

# Converting Colors

XYZ(69.0963, 60.5474, 61.8523)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(69.0963, 60.5474, 61.8523)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(69.1077, 60.5013,  
62.0684)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFBAC7
RGB	255, 186, 199
RGB Percent	100%, 73%, 78%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2706, 0.2196
CMYK	0.00, 0.27, 0.22, 0.00
HSL	349°, 100%, 86%
HSV	349°, 27%, 100%
XYZ	69.1077, 60.5013, 62.0684
YIQ	208.1130, 36.9510, 18.6710

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

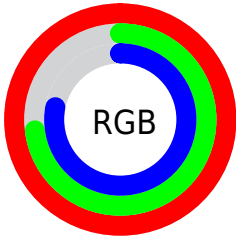
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 186, 199
Decimal	16759495
CIE Lab	82.11, 26.72, 3.32
CIE LCh	82, 26.925, 7.091
Yxy	60.5013, 0.3605, 0.3156
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294949575 (0xFFFFBAC7)
YUV	208.1130, -4.4927, 41.1199
Hunter-Lab	77.7826, 22.4729, 7.1360

# Details

The XYZ color **69.1077, 60.5013, 62.0684** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **72.0389, 88.3710, 97.2687**, and the grayscale version is **60.0402, 63.1670, 68.7888**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.3406, 92.5812, 107.6635**, and **36.3881, 30.4172, 30.7413** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61.9652, 49.8041, 48.6271**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77.5386, 73.2518, 77.5531**.

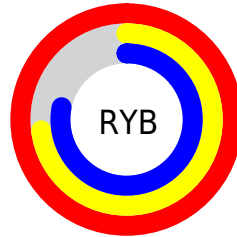
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (73%)

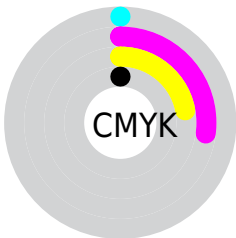
Blue (78%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (73%)

Blue (78%)

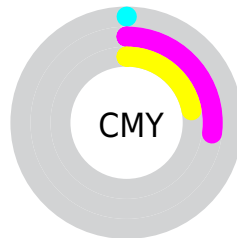


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (22%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (27%)


Yellow (22%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 69.1077, 60.5013, 62.0684 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 69.1077, 60.5013, 62.0684 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 69.1077, 60.5013,  
62.0684

 69.1077, 60.5013,  
62.0684


446.7262,  
426.4431, 450.1951

 51.0764, 43.8228,  
44.6518


 116.9686,  
105.5565, 109.3969

 36.4907, 30.5312,  
30.8423

147.5289,  
134.7021, 140.1460

 24.9853, 20.2422,  
20.2214


182.9963,  
168.7721, 176.1763

 16.1948, 12.5712,  
12.3704

223.7360,  
208.1510, 217.9063

 9.7538, 7.1339,  
6.8709

270.1136,  
253.2231, 265.7547

 5.2970, 3.5460,  
3.3042

322.4942,

 2.4591, 1.4230,

304.3729, 320.1399

1.2520

381.2433,  
361.9848, 381.4805

■ 0.8747, 0.2336,  
0.0220

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 69.1077, 60.5013,  
62.0684

■ 69.1077, 60.5013,  
62.0684

■ 61.9652, 49.8041,  
48.6271

■ 77.5386, 73.2518,  
77.5531

■ 56.0426, 41.0448,  
37.1395

■ 87.3130, 88.1467,  
95.1585

■ 51.2717, 34.1092,  
27.5146

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 47.5756, 28.8675,  
19.6526

■ 44.8678, 25.1730,  
13.4440

■ 43.0478, 22.8536,  
8.7665

■ 41.9902, 21.6904,  
5.4786

■ 41.7741, 21.4736,  
4.7426

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.2271, 60.5013, 78.8954



69.1077, 60.5013, 62.0684



66.7188, 60.5013, 48.6675

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69.1077, 60.5013, 62.0684



51.1316, 60.5013, 43.8342



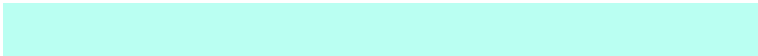
53.3340, 60.5013, 99.3073

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69.1077, 60.5013, 62.0684



72.0389, 88.3710, 97.2687

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.1805, 60.5013, 86.7260



69.1077, 60.5013, 62.0684



47.9690, 60.5013, 54.3733

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



69.1077, 60.5013, 62.0684



56.1595, 60.5013, 39.3305



47.2790, 60.5013, 69.8355



58.8712, 60.5013, 102.2824



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69.1077, 60.5013, 62.0684



63.6811, 60.5013, 42.8384



47.2790, 60.5013, 69.8355



51.7411, 60.5013, 95.9710

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69.1092, 60.5040, 62.0696



86.3316, 86.6470, 93.4045



71.9546, 61.0766, 102.6043



18.1491, 18.0430, 19.4024



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69.1092, 60.5040, 62.0696



65.4207, 54.9649, 55.1743



72.3448, 69.2879, 56.0187



18.1491, 18.0430, 19.4024



21.8676, 11.2363, 2.6871



2.1645, 1.1082, 0.4479



# Inverse Universe

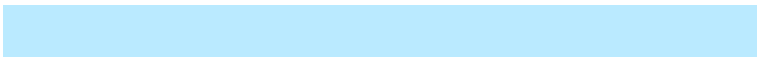
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.1092, 60.5040, 62.0696



65.4207, 54.9649, 55.1743



67.8100, 76.6775, 105.8340



18.1491, 18.0430, 19.4024



21.8676, 11.2363, 2.6871



2.1645, 1.1082, 0.4479



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 69.1077, 60.5013, 62.0684 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 69.1077, 60.5013, 62.0684 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

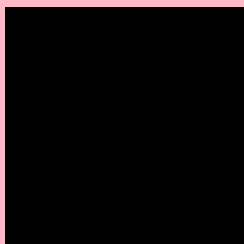
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 69.1077, 60.5013, 62.0684

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 69.1077, 60.5013, 62.0684.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 69.1077, 60.5013,

62.0684.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

69.1077, 60.5013, 62.0684

### Protanopia

58.8336, 61.0546, 69.0054

### Deuteranopia

61.9507, 60.7503, 61.2841



## Tritanopia

69.2242, 60.5479, 62.6820

# Trichromacy



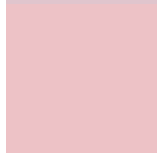
## Original Color

69.1077, 60.5013, 62.0684



## Protanomaly

61.7262, 60.1876, 66.1217



## Deuteranomaly

64.4099, 60.6653, 61.7409



## Tritanomaly

69.2242, 60.5479, 62.6820

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

69.1077, 60.5013, 62.0684



## Achromatopsia

59.9535, 63.0757, 68.6895



## Achromatomaly

62.7251, 61.7239, 66.3655

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 69.1077, 60.5013, 62.0684 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(255, 186, 199) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 186, 199)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 186, 199) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 186, 199) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 69.1077, 60.5013, 62.0684 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 186, 199) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 186, 199) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 186, 199)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 186, 199); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 186, 199);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 186,  
199) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 69.1077, 60.5013, 62.0684 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 186, 199) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
186, 199) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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