

# Converting Colors

XYZ(68.8863, 70.8663,  
101.1839)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(68.8863, 70.8663, 101.1839)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(68.7785, 70.6632,  
101.2811)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D1DAFB
RGB	209, 218, 251
RGB Percent	82%, 85%, 98%
CMY	0.1804, 0.1451, 0.0157
CMYK	0.17, 0.13, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	227°, 84%, 90%
HSV	227°, 17%, 98%
XYZ	68.7785, 70.6632, 101.2811
YIQ	219.0710, -15.9570, 8.3550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

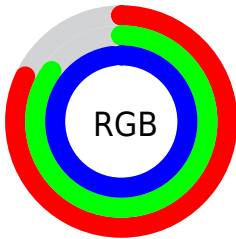
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	209, 216, 251
Decimal	13753083
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	87.32, 3.54, -17.09
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	87, 17.456, 281.707
Yxy	70.6632, 0.2857, 0.2935
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291943163 (0xFFD1DAFB)
YUV	219.0710, 15.7410, -8.8323
Hunter-Lab	84.0614, -1.0599, -12.5924

# Details

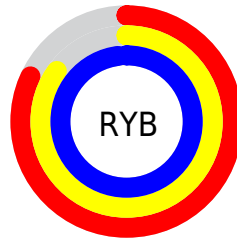
The XYZ color **68.7785, 70.6632, 101.2811** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **83.0449, 88.6167, 73.0510**, and the grayscale version is **67.2852, 70.7893, 77.0895**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **36.1612, 36.9595, 56.2669** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57.4158, 57.6619, 99.3716**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81.8727, 85.4639, 103.4489**.

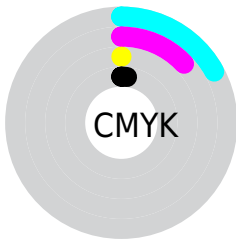
# Distribution



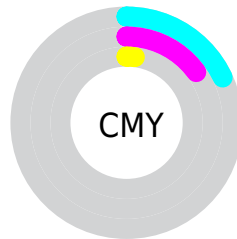
- Red (82%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 68.7785, 70.6632, 101.2811 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 68.7785, 70.6632, 101.2811 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 68.7785, 70.6632,  
101.2811

■ 68.7785, 70.6632,  
101.2811

445.5830,  
462.8752, 585.5740

■ 50.8073, 52.0674,  
76.7480

116.5010,  
120.1540, 164.9838

■ 36.2757, 37.0588,  
56.5358

146.9829,  
151.8179, 204.9905

■ 24.8183, 25.2530,  
40.2258

182.3659,  
188.6065, 250.9922

■ 16.0697, 16.2657,  
27.3995

223.0152,  
230.9043, 303.4074

■ 9.6647, 9.7123,  
17.6384

269.2962,  
279.0956, 362.6546

■ 5.2378, 5.2086,  
10.5239

321.5743,

■ 2.4236, 2.3702,

333.5650, 429.1524

5.6376

380.2147,  
394.6967, 503.3194

■ 0.8569, 0.8105,  
2.5608

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.8721

■ 68.7785, 70.6632,  
101.2811

■ 68.7785, 70.6632,  
101.2811

■ 57.4158, 57.6619,  
99.3716

■ 81.8727, 85.4639,  
103.4489

■ 47.7047, 46.3819,  
97.7062

■ 94.4128, 99.7451,  
105.5445

■ 39.5684, 36.7520,  
96.2763

■ 32.9213, 28.6926,  
95.0710

■ 27.6697, 22.1173,  
94.0786

■ 23.7082, 16.9308,  
93.2863

■ 20.9158, 13.0257,  
92.6797

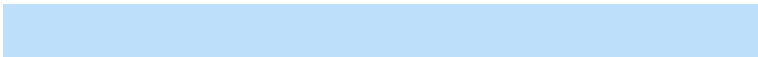
■ 19.1442, 10.2755,  
92.2423

■ 18.7228, 9.5850,  
92.1312

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.7147, 70.6632, 100.4754



68.7785, 70.6632, 101.2811



72.5559, 70.6632, 95.0915

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.7785, 70.6632, 101.2811



73.2335, 70.6632, 62.8516



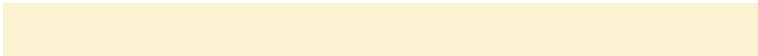
59.9403, 70.6632, 70.0569

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68.7785, 70.6632, 101.2811



83.0449, 88.6167, 73.0510

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



62.0446, 70.6632, 61.2595



68.7785, 70.6632, 101.2811



69.6728, 70.6632, 57.4010

# Square

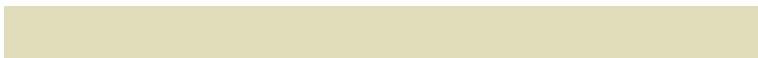
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.7785, 70.6632, 101.2811



75.1972, 70.6632, 72.4415



65.5735, 70.6632, 56.8496



59.7229, 70.6632, 81.6214



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.7785, 70.6632, 101.2811



74.3602, 70.6632, 88.1665



65.5735, 70.6632, 56.8496



60.4464, 70.6632, 66.7098

# Sweetspot

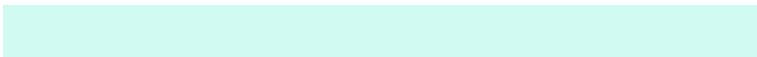
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.7807, 70.6661, 101.2827



87.4011, 91.4360, 107.6501



76.8050, 88.9558, 97.0490



18.4854, 19.3218, 23.0051



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.7807, 70.6661, 101.2827



67.2349, 68.6235, 104.3097



70.0029, 67.9241, 100.6890



16.5846, 17.2459, 21.8400



9.9267, 5.2090, 48.4558



0.9931, 0.6300, 4.5124



# Inverse Universe

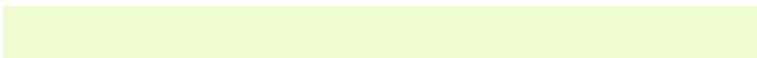
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.2407, 71.1738, 76.1053



75.0898, 69.3485, 73.6720



81.6375, 91.9672, 73.7719



17.3968, 17.2861, 18.6795



21.3026, 10.9368, 3.0359

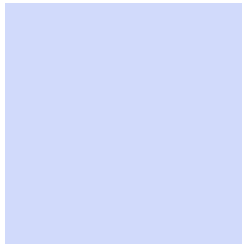


2.0102, 1.0278, 0.4772



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 68.7785, 70.6632, 101.2811 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

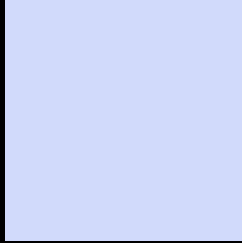
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 68.7785, 70.6632, 101.2811 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

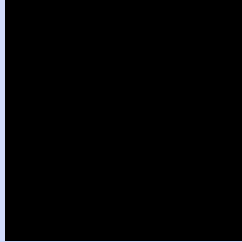
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 68.7785, 70.6632, 101.2811

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 68.7785, 70.6632, 101.2811.



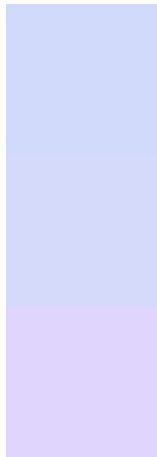
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 68.7785, 70.6632,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

68.7785, 70.6632, 101.2811

### Protanopia

69.5087, 70.6740, 100.4204

### Deuteranopia

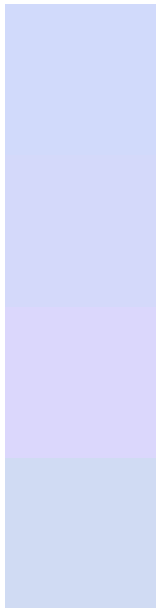
72.1054, 70.4641, 101.8960



## Tritanopia

66.7579, 70.6248, 91.0024

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

68.7785, 70.6632, 101.2811

## Protanomaly

69.2196, 70.5249, 100.4069

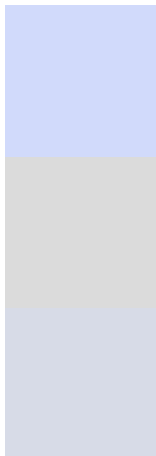
## Deuteranomaly

71.0845, 70.6892, 101.9933

## Tritanomaly

67.5216, 70.5440, 94.8516

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

68.7785, 70.6632, 101.2811

## Achromatopsia

67.3311, 70.8376, 77.1421

## Achromatomaly

67.7797, 70.8796, 85.7101

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 68.7785, 70.6632, 101.2811 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(209, 218, 251)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 218, 251)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 218, 251) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 218, 251) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 68.7785, 70.6632, 101.2811 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 218, 251) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 218, 251) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(209, 218, 251)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(209, 218, 251); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 218, 251);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 218,  
251) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 68.7785, 70.6632, 101.2811 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 218, 251) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209,  
218, 251) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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