

# Converting Colors

XYZ(69.2919, 72.9745, 76.0520)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(69.2919, 72.9745, 76.0520)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(69.3861, 73.0996, 76.0982)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# **Color**

**XYZ(69.3861, 73.0996,  
76.0982)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E0DED9
RGB	224, 222, 217
RGB Percent	88%, 87%, 85%
CMY	0.1216, 0.1294, 0.1490
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.03, 0.12
HSL	43°, 10%, 86%
HSV	43°, 3%, 88%
XYZ	69.3861, 73.0996, 76.0982
YIQ	222.0280, 2.7970, -1.1310

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

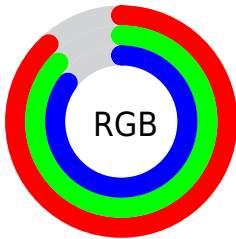
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	220, 224, 217
Decimal	14737113
CIE Lab	88.50, -0.20, 2.68
CIE LCh	88, 2.684, 94.290
Yxy	73.0996, 0.3174, 0.3344
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292927193 (0xFFE0DED9)
YUV	222.0280, -2.4788, 1.7294
Hunter-Lab	85.4983, -4.7605, 7.0774

# Details

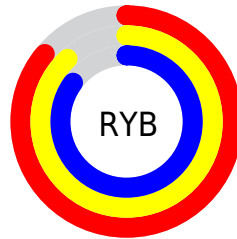
The XYZ color **69.3861, 73.0996, 76.0982** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **67.4013, 70.7955, 80.6343**, and the grayscale version is **69.4682, 73.0860, 79.5906**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **36.7025, 38.6811, 39.7142** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65.0044, 68.6862, 61.2254**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **74.2317, 77.8061, 93.0785**.

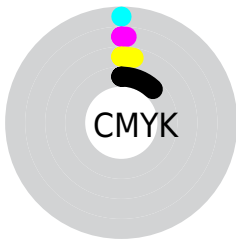
# Distribution



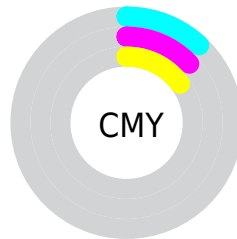
- Red (88%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 69.3861, 73.0996, 76.0982 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 69.3861, 73.0996, 76.0982 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 69.3861, 73.0996,  
76.0982

■ 69.3861, 73.0996,  
76.0982

447.6917,  
471.3599, 501.0396

■ 51.3040, 54.0574,  
56.0059

117.3639,  
123.6186, 129.6271

■ 36.6726, 38.6476,  
39.8036

147.9904,  
155.8642, 163.9007

■ 25.1266, 26.4857,  
27.0728

183.5289,  
193.2797, 203.7386

■ 16.3007, 17.1873,  
17.3950

224.3450,  
236.2495, 249.5591

■ 9.8294, 10.3681,  
10.3516

270.8040,  
285.1581, 301.7810

■ 5.3474, 5.6437,  
5.5241

323.2712,

■ 2.4893, 2.6297,

340.3897, 360.8226

2.4938

382.1120,  
402.3289, 427.1027

■ 0.8899, 0.9416,  
0.8369

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 69.3861, 73.0996,  
76.0982

■ 69.3861, 73.0996,  
76.0982

■ 65.0044, 68.6862,  
61.2254

■ 74.2317, 77.8061,  
93.0785

■ 61.0640, 64.5486,  
48.3719

■ 78.4359, 82.3577,  
106.3703

■ 57.5492, 60.6818,  
37.4499

■ 80.2953, 86.0763,  
106.9901

■ 54.4413, 57.0772,  
28.3636

■ 82.2209, 89.9275,  
107.6320

■ 51.7196, 53.7253,  
21.0090

■ 84.2134, 93.9127,  
108.2962

■ 49.3619, 50.6160,  
15.2712

■ 84.5508, 94.5875,  
108.4086

■ 47.3428, 47.7379,  
11.0219

■ 45.6336, 45.0784,  
8.1127

■ 44.1994, 42.6221,  
6.3644

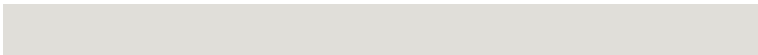
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.0192, 73.0996, 76.4308



69.3861, 73.0996, 76.0982



68.7816, 73.0996, 76.6901

# Triad

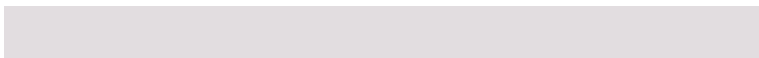
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69.3861, 73.0996, 76.0982



68.4578, 73.0996, 81.6140



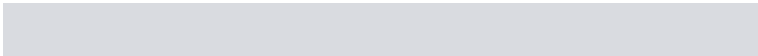
70.6041, 73.0996, 81.1462

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



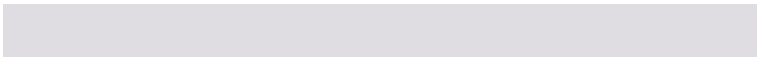
69.3861, 73.0996, 76.0982



67.4013, 70.7955, 80.6343

# Split Complementary

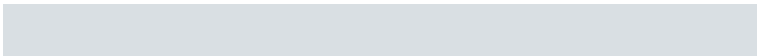
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.1811, 73.0996, 82.5683



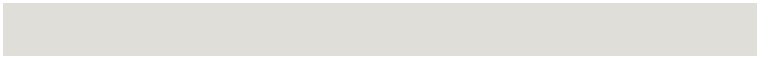
69.3861, 73.0996, 76.0982



68.9415, 73.0996, 82.8413

# Square

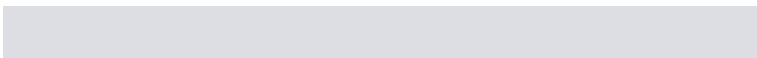
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



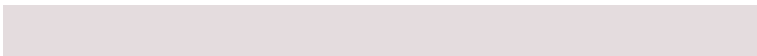
69.3861, 73.0996, 76.0982



68.2477, 73.0996, 79.8594



69.5719, 73.0996, 83.1933



70.7250, 73.0996, 79.3272



# Rectangle

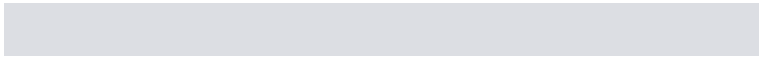
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



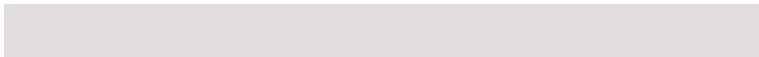
69.3861, 73.0996, 76.0982



68.4753, 73.0996, 77.5347



69.5719, 73.0996, 83.1933



70.4924, 73.0996, 81.6874

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69.3881, 73.1028, 76.0998



94.4106, 99.3738, 106.6749



68.3536, 70.5938, 77.1112



20.2145, 21.2767, 22.8563



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

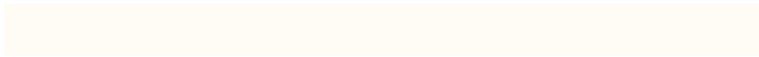


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69.3881, 73.1028, 76.0998



92.5301, 97.5188, 100.1724



69.4893, 73.9465, 76.2573



14.9808, 15.7927, 16.0558



25.3263, 24.0904, 3.3151



1.8306, 1.8201, 0.2548

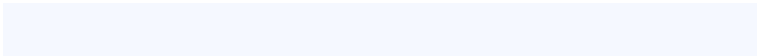


# Inverse Universe

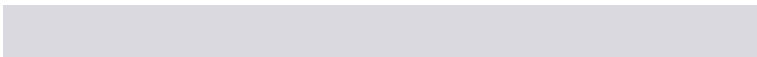
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67.4013, 70.7955, 80.6343



89.1142, 93.5521, 107.9683



67.3016, 69.9758, 80.4814



14.3326, 15.0399, 17.5353



8.9793, 5.4282, 41.6228

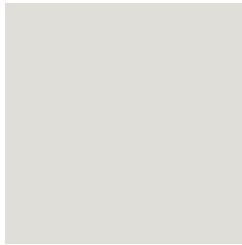


0.6974, 0.5262, 2.9101



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 69.3861, 73.0996, 76.0982 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

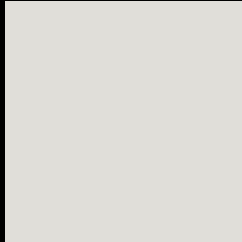
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 69.3861, 73.0996, 76.0982 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

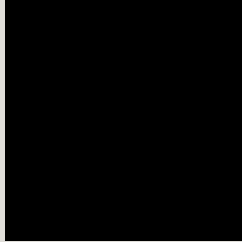
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

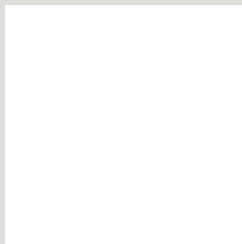
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 69.3861, 73.0996, 76.0982**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 69.3861, 73.0996, 76.0982.



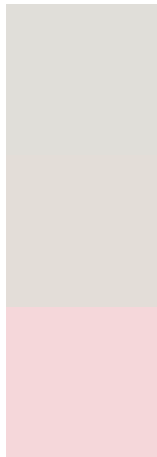
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 69.3861, 73.0996,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

69.3861, 73.0996, 76.0982

### Protanopia

69.9297, 73.0017, 75.3708

### Deuteranopia

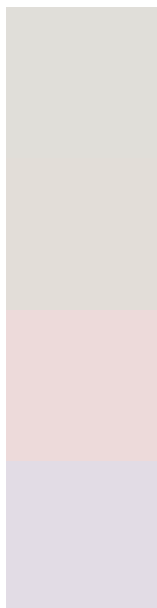
74.6115, 73.0753, 76.5022



## Tritanopia

72.1504, 73.0501, 89.6542

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

69.3861, 73.0996, 76.0982

## Protanomaly

69.6152, 72.8395, 75.3561

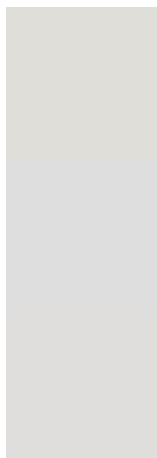
## Deuteranomaly

72.6513, 73.2093, 76.6313

## Tritanomaly

71.1001, 73.0123, 84.4741

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

69.3861, 73.0996, 76.0982

## Achromatopsia

69.4303, 73.0461, 79.5472

## Achromatomaly

69.4710, 73.0978, 78.1579

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 69.3861, 73.0996, 76.0982 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(224, 222, 217) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 222, 217)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 222, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 222, 217) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 69.3861, 73.0996, 76.0982 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 222, 217) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 222, 217) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(224, 222, 217)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 222, 217); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 222, 217);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 222,  
217) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 69.3861, 73.0996, 76.0982 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 222, 217) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224,  
222, 217) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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