

# Converting Colors

XYZ(69.1485, 72.2162, 77.9044)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(69.1485, 72.2162, 77.9044)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(69.2519, 72.2010,  
77.9964)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E0DCDC
RGB	224, 220, 220
RGB Percent	88%, 86%, 86%
CMY	0.1216, 0.1372, 0.1372
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.02, 0.12
HSL	0°, 6%, 87%
HSV	0°, 2%, 88%
XYZ	69.2519, 72.2010, 77.9964
YIQ	221.1960, 2.3840, 0.8480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

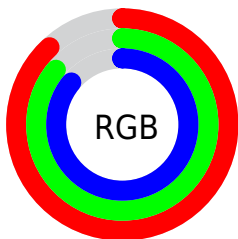
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	224, 220, 220
Decimal	14736604
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	88.07, 1.36, 0.47
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	88, 1.441, 19.097
Yxy	72.2010, 0.3156, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292926684 (0xFFE0DCDC)
YUV	221.1960, -0.5896, 2.4591
Hunter-Lab	84.9712, -3.2212, 5.0566

# Details

The XYZ color **69.2519, 72.2010, 77.9964** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **69.6253, 73.9077, 81.1178**, and the grayscale version is **68.8695, 72.4560, 78.9046**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **36.6089, 38.0619, 41.0145** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60.9968, 60.1240, 61.5756**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **78.6949, 86.0157, 96.7761**.

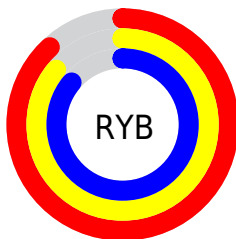
# Distribution



Red (88%)

Green (86%)

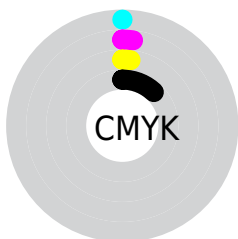
Blue (86%)



Red (88%)

Yellow (86%)

Blue (86%)

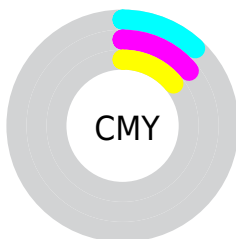


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (12%)



Cyan (12%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (14%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 69.2519, 72.2010, 77.9964 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 69.2519, 72.2010, 77.9964 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 69.2519, 72.2010,  
77.9964

■ 69.2519, 72.2010,  
77.9964

447.2264,  
468.2409, 507.6822

■ 51.1943, 53.3229,  
57.5546

117.1734,  
122.3423, 132.3309

■ 36.5849, 38.0606,  
41.0383

147.7680,  
154.3742, 167.0606

■ 25.0585, 26.0297,  
28.0291

183.2722,  
191.5595, 207.3901

■ 16.2496, 16.8459,  
18.1084

224.0515,  
234.2826, 253.7378

■ 9.7929, 10.1247,  
10.8576

270.4713,  
282.9279, 306.5223

■ 5.3231, 5.4817,  
5.8582

322.8967,

■ 2.4747, 2.5326,

337.8798, 366.1622

2.6916

381.6933,  
399.5227, 433.0760

■ 0.8825, 0.8929,  
0.9392

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 69.2519, 72.2010,  
77.9964

■ 69.2519, 72.2010,  
77.9964

■ 60.9968, 60.1240,  
61.5756

■ 78.6949, 86.0157,  
96.7761

■ 53.8768, 49.7071,  
47.4160

■ 84.5508, 94.5875,  
108.4086

■ 47.8440, 40.8805,  
35.4201

■ 42.8451, 33.5660,  
25.4812

■ 38.8220, 27.6789,  
17.4841

■ 35.7110, 23.1259,  
11.3016

■ 33.4408, 19.8030,  
6.7919

■ 31.9297, 17.5904,  
3.7920

■ 31.0794, 16.3447,  
2.1064

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



69.2765, 72.2010, 78.9735



69.2519, 72.2010, 77.9964



69.0589, 72.2010, 77.1913

# Triad

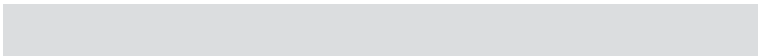
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69.2519, 72.2010, 77.9964



68.1261, 72.2010, 77.3806



68.4998, 72.2010, 80.4897

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69.2519, 72.2010, 77.9964



69.6253, 73.9077, 81.1178

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.1926, 72.2010, 80.0553



69.2519, 72.2010, 77.9964



67.9774, 72.2010, 78.2568

# Square

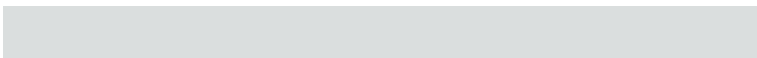
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



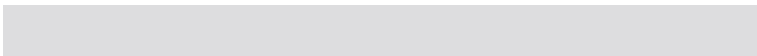
69.2519, 72.2010, 77.9964



68.4087, 72.2010, 76.8379



68.0017, 72.2010, 79.2361



68.8415, 72.2010, 80.4185



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



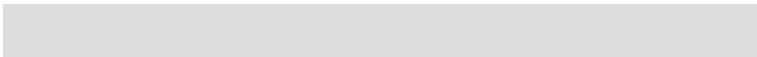
69.2519, 72.2010, 77.9964



68.8612, 72.2010, 76.8580



68.0017, 72.2010, 79.2361



68.3891, 72.2010, 80.3978

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69.2539, 72.2041, 77.9980



93.8348, 98.2222, 106.4829



69.7892, 72.4166, 80.8214



20.0973, 21.0423, 22.8172



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69.2539, 72.2041, 77.9980



92.6357, 96.4680, 104.0980



69.7810, 73.2582, 78.1736



15.0911, 15.7255, 16.9792



17.8950, 9.2279, 0.8380



1.2408, 0.6404, 0.0582



# Inverse Universe

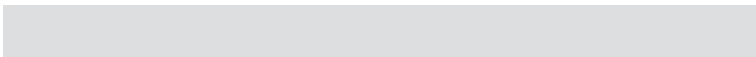
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.6253, 73.9077, 81.1178



93.1970, 99.0424, 108.8128



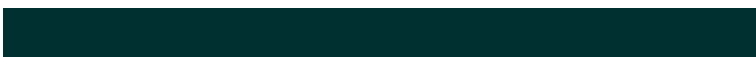
69.0920, 72.8411, 80.9401



15.1767, 16.1185, 17.6990



23.3142, 34.0980, 46.4011

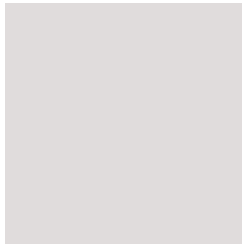


1.6164, 2.3642, 3.2164



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 69.2519, 72.2010, 77.9964 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 69.2519, 72.2010, 77.9964 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

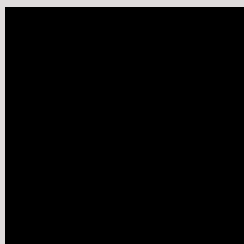
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

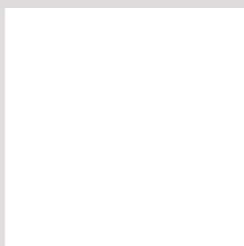
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 69.2519, 72.2010, 77.9964

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 69.2519, 72.2010, 77.9964.



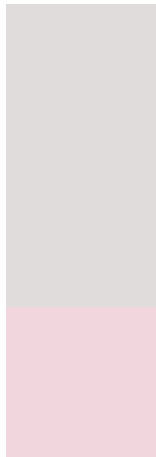
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 69.2519, 72.2010,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

69.2519, 72.2010, 77.9964

### Protanopia

69.5628, 72.3613, 78.0109

### Deuteranopia

73.7157, 72.1908, 78.4556



## Tritanopia

71.4308, 72.3097, 88.7896

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

69.2519, 72.2010, 77.9964

## Protanomaly

69.5628, 72.3613, 78.0109

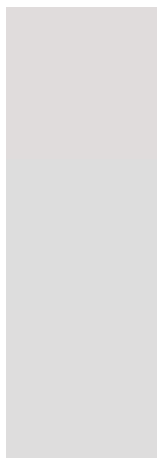
## Deuteranomaly

71.8680, 71.9944, 78.5151

## Tritanomaly

70.6658, 72.3838, 85.1099

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

69.2519, 72.2010, 77.9964

## Achromatopsia

68.7264, 72.3055, 78.7407

## Achromatomaly

69.0318, 72.4630, 78.7550

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 69.2519, 72.2010, 77.9964 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(224, 220, 220) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 220, 220)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 220, 220) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 220, 220) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 69.2519, 72.2010, 77.9964 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 220, 220) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 220, 220) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(224, 220, 220)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 220, 220); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 220, 220);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 220,  
220) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 69.2519, 72.2010, 77.9964 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 220, 220) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224,  
220, 220) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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