

# Converting Colors

XYZ(69.3425, 58.9283,  
101.1267)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(69.3425, 58.9283, 101.1267)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(69.4150, 58.8556,  
101.4676)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ECB7FE
RGB	236, 183, 254
RGB Percent	93%, 72%, 100%
CMY	0.0745, 0.2823, 0.0039
CMYK	0.07, 0.28, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	285°, 97%, 86%
HSV	285°, 28%, 100%
XYZ	69.4150, 58.8556, 101.4676
YIQ	206.9410, 8.7970, 33.3170

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

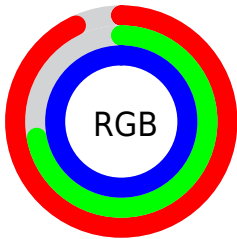
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	236, 183, 254
Decimal	15513598
CIE Lab	81.21, 31.25, -27.75
CIE LCh	81, 41.793, 318.403
Yxy	58.8556, 0.3021, 0.2562
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293703678 (0xFFECB7FE)
YUV	206.9410, 23.2001, 25.4847
Hunter-Lab	76.7174, 27.2539, -24.7157

# Details

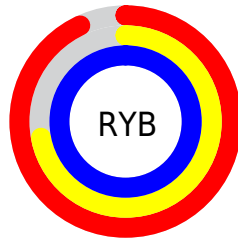
The XYZ color **69.4150, 58.8556, 101.4676** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **68.0783, 86.7214, 57.9533**, and the grayscale version is **59.1233, 62.2023, 67.7383**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.1565, 90.2130, 107.2688**, and **36.5187, 29.3154, 56.5570** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62.5421, 48.2257, 99.7790**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77.3141, 71.4209, 103.4775**.

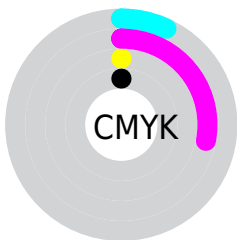
# Distribution



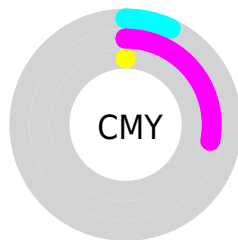
- Red (93%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 69.4150, 58.8556, 101.4676 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 69.4150, 58.8556, 101.4676 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



69.4150, 58.8556,  
101.4676

69.4150, 58.8556,  
101.4676

447.7918,  
420.3666, 586.1746

51.3276, 42.4969,  
76.9031

117.4050,  
103.1678, 165.2420

36.6915, 29.4906,  
56.6622

148.0382,  
131.8900, 205.2889

25.1413, 19.4522,  
40.3266

183.5842,  
165.5022, 251.3337

16.3117, 11.9975,  
27.4775

224.4082,  
204.3888, 303.7949

9.8372, 6.7420,  
17.6966

270.8756,  
248.9341, 363.0910

5.3526, 3.3013,  
10.5652

323.3518,

2.4925, 1.2910,

299.5226, 429.6407

5.6648

382.2021,  
356.5386, 503.8623

■ 0.8915, 0.1342,  
2.5769

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.8805

■ 69.4150, 58.8556,  
101.4676

■ 69.4150, 58.8556,  
101.4676

■ 62.5421, 48.2257,  
99.7790

■ 77.3141, 71.4209,  
103.4775

■ 56.6381, 39.4215,  
98.3908

■ 86.2815, 86.0085,  
105.8206

■ 51.6483, 32.3339,  
97.2857

94.8896, 99.9358,  
108.0551

■ 47.5102, 26.8386,  
96.4431

■ 44.1524, 22.7945,  
95.8395

■ 41.4911, 20.0350,  
95.4471

■ 39.4134, 18.3356,  
95.2286

■ 39.0267, 18.0524,  
95.1943

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.3930, 58.8556, 121.1803



69.4150, 58.8556, 101.4676



73.9914, 58.8556, 74.2112

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69.4150, 58.8556, 101.4676



59.3732, 58.8556, 27.6609



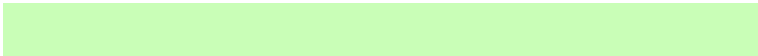
41.5138, 58.8556, 80.4405

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69.4150, 58.8556, 101.4676



68.0783, 86.7214, 57.9533

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.0936, 58.8556, 54.9223



69.4150, 58.8556, 101.4676



50.8207, 58.8556, 28.5109

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



69.4150, 58.8556, 101.4676



67.8049, 58.8556, 34.5036



44.3333, 58.8556, 37.2364



45.5477, 58.8556, 107.0338



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69.4150, 58.8556, 101.4676



74.1868, 58.8556, 57.3302



44.3333, 58.8556, 37.2364



40.9618, 58.8556, 71.3478

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69.4169, 58.8581, 101.4689



87.0067, 86.7001, 106.7568



58.5250, 59.4354, 102.1544



18.3166, 18.0550, 22.7695



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69.4169, 58.8581, 101.4689



65.7189, 52.6632, 101.3090



73.1577, 61.0800, 88.3884



18.3166, 18.0550, 22.7695



20.7185, 9.5912, 50.1939



2.1179, 0.9857, 4.8919



# Inverse Universe

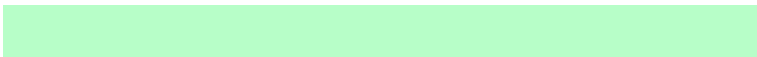
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68.3510, 59.1573, 63.0767



64.6230, 53.1061, 55.7204



65.3470, 85.1023, 67.3632



18.1983, 18.0626, 19.6613



22.0924, 11.3262, 3.8709



2.1929, 1.1195, 0.5971



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 69.4150, 58.8556, 101.4676 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

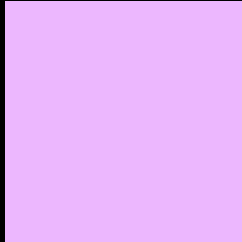
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 69.4150, 58.8556, 101.4676 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

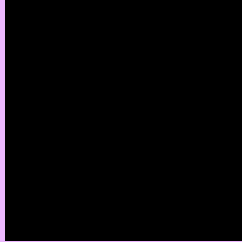
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 69.4150, 58.8556, 101.4676

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 69.4150, 58.8556, 101.4676.



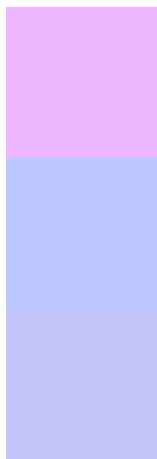
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 69.4150, 58.8556,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

69.4150, 58.8556, 101.4676

### Protanopia

59.4433, 59.2199, 102.9053

### Deuteranopia

60.3716, 59.0890, 99.4902



## Tritanopia

62.4252, 58.8623, 67.1029

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

69.4150, 58.8556, 101.4676



## Protanomaly

62.5186, 58.7827, 102.6589



## Deuteranomaly

63.5046, 59.0171, 100.1398



## Tritanomaly

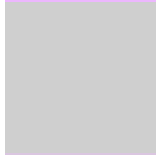
64.9309, 58.9328, 78.4740

# Monochromacy



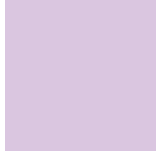
## Original Color

69.4150, 58.8556, 101.4676



## Achromatopsia

59.3074, 62.3960, 67.9493



## Achromatomaly

62.5621, 60.6754, 78.9352

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 69.4150, 58.8556, 101.4676 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(236, 183, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(236, 183, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(236, 183, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(236, 183, 254) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 69.4150, 58.8556, 101.4676 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(236, 183, 254) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(236, 183, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(236, 183, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(236, 183, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 183, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 183,  
254) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 69.4150, 58.8556, 101.4676 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(236, 183, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(236,  
183, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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