

# Converting Colors

XYZ(68.6996, 86.4305, 76.8900)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(68.6996, 86.4305, 76.8900)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(68.8146, 86.6858,  
76.7235)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BEFED6
RGB	190, 254, 214
RGB Percent	75%, 100%, 84%
CMY	0.2549, 0.0039, 0.1608
CMYK	0.25, 0.00, 0.16, 0.00
HSL	142°, 97%, 87%
HSV	142°, 25%, 100%
XYZ	68.8146, 86.6858, 76.7235
YIQ	230.3040, -25.3040, -26.0080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

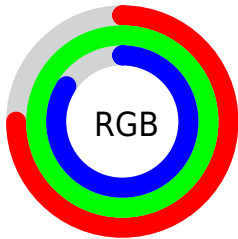
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	190, 237, 254
Decimal	12517078
CIELab	94.60, -27.77, 12.73
CIELCh	95, 30.551, 155.384
Yxy	86.6858, 0.2963, 0.3733
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290707158 (0xFFBEFED6)
YUV	230.3040, -8.0379, -35.3466
Hunter-Lab	93.1052, -31.0037, 16.3156

# Details

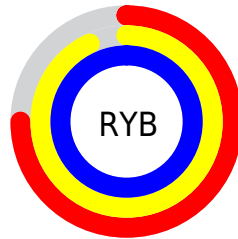
The XYZ color **68.8146, 86.6858, 76.7235** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **73.5724, 63.6129, 83.2673**, and the grayscale version is **75.5119, 79.4444, 86.5150**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.1678, 98.5142, 108.7651**, and **36.2159, 47.5866, 40.0772** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61.0853, 82.9266, 66.2895**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77.8518, 91.1013, 88.2540**.

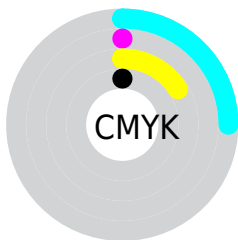
# Distribution



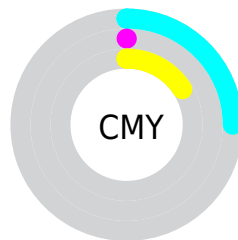
- Red (75%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 68.8146, 86.6858, 76.7235 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 68.8146, 86.6858, 76.7235 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 68.8146, 86.6858,  
76.7235

 68.8146, 86.6858,  
76.7235


445.7084,  
517.1899, 503.2334

 50.8368, 65.2352,  
56.5158


 116.5522,  
142.7261, 130.5185

 36.2993, 47.6518,  
40.2098


147.0428,  
178.0846, 164.9429

 24.8366, 33.5513,  
27.3871


182.4351,  
218.8479, 204.9433

 16.0834, 22.5491,  
17.6292

223.0943,  
265.4004, 250.9381

 9.6744, 14.2609,  
10.5174

269.3859,  
318.1264, 303.3460

 5.2442, 8.3024,  
5.6333

321.6752,

 2.4275, 4.2890,

377.4104, 362.5855

2.5582

380.3276,  
443.6368, 429.0751

■ 0.8588, 1.8365,  
0.8708

■ 0.0000, 0.5098,  
0.0000

■ 68.8146, 86.6858,  
76.7235

■ 68.8146, 86.6858,  
76.7235

■ 61.0853, 82.9266,  
66.2895

■ 77.8518, 91.1013,  
88.2540

■ 54.5939, 79.7809,  
56.9138

■ 88.2485, 96.1917,  
100.9062

■ 49.2743, 77.2179,  
48.5645

■ 94.7334, 99.3669,  
108.7945

■ 45.0512, 75.1993,  
41.2059

■ 41.8400, 73.6823,  
34.7999

■ 39.5427, 72.6172,  
29.3059

■ 38.0396, 71.9432,  
24.6799

■ 37.5203, 71.7176,  
22.7511

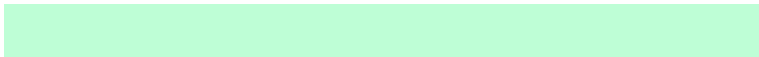
# Harmonies

## Analogous

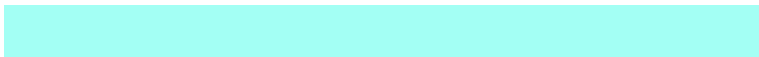
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73.5562, 86.6858, 62.0219



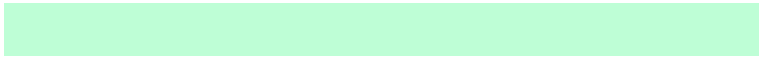
68.8146, 86.6858, 76.7235



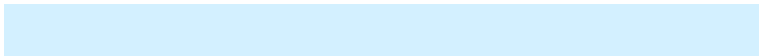
67.6071, 86.6858, 98.7072

# Triad

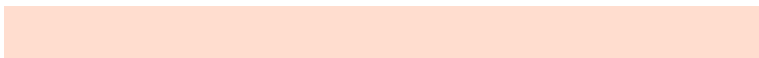
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.8146, 86.6858, 76.7235



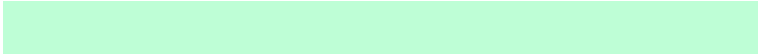
83.8875, 86.6858, 147.1366



95.9927, 86.6858, 70.4793

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68.8146, 86.6858, 76.7235



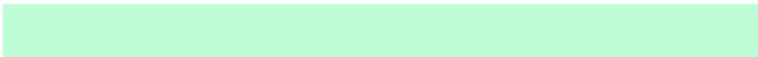
73.5724, 63.6129, 83.2673

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



99.1897, 86.6858, 90.1930



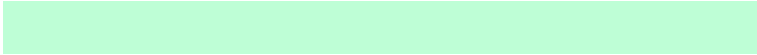
68.8146, 86.6858, 76.7235



91.9090, 86.6858, 136.4118

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.8146, 86.6858, 76.7235



75.9690, 86.6858, 141.9259



97.6478, 86.6858, 114.5705

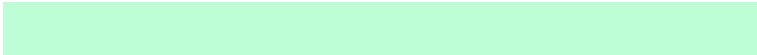


89.1677, 86.6858, 58.8598



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.8146, 86.6858, 76.7235



68.8943, 86.6858, 115.1993



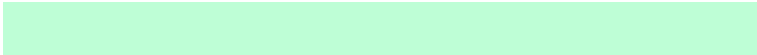
97.6478, 86.6858, 114.5705



97.5473, 86.6858, 76.2441

# Sweetspot

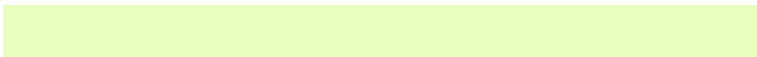
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.8170, 86.6894, 76.7254



85.9536, 95.5400, 98.1120



77.5437, 91.5167, 62.2937



18.0533, 20.2808, 20.5835



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

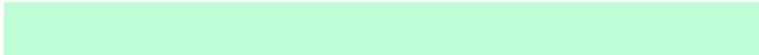


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

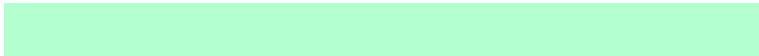


# Same Dimension

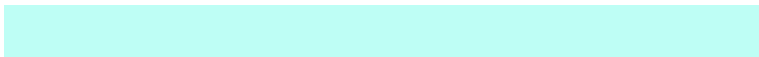
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.8170, 86.6894, 76.7254



65.5203, 85.5584, 72.2122



73.2326, 88.4557, 99.9779



18.0533, 20.2808, 20.5835



19.8458, 37.8349, 12.3393



1.9832, 3.7042, 1.4695



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73.5724, 63.6129, 83.2673



71.0306, 58.8084, 79.7848



69.5437, 62.0015, 62.0527



18.4869, 18.1781, 21.1811



24.9107, 12.4536, 18.7122

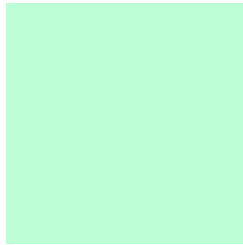


2.4785, 1.2338, 2.1012



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 68.8146, 86.6858, 76.7235 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

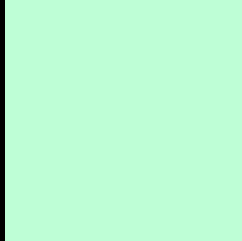
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 68.8146, 86.6858, 76.7235 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 68.8146, 86.6858, 76.7235**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 68.8146, 86.6858, 76.7235.



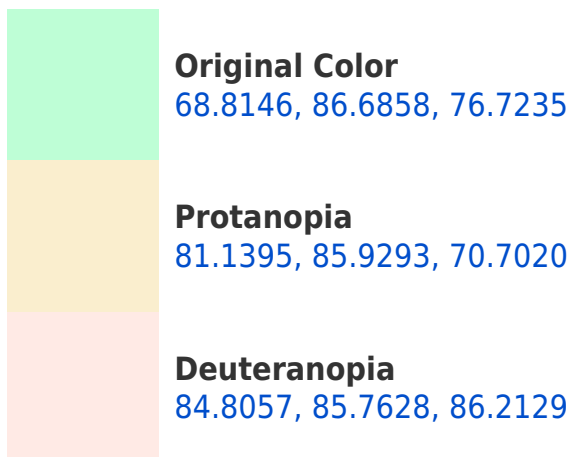
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 68.8146, 86.6858,

76.7235.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





## Tritanopia

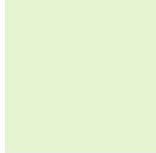
79.0140, 86.2266, 107.0867

# Trichromacy



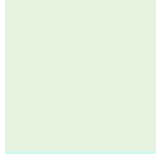
## Original Color

68.8146, 86.6858, 76.7235



## Protanomaly

75.8542, 85.7988, 72.8845



## Deuteranomaly

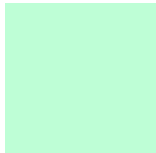
77.8648, 85.2813, 82.8780



## Tritanomaly

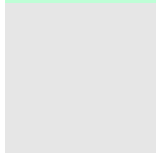
75.0014, 86.2227, 95.1277

# Monochromacy



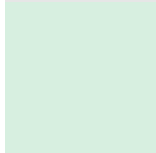
## Original Color

68.8146, 86.6858, 76.7235



## Achromatopsia

75.2129, 79.1298, 86.1723



## Achromatomaly

72.3454, 81.5619, 82.4510

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 68.8146, 86.6858, 76.7235 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(190, 254, 214)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(190, 254, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(190, 254, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(190, 254, 214) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 68.8146, 86.6858, 76.7235 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(190, 254, 214) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(190, 254, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(190, 254, 214)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(190, 254, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 254, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 254,  
214) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 68.8146, 86.6858, 76.7235 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(190, 254, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(190,  
254, 214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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