 28.4692, 23.5744,
97.6576

■ 24.6745, 18.4421,
96.8669

■ 21.9955, 14.4974,
96.2467

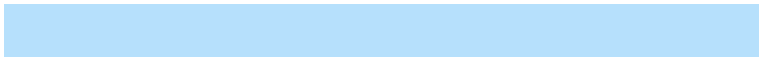
■ 20.2412, 11.6024,
95.7804

■ 20.2411, 11.6021,
95.7804

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.4867, 70.2002, 102.6938



68.0232, 70.2002, 104.5725



72.4047, 70.2002, 98.2552

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.0232, 70.2002, 104.5725



73.9607, 70.2002, 61.6735



58.7790, 70.2002, 67.3950

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



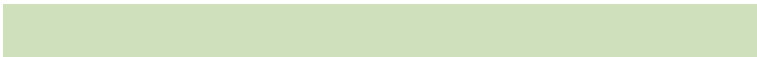
68.0232, 70.2002, 104.5725



83.5940, 88.5290, 69.8102

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.3470, 70.2002, 58.1128



68.0232, 70.2002, 104.5725



70.0678, 70.2002, 55.0855

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.0232, 70.2002, 104.5725



75.9350, 70.2002, 72.7962



65.4398, 70.2002, 53.8618



58.2882, 70.2002, 80.1953

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.0232, 70.2002, 104.5725



74.5992, 70.2002, 90.6329



65.4398, 70.2002, 53.8618



59.4220, 70.2002, 63.8050

Sweetspot

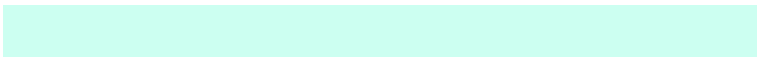
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.0251, 70.2030, 104.5730



86.2043, 90.3345, 107.5006



76.4727, 90.6818, 96.3404



18.2535, 19.1183, 22.9781



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.0251, 70.2030, 104.5730



63.4427, 65.0546, 103.8208



67.6830, 64.8619, 103.5600



17.4088, 18.1893, 22.8433



10.6824, 6.2745, 50.0826



1.1267, 0.7840, 4.9052

Inverse Universe

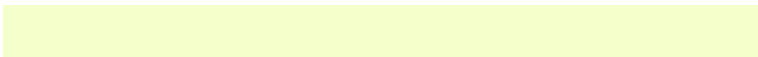
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.4890, 69.5091, 75.7708



72.1955, 64.4379, 70.0004



83.9504, 95.1040, 71.0606



18.2143, 18.0690, 19.7454



22.1802, 11.3614, 4.3334



2.2033, 1.1237, 0.6520

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 68.0232, 70.2002, 104.5725 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

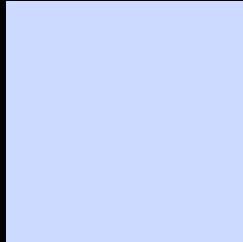
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 68.0232, 70.2002, 104.5725 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

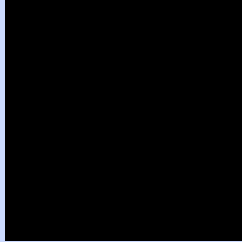
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 68.0232, 70.2002, 104.5725

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 68.0232, 70.2002, 104.5725.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 68.0232, 70.2002,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

68.0232, 70.2002, 104.5725

Protanopia

69.3092, 70.1164, 103.6468

Deuteranopia

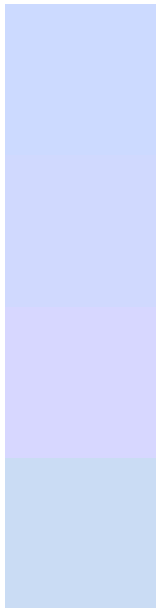
71.6630, 70.1807, 104.3769



Tritanopia

65.3765, 70.3035, 91.0131

Trichromacy



Original Color

68.0232, 70.2002, 104.5725

Protanomaly

68.7147, 70.1914, 103.6926

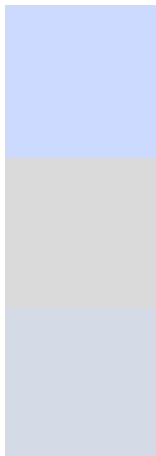
Deuteranomaly

70.3748, 70.2680, 104.4617

Tritanomaly

66.2795, 70.2746, 95.6590

Monochromacy



Original Color

68.0232, 70.2002, 104.5725

Achromatopsia

66.6397, 70.1102, 76.3500

Achromatomaly

66.9358, 70.0585, 85.5960

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 68.0232, 70.2002, 104.5725 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(204, 218, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 218, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 218, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 218, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 68.0232, 70.2002, 104.5725 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 218, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 218, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 218, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 218, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 218, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 218,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 68.0232, 70.2002, 104.5725 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 218, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204,  
218, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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