

# Converting Colors

XYZ(69.0384, 74.2657,  
105.3037)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(69.0384, 74.2657, 105.3037)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(69.0723, 74.3003,  
105.3086)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                      |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex         | C7E3FF                     |
| RGB         | 199, 227, 255              |
| RGB Percent | 78%, 89%, 100%             |
| CMY         | 0.2196, 0.1098, 0.0000     |
| CMYK        | 0.22, 0.11, 0.00, 0.00     |
| HSL         | 210°, 100%, 89%            |
| HSV         | 210°, 22%, 100%            |
| XYZ         | 69.0723, 74.3003, 105.3086 |
| YIQ         | 221.8200, -25.6760, 2.7720 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

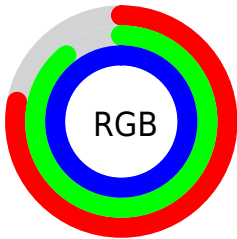
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                   |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>               | 199, 218, 255                  |
| Decimal                             | 13100031                       |
| CIE <sub>Lab</sub>                  | 89.06, -3.33, -16.64           |
| CIE <sub>LCh</sub>                  | 89, 16.972, 258.674            |
| Yxy                                 | 74.3003, 0.2778,<br>0.2988     |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4291290111<br>(0xFFC7E3FF)     |
| YUV                                 | 221.8200, 16.3577,<br>-20.0131 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 86.1976, -7.8093,<br>-12.0969  |

# Details

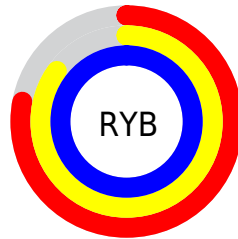
The XYZ color **69.0723, 74.3003, 105.3086** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **79.0178, 80.3209, 65.3735**, and the grayscale version is **69.2071, 72.8113, 79.2915**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **36.4472, 39.5116, 59.1316** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.5065, 64.3845, 103.8989**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80.0341, 85.3227, 106.8584**.

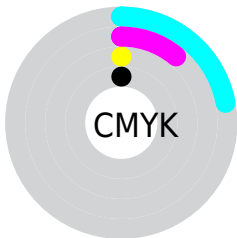
# Distribution



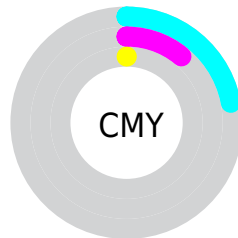
- Red (78%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 69.0723, 74.3003, 105.3086 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 69.0723, 74.3003, 105.3086 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 69.0723, 74.3003,  
105.3086

■ 69.0723, 74.3003,  
105.3086

446.6033,  
475.5092, 598.4732

■ 51.0474, 55.0399,  
80.0998

116.9183,  
125.3214, 170.5487

■ 36.4676, 39.4336,  
59.2738

147.4702,  
157.8509, 211.4172

■ 24.9673, 27.0972,  
42.4121

182.9285,  
195.5721, 258.3426

■ 16.1813, 17.6463,  
29.0962

223.6586,  
238.8696, 311.7435

■ 9.7442, 10.6963,  
18.9074

270.0257,  
288.1276, 372.0385

■ 5.2906, 5.8630,  
11.4272

322.3953,

■ 2.4553, 2.7620,

343.7306, 439.6461

6.2372

381.1327,  
406.0630, 514.9848

■ 0.8728, 1.0088,  
2.9187

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.0533

■ 69.0723, 74.3003,  
105.3086

■ 69.0723, 74.3003,  
105.3086

■ 59.5065, 64.3845,  
103.8989

■ 80.0341, 85.3227,  
106.8584

■ 51.2684, 55.5265,  
102.6233

■ 92.4436, 97.4809,  
108.5511

■ 44.2932, 47.6859,  
101.4775

■ 95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 38.5074, 40.8163,  
100.4565

■ 33.8293, 34.8661,  
99.5546

■ 30.1653, 29.7778,  
98.7655

■ 27.4036, 25.4835,  
98.0822

■ 25.7060, 22.5319,  
97.6020

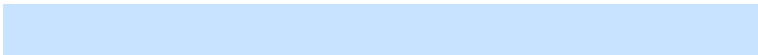
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65.5057, 74.3003, 99.2070



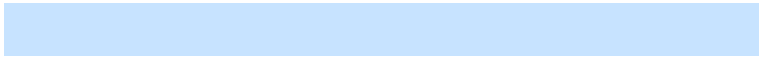
69.0723, 74.3003, 105.3086



73.1931, 74.3003, 104.4119

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69.0723, 74.3003, 105.3086



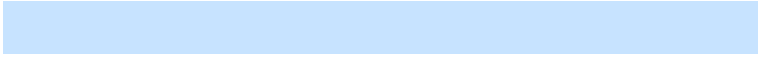
78.4125, 74.3003, 73.8357



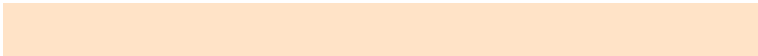
64.8237, 74.3003, 66.7942

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69.0723, 74.3003, 105.3086



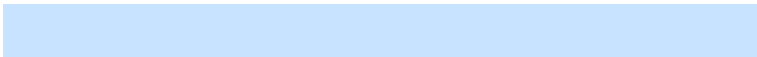
79.0178, 80.3209, 65.3735

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.1083, 74.3003, 61.2133



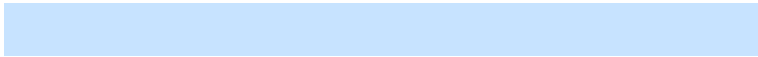
69.0723, 74.3003, 105.3086



75.9942, 74.3003, 64.9969

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



69.0723, 74.3003, 105.3086



78.6953, 74.3003, 85.4490



72.1911, 74.3003, 60.5891

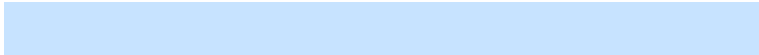


63.1173, 74.3003, 76.5162



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



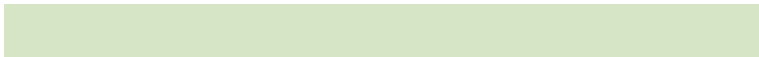
69.0723, 74.3003, 105.3086



75.6990, 74.3003, 99.9840



72.1911, 74.3003, 60.5891



65.7738, 74.3003, 64.4140

# Sweetspot

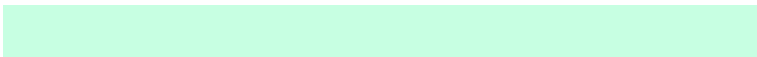
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69.0743, 74.3032, 105.3091



86.0040, 91.2081, 107.6798



73.0508, 89.1573, 85.3595



18.2488, 19.3657, 23.0261



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

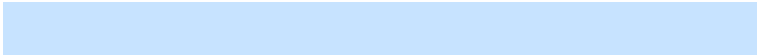


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

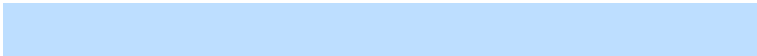


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69.0743, 74.3032, 105.3091



65.0444, 70.1654, 104.7228



62.2435, 60.6416, 103.0321



17.7535, 18.8786, 22.9582



13.5812, 12.0720, 51.0489



1.4316, 1.3938, 5.0069



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.5299, 67.6545, 81.7542



72.5383, 62.7923, 77.3014



87.0121, 96.3096, 68.0382



18.3882, 18.1386, 20.6615



23.6434, 11.9466, 12.0384

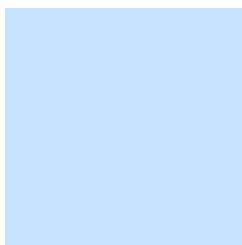


2.3572, 1.1853, 1.4624



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 69.0723, 74.3003, 105.3086 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

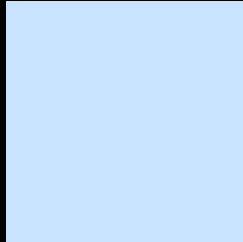
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 69.0723, 74.3003, 105.3086 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

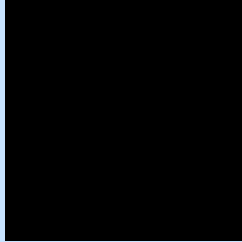
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

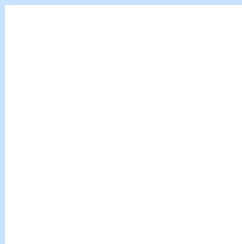
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 69.0723, 74.3003, 105.3086

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 69.0723, 74.3003, 105.3086.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 69.0723, 74.3003,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

69.0723, 74.3003, 105.3086

### Protanopia

72.9054, 74.3309, 102.6002

### Deuteranopia

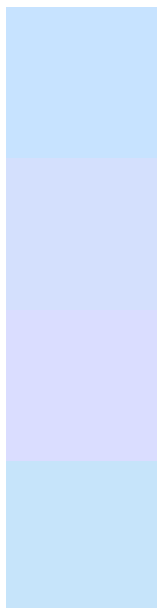
75.4345, 74.0208, 104.9194



## Tritanopia

67.5579, 74.0725, 98.7324

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

69.0723, 74.3003, 105.3086

## Protanomaly

71.5367, 74.4002, 103.5188

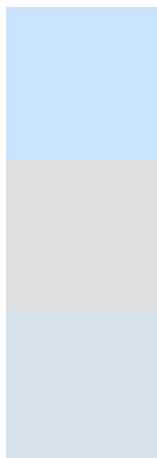
## Deuteranomaly

72.8199, 73.8383, 105.0219

## Tritanomaly

68.2874, 74.3947, 101.2030

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

69.0723, 74.3003, 105.3086

## Achromatopsia

69.4303, 73.0461, 79.5472

## Achromatomaly

69.2385, 73.5480, 88.3888

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 69.0723, 74.3003, 105.3086 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 227, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 227, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 227, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 227, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 69.0723, 74.3003, 105.3086 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 227, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 227, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(199, 227, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(199, 227, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 227, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 227,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 69.0723, 74.3003, 105.3086 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 227, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199,  
227, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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