

# Converting Colors

XYZ(68.4654, 71.8102, 42.1505)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(68.4654, 71.8102, 42.1505)  
contains.

|  |    |
|--|----|
| <b>XYZ(68.4654, 71.8102, 42.1505)</b> .....    | 3  |
| <b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....                | 4  |
| <b><i>Details</i></b> .....                    | 6  |
| <b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....                  | 12 |
| <b><i>Previews</i></b> .....                   | 24 |
| <b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> ..... | 28 |
| <b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....               | 31 |

# **Color**

**XYZ(68.4654, 71.8102,  
42.1505)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                       |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex         | F4DA9D                      |
| RGB         | 244, 218, 157               |
| RGB Percent | 96%, 85%, 62%               |
| CMY         | 0.0431, 0.1451, 0.3843      |
| CMYK        | 0.00, 0.11, 0.36, 0.04      |
| HSL         | 42°, 80%, 79%               |
| HSV         | 42°, 36%, 96%               |
| XYZ         | 68.4654, 71.8102, 42.1505   |
| YIQ         | 218.8200, 35.0770, -13.4590 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

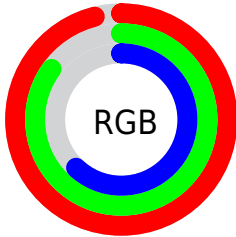
| Format                              | Color                          |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>RYB</b>                          | 194, 244, 157                  |
| Decimal                             | 16046749                       |
| CIELab                              | 87.88, 0.46, 33.34             |
| CIELCh                              | 88, 33.340, 89.204             |
| Yxy                                 | 71.8102, 0.3753,<br>0.3936     |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4294236829<br>(0xFFF4DA9D)     |
| YUV                                 | 218.8200, -30.4773,<br>22.0829 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 84.7409, -4.0796,<br>29.8275   |

# Details

The XYZ color **68.4654, 71.8102, 42.1505** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **47.1668, 47.5652, 92.2830**, and the grayscale version is **67.3962, 70.9061, 77.2167**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88.8837, 97.5335, 76.4285**, and **36.1405, 37.7791, 18.7519** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64.7381, 67.3630, 31.6367**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72.6955, 76.5967, 54.8858**.

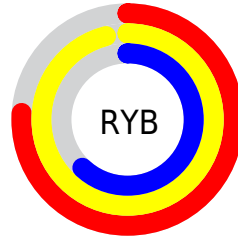
# Distribution



Red (96%)

Green (85%)

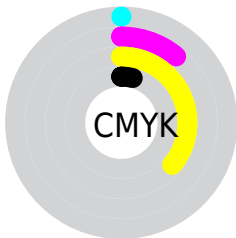
Blue (62%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (96%)

Blue (62%)

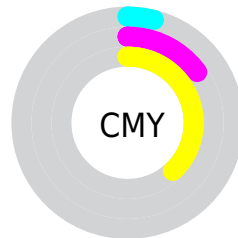


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (36%)

Black (4%)



Cyan (4%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (38%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 68.4654, 71.8102, 42.1505 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 68.4654, 71.8102, 42.1505 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



68.4654, 71.8102,  
42.1505

68.4654, 71.8102,  
42.1505

444.4941,  
466.8807, 370.9245

50.5515, 53.0036,  
28.8927

116.0559,  
121.7866, 79.6999

36.0714, 37.8057,  
18.7548

146.4633,  
153.7253, 104.8286

24.6597, 25.8319,  
11.3182

181.7659,  
190.8102, 134.7513

15.9511, 16.6979,  
6.1644

222.3290,  
233.4256, 169.8866

9.5802, 10.0194,  
2.8749

268.5180,  
281.9559, 210.6530

5.1816, 5.4118,  
1.0311

320.6983,

2.3901, 2.4908,

336.7857, 257.4691

0.0000

379.2352,  
398.2991, 310.7534

■ 0.8402, 0.8720,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 68.4654, 71.8102,  
42.1505

■ 68.4654, 71.8102,  
42.1505

■ 64.7381, 67.3630,  
31.6367

■ 72.6955, 76.5967,  
54.8858

■ 61.4823, 63.2332,  
23.2086

■ 77.4469, 81.7239,  
69.9589

■ 58.6711, 59.4109,  
16.7221

■ 82.7435, 87.2056,  
87.4831

■ 56.2723, 55.8815,  
12.0129

■ 88.6063, 93.0516,  
107.5629

■ 54.2484, 52.6281,  
8.8893

■ 90.9456, 97.6278,  
108.6585

■ 52.5534, 49.6305,  
7.1144

■ 91.1182, 97.9731,  
108.7160

■ 51.8893, 48.3953,  
6.6064

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76.3608, 71.8102, 46.3587



68.4654, 71.8102, 42.1505



61.0812, 71.8102, 45.9320

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.4654, 71.8102, 42.1505



55.7911, 71.8102, 101.4883



82.2059, 71.8102, 102.7432

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68.4654, 71.8102, 42.1505



47.1668, 47.5652, 92.2830

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



75.9662, 71.8102, 122.8329



68.4654, 71.8102, 42.1505



60.7412, 71.8102, 122.0152

# Square

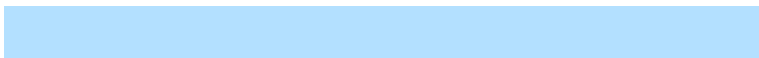
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.4654, 71.8102, 42.1505



54.1151, 71.8102, 77.5843



68.0419, 71.8102, 130.4815



84.6619, 71.8102, 78.7971



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.4654, 71.8102, 42.1505



57.3494, 71.8102, 52.9889



68.0419, 71.8102, 130.4815



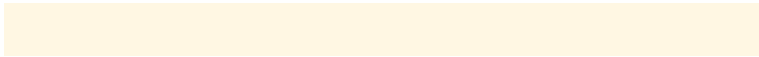
80.4588, 71.8102, 110.3292

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.4672, 71.8135, 42.1520



88.2426, 93.0921, 85.9545



57.9233, 46.7708, 50.8299



18.7191, 19.7505, 17.8429



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.4672, 71.8135, 42.1520



72.5624, 75.6843, 37.7139



69.9893, 83.4017, 44.3085



17.4723, 18.4286, 17.4338



28.3396, 26.5648, 3.6339



2.5803, 2.5138, 0.3492



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.1668, 47.5652, 92.2830



45.7315, 45.1569, 100.9136



45.9316, 39.6911, 90.8282



15.9847, 16.7338, 20.9300



10.2747, 6.3431, 47.2208



0.9890, 0.7295, 4.1789



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 68.4654, 71.8102, 42.1505 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 68.4654, 71.8102, 42.1505 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

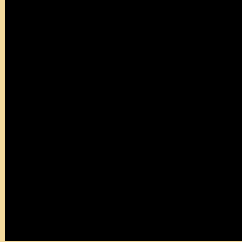
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 68.4654, 71.8102, 42.1505

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 68.4654, 71.8102, 42.1505.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 68.4654, 71.8102,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

68.4654, 71.8102, 42.1505

### Protanopia

66.6898, 71.6595, 42.6645

### Deuteranopia

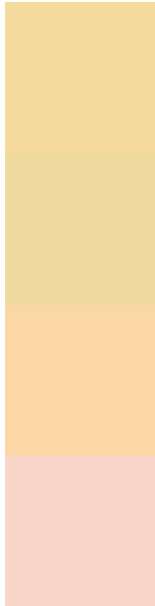
72.3849, 71.7888, 48.5696



## Tritanopia

76.5360, 71.7326, 81.0461

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

68.4654, 71.8102, 42.1505

## Protanomaly

67.4383, 71.6569, 42.6245

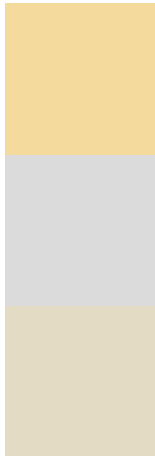
## Deuteranomaly

70.9670, 71.8633, 46.2070

## Tritanomaly

73.0357, 71.3968, 64.5752

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

68.4654, 71.8102, 42.1505

## Achromatopsia

67.3311, 70.8376, 77.1421

## Achromatomaly

67.2902, 71.1425, 62.4099

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 68.4654, 71.8102, 42.1505 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(244, 218, 157)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(244, 218, 157)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(244, 218, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(244, 218, 157) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 68.4654, 71.8102, 42.1505 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(244, 218, 157) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(244, 218, 157) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(244, 218, 157)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(244, 218, 157); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 218, 157);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 218,  
157) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 68.4654, 71.8102, 42.1505 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(244, 218, 157) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(244,  
218, 157) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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