

# Converting Colors

XYZ(68.9078, 74.3636,  
105.3295)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(68.9078, 74.3636, 105.3295)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(68.8078, 74.1639,  
105.2963)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C6E3FF
RGB	198, 227, 255
RGB Percent	78%, 89%, 100%
CMY	0.2235, 0.1098, 0.0000
CMYK	0.22, 0.11, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	209°, 100%, 89%
HSV	209°, 22%, 100%
XYZ	68.8078, 74.1639, 105.2963
YIQ	221.5210, -26.2720, 2.5600

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

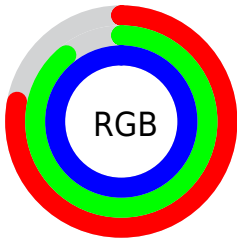
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	198, 217, 255
Decimal	13034495
CIELab	89.00, -3.63, -16.75
CIELCh	89, 17.134, 257.767
Yxy	74.1639, 0.2772, 0.2987
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291224575 (0xFFC6E3FF)
YUV	221.5210, 16.5051, -20.6279
Hunter-Lab	86.1185, -8.0876, -12.2104

# Details

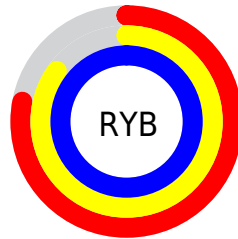
The XYZ color **68.8078, 74.1639, 105.2963** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **78.6293, 79.7293, 64.6730**, and the grayscale version is **68.9959, 72.5890, 79.0495**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **36.2733, 39.4219, 59.1235** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.3420, 64.3839, 103.9074**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **79.6584, 85.0315, 106.8220**.

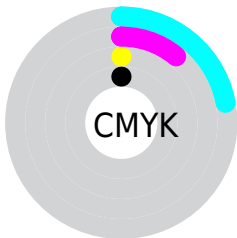
# Distribution



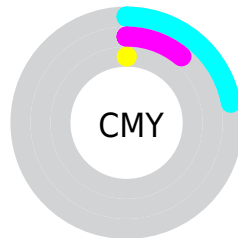
- Red (78%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 68.8078, 74.1639, 105.2963 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 68.8078, 74.1639, 105.2963 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 68.8078, 74.1639,  
105.2963

■ 68.8078, 74.1639,  
105.2963

445.6848,  
475.0388, 598.4340

■ 50.8313, 54.9282,  
80.0896

116.5426,  
125.1281, 170.5318

■ 36.2948, 39.3442,  
59.2655

147.0316,  
157.6254, 211.3976

■ 24.8332, 27.0276,  
42.4054

182.4220,  
195.3121, 258.3202

■ 16.0809, 17.5940,  
29.0909

223.0794,  
238.5724, 311.7182

■ 9.6726, 10.6589,  
18.9035

269.3690,  
287.7909, 372.0100

■ 5.2430, 5.8380,  
11.4244

321.6562,

■ 2.4268, 2.7468,

343.3518, 439.6142

6.2353

380.3063,  
405.6397, 514.9494

■ 0.8585, 1.0010,  
2.9176

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.0527

■ 68.8078, 74.1639,  
105.2963

■ 68.8078, 74.1639,  
105.2963

■ 59.3420, 64.3839,  
103.9074

■ 79.6584, 85.0315,  
106.8220

■ 51.1930, 55.6431,  
102.6498

■ 91.9455, 97.0153,  
108.4875

■ 44.2960, 47.9017,  
101.5190

■ 95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 38.5775, 41.1136,  
100.5102

■ 33.9557, 35.2279,  
99.6177

■ 30.3370, 30.1873,  
98.8355

■ 27.6089, 25.9245,  
98.1565

■ 25.9995, 23.1189,  
97.6998

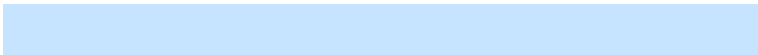
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65.2452, 74.1639, 98.9460



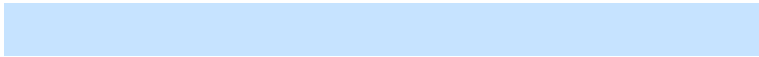
68.8078, 74.1639, 105.2963



72.9619, 74.1639, 104.6139

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.8078, 74.1639, 105.2963



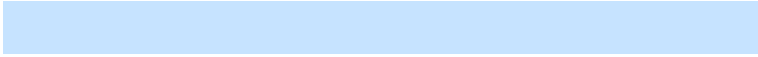
78.3928, 74.1639, 73.9554



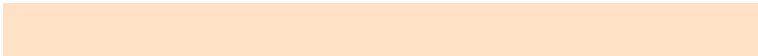
64.7274, 74.1639, 66.3003

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68.8078, 74.1639, 105.2963



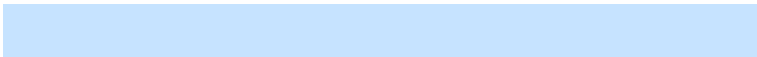
78.6293, 79.7293, 64.6730

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.0757, 74.1639, 60.8259



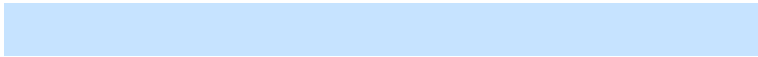
68.8078, 74.1639, 105.2963



76.0098, 74.1639, 64.9371

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.8078, 74.1639, 105.2963



78.6078, 74.1639, 85.7081



72.2005, 74.1639, 60.3528

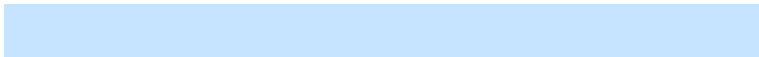


62.9523, 74.1639, 75.9905



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.8078, 74.1639, 105.2963



75.5084, 74.1639, 100.2668



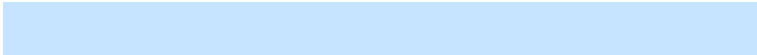
72.2005, 74.1639, 60.3528



65.7001, 74.1639, 63.9491

# Sweetspot

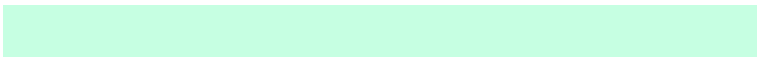
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.8098, 74.1668, 105.2967



86.0517, 91.3034, 107.6957



72.7155, 88.9926, 84.9741



18.2598, 19.3878, 23.0298



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

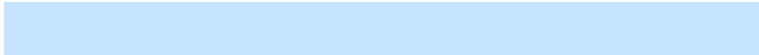


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

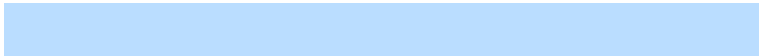


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.8098, 74.1668, 105.2967



64.2409, 69.4873, 104.6343



61.7521, 60.0514, 102.9441



17.7671, 18.9058, 22.9627



13.7352, 12.3799, 51.1002



1.4467, 1.4241, 5.0119



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.3005, 67.1958, 81.6776



71.9060, 61.6712, 76.6481



86.8911, 96.2527, 67.4269



18.3951, 18.1414, 20.6977



23.7211, 11.9777, 12.4476

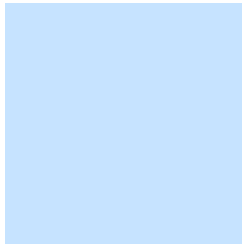


2.3648, 1.1883, 1.5026



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 68.8078, 74.1639, 105.2963 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

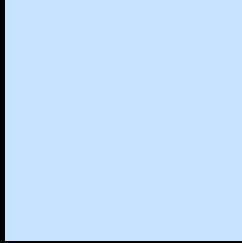
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 68.8078, 74.1639, 105.2963 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

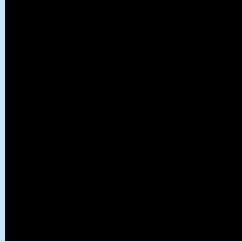
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

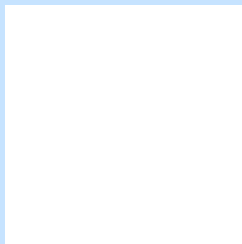
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 68.8078, 74.1639, 105.2963

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 68.8078, 74.1639, 105.2963.



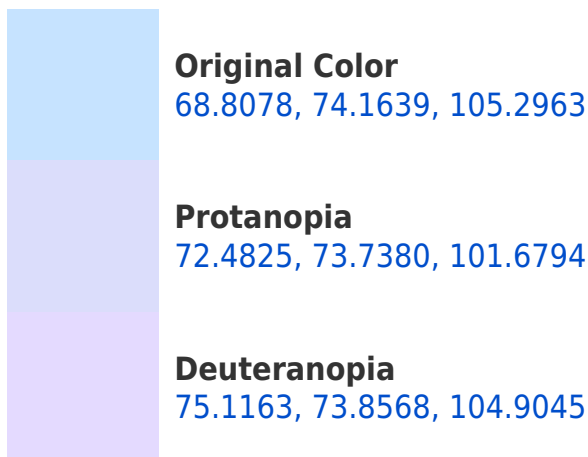
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 68.8078, 74.1639,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

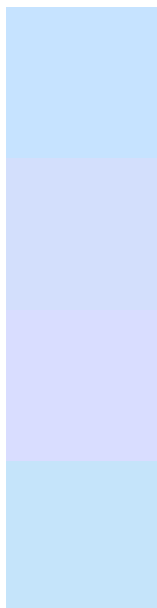




## Tritanopia

67.2969, 73.9380, 98.7202

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

68.8078, 74.1639, 105.2963

## Protanomaly

70.8223, 73.6525, 102.5791

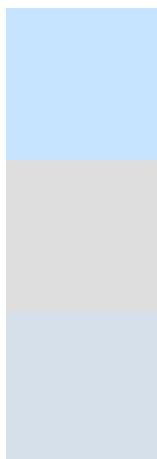
## Deuteranomaly

72.5217, 73.6846, 105.0080

## Tritanomaly

68.0247, 74.2592, 101.1907

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

68.8078, 74.1639, 105.2963

## Achromatopsia

69.4303, 73.0461, 79.5472

## Achromatomaly

68.9475, 73.3980, 88.3752

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 68.8078, 74.1639, 105.2963 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 227, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 227, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 227, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 227, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 68.8078, 74.1639, 105.2963 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 227, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 227, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 227, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 227, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 227, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 227,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 68.8078, 74.1639, 105.2963 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 227, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
227, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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