

Converting Colors

XYZ(68.6430, 87.5801,
137.0661)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(68.6430, 87.5801, 137.0661)
contains.

XYZ(61.8360, 82.8776, 107.3456)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(61.8360, 82.8776,
107.3456)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7AFFFF
RGB	122, 255, 255
RGB Percent	48%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.5215, 0.0000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.52, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	180°, 100%, 74%
HSV	180°, 52%, 100%
XYZ	61.8360, 82.8776, 107.3456
YIQ	215.2330, -79.2680, -28.1960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

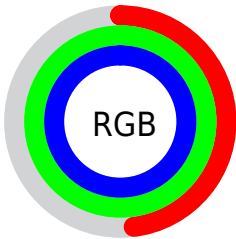
Format	Color
RYB	122, 189, 255
Decimal	8060927
CIELab	92.96, -36.41, -11.19
CIELCh	93, 38.091, 197.085
Yxy	82.8776, 0.2453, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286251007 (0xFF7AFFFF)
YUV	215.2330, 19.6051, -81.7653
Hunter-Lab	91.0371, -38.0708, -6.1853

Details

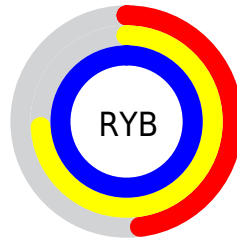
The XYZ color **61.8360, 82.8776, 107.3456** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **51.7135, 36.5858, 22.7504**, and the grayscale version is **64.6594, 68.0267, 74.0811**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73.5772, 88.9303, 107.8951**, and **31.8033, 45.1954, 60.4735** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.6873, 81.2543, 107.1983**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.9335, 84.9899, 107.5374**.

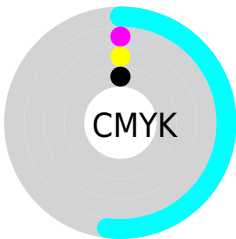
Distribution



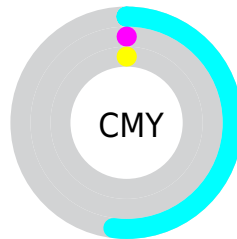
- Red (48%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 61.8360, 82.8776, 107.3456 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 61.8360, 82.8776, 107.3456 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

61.8360, 82.8776,
107.3456

61.8360, 82.8776,
107.3456

421.0597,
504.5785, 604.9420

45.1553, 62.0892,
81.7982

106.5797,
137.4040, 173.3553

31.7816, 45.1048,
60.6644

135.3735,
171.9108, 214.6546

21.3494, 31.5400,
43.5256

168.9356,
211.7592, 262.0417

13.4936, 21.0104,
29.9632

207.6315,
257.3335, 315.9351

7.8486, 13.1316,
19.5589

251.8265,
309.0182, 376.7532

4.0492, 7.5192,
11.8939

301.8860,

1.7300, 3.7889,

367.1977, 444.9147

6.5498

358.1753,
432.2563, 520.8381

■ 0.4750, 1.5562,
3.1080

■ 0.0000, 0.3278,
1.1501

■ 61.8360, 82.8776,
107.3456

■ 61.8360, 82.8776,
107.3456

■ 58.6873, 81.2543,
107.1983

■ 65.9335, 84.9899,
107.5374

■ 56.4090, 80.0798,
107.0916

■ 71.0449, 87.6249,
107.7766

■ 54.9146, 79.3094,
107.0217

■ 77.2323, 90.8146,
108.0661

■ 54.0986, 78.8888,
106.9835

■ 84.5523, 94.5882,
108.4087

■ 53.8100, 78.7400,
106.9700

■ 93.0575, 98.9728,
108.8068

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.5293, 82.8776, 78.5191



61.8360, 82.8776, 107.3456



66.4297, 82.8776, 136.7041

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.8360, 82.8776, 107.3456



93.6595, 82.8776, 133.0123



83.1345, 82.8776, 46.6149

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.8360, 82.8776, 107.3456



51.7135, 36.5858, 22.7504

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.5570, 82.8776, 55.7138



61.8360, 82.8776, 107.3456



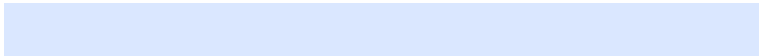
98.9695, 82.8776, 103.0721

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.8360, 82.8776, 107.3456



84.5387, 82.8776, 153.5330



98.5498, 82.8776, 75.0549



73.2749, 82.8776, 47.2837

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.8360, 82.8776, 107.3456



71.5433, 82.8776, 150.8279



98.5498, 82.8776, 75.0549



86.4733, 82.8776, 48.5355

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.8369, 82.8780, 107.3457



81.6000, 93.0663, 108.2705



47.3001, 77.0633, 30.7960



17.1427, 19.7535, 23.1592



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.8369, 82.8780, 107.3457



58.4621, 81.1382, 107.1877



44.1677, 47.5397, 101.4559



18.5550, 20.4815, 23.2253



28.1169, 41.1433, 55.8941



2.7376, 4.0060, 5.4422

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.2502, 42.4005, 99.3001



63.3239, 36.5478, 98.3246



62.8441, 58.8470, 26.4606



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



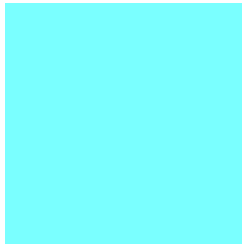
30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 61.8360, 82.8776, 107.3456 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

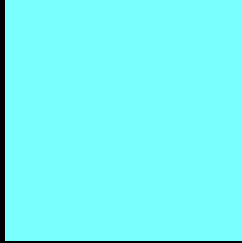
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 61.8360, 82.8776, 107.3456 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 61.8360, 82.8776, 107.3456

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 61.8360, 82.8776, 107.3456.

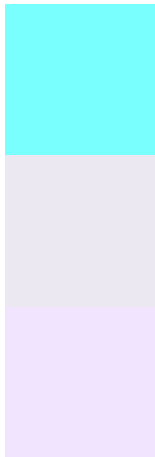


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 61.8360, 82.8776,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61.8360, 82.8776, 107.3456

Protanopia

78.9947, 81.7263, 94.8304

Deuteranopia

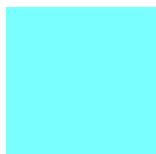
82.0690, 81.4076, 105.9955



Tritanopia

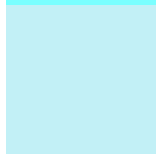
70.8942, 82.4862, 106.7926

Trichromacy



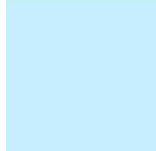
Original Color

61.8360, 82.8776, 107.3456



Protanomaly

70.0428, 80.4433, 99.0242



Deuteranomaly

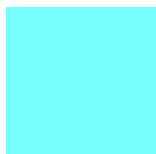
71.9132, 80.3748, 106.3314



Tritanomaly

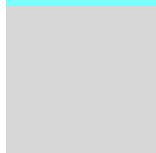
66.7217, 82.1413, 106.9460

Monochromacy



Original Color

61.8360, 82.8776, 107.3456



Achromatopsia

64.5905, 67.9542, 74.0022



Achromatomaly

61.6358, 72.1306, 85.5369

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 61.8360, 82.8776, 107.3456 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 255, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 255, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 255, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 61.8360, 82.8776, 107.3456 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 255, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 255, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(122, 255, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(122, 255, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 255, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 255,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 61.8360, 82.8776, 107.3456 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 255, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122,  
255, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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