

# Converting Colors

XYZ(68.9156, 49.6853,  
100.5657)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(68.9156, 49.6853, 100.5657)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(68.7400, 49.5419,  
100.5473)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FB96FF
RGB	251, 150, 255
RGB Percent	98%, 59%, 100%
CMY	0.0157, 0.4117, 0.0000
CMYK	0.02, 0.41, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	298°, 100%, 79%
HSV	298°, 41%, 100%
XYZ	68.7400, 49.5419, 100.5473
YIQ	192.1690, 26.4910, 54.0670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

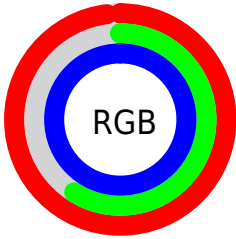
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	251, 150, 255
Decimal	16488191
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	75.79, 53.17, -36.51
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	76, 64.499, 325.528
Yxy	49.5419, 0.3141, 0.2264
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294678271 (0xFFFB96FF)
YUV	192.1690, 30.9757, 51.5948
Hunter-Lab	70.3860, 51.1502, -35.4263

# Details

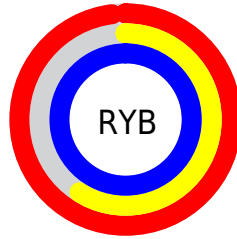
The XYZ color **68.7400, 49.5419, 100.5473** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99FF**. A complement of this color would be **54.5926, 80.5926, 41.5351**, and the grayscale version is **50.0170, 52.6218, 57.3051**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81.3613, 72.6226, 104.3371**, and **36.3682, 23.7804, 56.0993** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64.7565, 42.0920, 99.3193**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **73.6136, 58.7675, 102.0711**.

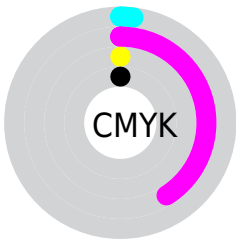
# Distribution



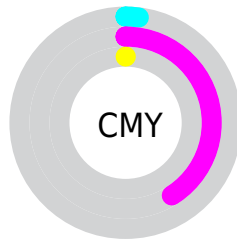
- Red (98%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 68.7400, 49.5419, 100.5473 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 68.7400, 49.5419, 100.5473 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 68.7400, 49.5419,  
100.5473


 68.7400, 49.5419,  
100.5473


445.4492,  
384.8718, 583.2076

 50.7759, 35.0495,  
76.1383


 116.4462, 89.4958,  
163.9675

 36.2506, 23.7010,  
56.0386

 146.9191,  
115.7261, 203.8158

 24.7988, 15.1120,  
39.8296


182.2922,  
146.6378, 249.6475

 16.0551, 8.8980,  
27.0930

222.9309,  
182.6153, 301.8813

 9.6543, 4.6747,  
17.4100

269.2006,  
224.0431, 360.9357

 5.2308, 2.0577,  
10.3622

321.4666,

 2.4195, 0.6407,

271.3055, 427.2292

5.5310

380.0944,  
324.7870, 501.1803

■ 0.8548, 0.0000,  
2.4979

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.8391

■ 68.7400, 49.5419,  
100.5473

■ 68.7400, 49.5419,  
100.5473

■ 64.7565, 42.0920,  
99.3193

■ 73.6136, 58.7675,  
102.0711

■ 61.6006, 36.2954,  
98.3668

■ 79.4255, 69.8680,  
103.9074

■ 59.2087, 32.0245,  
97.6684

■ 86.2260, 82.9429,  
106.0727

■ 57.5064, 29.1299,  
97.1994

■ 94.0602, 98.0827,  
108.5821

■ 56.4041, 27.4327, 95.0500, 100.0000,  
96.9299 108.9000

■ 55.8073, 26.6846,  
96.8170

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.7265, 49.5419, 138.0314



68.7400, 49.5419, 100.5473



73.9816, 49.5419, 59.2502

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.7400, 49.5419, 100.5473



48.9066, 49.5419, 11.2870



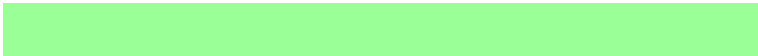
29.2139, 49.5419, 87.6515

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



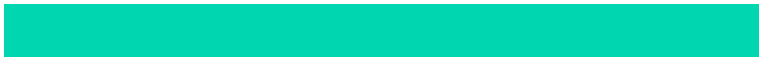
68.7400, 49.5419, 100.5473



54.5926, 80.5926, 41.5351

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.6579, 49.5419, 48.9620



68.7400, 49.5419, 100.5473



37.8442, 49.5419, 13.6315

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.7400, 49.5419, 100.5473



61.3627, 49.5419, 15.7920



30.5396, 49.5419, 24.5612



35.2190, 49.5419, 128.6328



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.7400, 49.5419, 100.5473



72.9451, 49.5419, 38.1420



30.5396, 49.5419, 24.5612



28.2018, 49.5419, 73.5966

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.7415, 49.5440, 100.5476



85.6259, 81.7862, 105.8811



42.3926, 37.2323, 99.5600



18.1273, 17.1201, 22.5990



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.7415, 49.5440, 100.5476



65.5503, 43.5673, 99.5622



63.5020, 47.6164, 65.3589



18.7203, 18.2630, 22.7884



29.1908, 13.9589, 50.5904



2.8627, 1.3697, 4.9268



# Inverse Universe

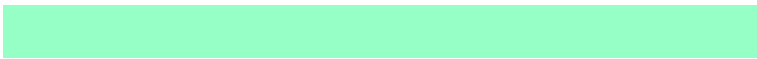
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.9803, 45.4077, 36.2822



53.5890, 38.9824, 27.5508



58.4458, 82.0474, 65.7318



18.0374, 17.9983, 18.8141



21.5887, 11.1248, 1.2186



2.1114, 1.0869, 0.1682



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 68.7400, 49.5419, 100.5473 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

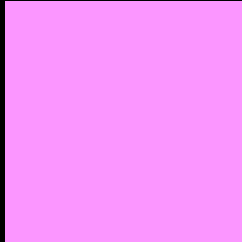
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 68.7400, 49.5419, 100.5473 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

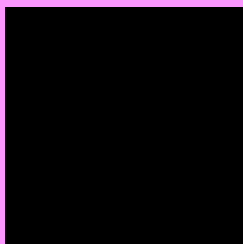
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 68.7400, 49.5419, 100.5473**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 68.7400, 49.5419, 100.5473.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 68.7400, 49.5419,

100.5473.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

68.7400, 49.5419, 100.5473

### Protanopia

50.9160, 49.9173, 101.5592

### Deuteranopia

51.0340, 49.7785, 96.5410



## Tritanopia

58.0485, 49.2279, 49.0903

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

68.7400, 49.5419, 100.5473



## Protanomaly

55.5675, 48.4608, 101.0329



## Deuteranomaly

55.9845, 48.7494, 97.7257

## Tritanomaly

61.4895, 49.0591, 65.2600

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

68.7400, 49.5419, 100.5473



## Achromatopsia

50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028



## Achromatomaly

55.4285, 50.4967, 71.1154

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 68.7400, 49.5419, 100.5473 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(251, 150, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(251, 150, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(251, 150, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(251, 150, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 68.7400, 49.5419, 100.5473 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(251, 150, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(251, 150, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(251, 150, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(251, 150, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 150, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 150,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 68.7400, 49.5419, 100.5473 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(251, 150, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(251,  
150, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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