

# Converting Colors

XYZ(68.9827, 61.1484, 59.9503)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(68.9827, 61.1484, 59.9503)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(69.0735, 61.1666,  
59.7955)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFBCC3
RGB	255, 188, 195
RGB Percent	100%, 74%, 76%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2627, 0.2353
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.24, 0.00
HSL	354°, 100%, 87%
HSV	354°, 26%, 100%
XYZ	69.0735, 61.1666, 59.7955
YIQ	208.8310, 37.6850, 16.3810

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

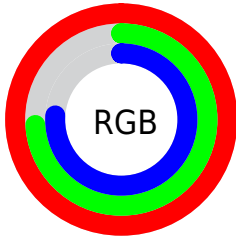
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 188, 195
Decimal	16760003
CIE Lab	82.47, 25.10, 5.99
CIE LCh	82, 25.805, 13.424
Yxy	61.1666, 0.3635, 0.3219
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294950083 (0xFFFFBCC3)
YUV	208.8310, -6.8187, 40.4902
Hunter-Lab	78.2091, 20.7836, 9.4156

# Details

The XYZ color **69.0735, 61.1666, 59.7955** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **73.4447, 88.9898, 102.1170**, and the grayscale version is **60.5214, 63.6732, 69.3402**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.3050, 93.5299, 104.5076**, and **36.3588, 30.8436, 29.2364** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61.7119, 50.2643, 45.5616**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77.7956, 74.1572, 76.4326**.

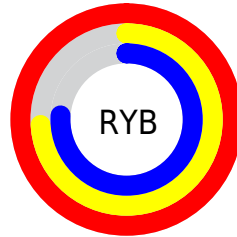
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (74%)

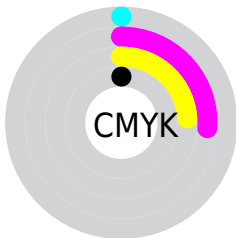
Blue (76%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (74%)

Blue (76%)

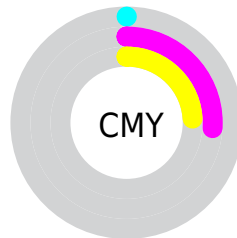


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (24%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (26%)


Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 69.0735, 61.1666, 59.7955 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 69.0735, 61.1666, 59.7955 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 69.0735, 61.1666,  
59.7955

 69.0735, 61.1666,  
59.7955


446.6075,  
428.8846, 441.6273

 51.0484, 44.3596,  
42.8296


 116.9200,  
106.5201, 106.0734

 36.4684, 30.9533,  
29.4210


147.4722,  
135.8355, 136.2225

 24.9679, 20.5633,  
19.1512


182.9308,  
170.0891, 171.6031

 16.1818, 12.8052,  
11.6017

223.6612,  
209.6653, 212.6337

 9.7445, 7.2945,  
6.3539

270.0287,  
254.9486, 259.7329

 5.2909, 3.6470,  
2.9892

322.3987,

 2.4554, 1.4781,

306.3233, 313.3192

1.0891

381.1365,  
364.1738, 373.8112

■ 0.8728, 0.2732,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 69.0735, 61.1666,  
59.7955

■ 69.0735, 61.1666,  
59.7955

■ 61.7119, 50.2643,  
45.5616

■ 77.7956, 74.1572,  
76.4326

■ 55.6375, 41.3335,  
33.6163

■ 87.9373, 89.3283,  
95.5731

■ 50.7774, 34.2587,  
23.8407

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 47.0493, 28.9090,  
16.1042

■ 44.3607, 25.1363,  
10.2617

■ 42.6043, 22.7677,  
6.1489

■ 41.6486, 21.5885,  
3.5728

■ 41.4335, 21.3374,  
2.9490

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.9043, 61.1666, 75.6453



69.0735, 61.1666, 59.7955



66.1838, 61.1666, 47.8295

# Triad

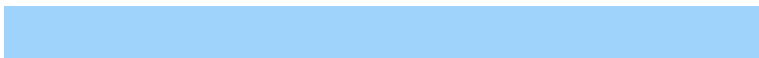
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69.0735, 61.1666, 59.7955



51.1482, 61.1666, 46.8883



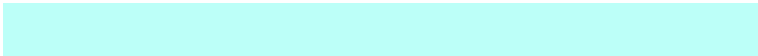
55.1639, 61.1666, 100.1539

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69.0735, 61.1666, 59.7955



73.4447, 88.9898, 102.1170

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.7704, 61.1666, 89.7329



69.0735, 61.1666, 59.7955



48.5543, 61.1666, 58.3062

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



69.0735, 61.1666, 59.7955



55.7098, 61.1666, 41.2123



48.4205, 61.1666, 73.9021



60.6337, 61.1666, 100.7225



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69.0735, 61.1666, 59.7955



63.0114, 61.1666, 42.9642



48.4205, 61.1666, 73.9021



53.5207, 61.1666, 97.6203

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69.0751, 61.1694, 59.7967



86.0806, 86.5465, 92.0823



74.4573, 62.9968, 102.8430



18.0864, 18.0179, 19.0723



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69.0751, 61.1694, 59.7967



64.6956, 54.6749, 51.3560



74.2853, 72.8261, 57.7222



18.0864, 18.0179, 19.0723



21.6748, 11.1592, 1.6719



2.1346, 1.0962, 0.2902



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.0751, 61.1694, 59.7967



64.6956, 54.6749, 51.3560



66.8983, 74.1276, 105.3899



18.0864, 18.0179, 19.0723



21.6748, 11.1592, 1.6719

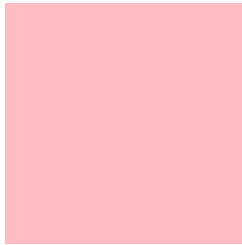


2.1346, 1.0962, 0.2902



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 69.0735, 61.1666, 59.7955 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

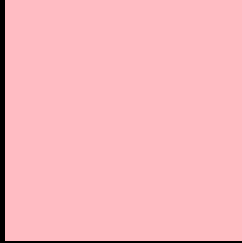
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 69.0735, 61.1666, 59.7955 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

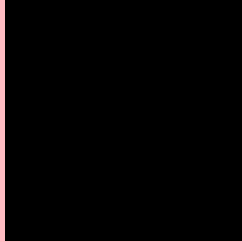
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 69.0735, 61.1666, 59.7955

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 69.0735, 61.1666, 59.7955.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 69.0735, 61.1666,

59.7955.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

69.0735, 61.1666, 59.7955

### Protanopia

59.0249, 61.5776, 65.9015

### Deuteranopia

62.4528, 61.0614, 58.9465



## Tritanopia

69.5529, 61.0177, 63.3701

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

69.0735, 61.1666, 59.7955

## Protanomaly

62.3301, 61.2326, 63.7923

## Deuteranomaly

64.6260, 60.8293, 59.3740

## Tritanomaly

69.3191, 60.9242, 62.1389

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

69.0735, 61.1666, 59.7955

## Achromatopsia

60.6036, 63.7597, 69.4343

## Achromatomaly

63.1498, 62.3017, 65.8238

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 69.0735, 61.1666, 59.7955 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 188, 195)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 188, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 188, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 188, 195) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 69.0735, 61.1666, 59.7955 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 188, 195) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 188, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 188, 195)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 188, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 188, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 188,  
195) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 69.0735, 61.1666, 59.7955 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 188, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
188, 195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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