

# Converting Colors

XYZ(69.4784, 72.2037, 65.5331)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(69.4784, 72.2037, 65.5331)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(69.4784, 72.2037, 65.5331)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(69.4784, 72.2037,  
65.5331)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E9DBC9
RGB	233, 219, 201
RGB Percent	91%, 86%, 79%
CMY	0.0863, 0.1412, 0.2118
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.14, 0.09
HSL	34°, 42%, 85%
HSV	34°, 14%, 91%
XYZ	69.4784, 72.2037, 65.5331
YIQ	221.1340, 14.1220, -2.6300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

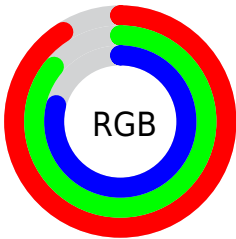
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	226, 233, 201
Decimal	15326153
CIE Lab	88.07, 1.85, 10.56
CIE LCh	88, 10.724, 80.086
Yxy	72.2037, 0.3353, 0.3484
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293516233 (0xFFE9DBC9)
YUV	221.1340, -9.9261, 10.4065
Hunter-Lab	84.9728, -2.7509, 13.7550

# Details

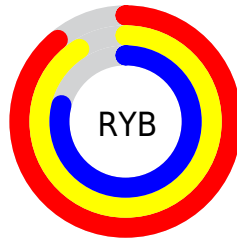
The XYZ color **69.4784, 72.2037, 65.5331** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **63.0956, 66.9002, 86.6790**, and the grayscale version is **68.8835, 72.4709, 78.9208**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **36.6734, 38.0046, 33.0065** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64.3656, 66.0364, 51.3164**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **75.1737, 78.8693, 81.9969**.

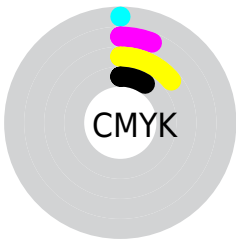
# Distribution



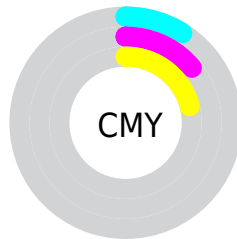
- Red (91%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (21%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 69.4784, 72.2037, 65.5331 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 69.4784, 72.2037, 65.5331 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 69.4784, 72.2037,  
65.5331

■ 69.4784, 72.2037,  
65.5331

448.0115,  
468.2503, 463.0638

■ 51.3795, 53.3251,  
47.4394

117.4949,  
122.3461, 114.4365

■ 36.7330, 38.0624,  
33.0263

148.1433,  
154.3787, 146.0834

■ 25.1735, 26.0311,  
21.8753

183.7055,  
191.5647, 183.0850

■ 16.3358, 16.8469,  
13.5679

224.5468,  
234.2886, 225.8599

■ 9.8544, 10.1254,  
7.6854

271.0328,  
282.9347, 274.8267

■ 5.3641, 5.4822,  
3.8095

323.5286,

■ 2.4994, 2.5329,

337.8874, 330.4040

1.5214

382.3997,  
399.5311, 393.0101

■ 0.8949, 0.8930,  
0.2338

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 69.4784, 72.2037,  
65.5331

■ 69.4784, 72.2037,  
65.5331

■ 64.3656, 66.0364,  
51.3164

■ 75.1737, 78.8693,  
81.9969

■ 59.8079, 60.3446,  
39.2429

■ 81.4660, 86.0361,  
100.7963

■ 55.7843, 55.1174,  
29.2073

■ 85.7090, 92.6526,  
107.9741

■ 52.2697, 50.3400,  
21.0936

■ 87.4146, 96.0638,  
108.5427

■ 49.2369, 45.9966,  
14.7739

■ 46.6557, 42.0697,  
10.1046

■ 44.4913, 38.5401,  
6.9194

■ 42.7022, 35.3856,  
5.0166

■ 41.7337, 33.5820,  
4.2824

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.8344, 72.2037, 68.2936



69.4784, 72.2037, 65.5331



66.9509, 72.2037, 66.1077

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69.4784, 72.2037, 65.5331



64.1078, 72.2037, 83.5587



72.4724, 72.2037, 88.0137

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69.4784, 72.2037, 65.5331



63.0956, 66.9002, 86.6790

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.3317, 72.2037, 92.6137



69.4784, 72.2037, 65.5331



65.5174, 72.2037, 89.9328

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



69.4784, 72.2037, 65.5331



63.8922, 72.2037, 76.2154



67.7835, 72.2037, 93.3371



73.5911, 72.2037, 81.0697



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69.4784, 72.2037, 65.5331



65.5065, 72.2037, 68.3183



67.7835, 72.2037, 93.3371



71.8460, 72.2037, 89.9032

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69.4804, 72.2069, 65.5346



92.0442, 96.5470, 100.0104



66.8090, 64.0248, 73.3975



19.5831, 20.5284, 21.0596



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

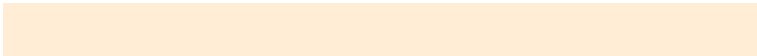


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69.4804, 72.2069, 65.5346



83.7324, 86.7838, 76.0901



72.7665, 79.5512, 66.7790



15.7686, 16.4602, 15.8648



23.8060, 19.3062, 2.4718



1.9648, 1.7070, 0.2259

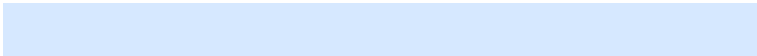


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.0956, 66.9002, 86.6790



74.7091, 79.2844, 105.9736



60.1153, 60.2979, 85.5617



14.7732, 15.6329, 19.1611



11.1549, 8.9568, 44.8839

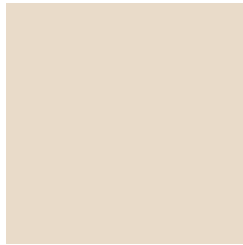


0.9701, 0.8918, 3.5559



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 69.4784, 72.2037, 65.5331 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 69.4784, 72.2037, 65.5331 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

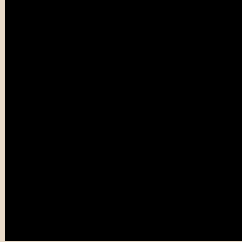
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 69.4784, 72.2037, 65.5331

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 69.4784, 72.2037, 65.5331.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 69.4784, 72.2037,

65.5331.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

69.4784, 72.2037, 65.5331

### Protanopia

68.5670, 72.1087, 66.1816

### Deuteranopia

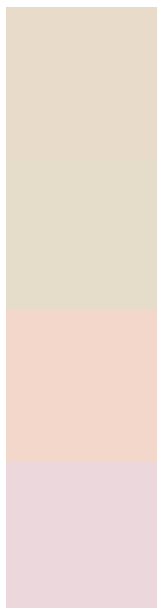
73.5218, 71.9925, 65.8980



## Tritanopia

73.6493, 72.3749, 85.6893

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

69.4784, 72.2037, 65.5331

## Protanomaly

68.8870, 72.2737, 66.1966

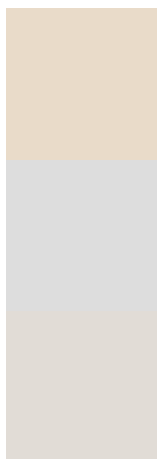
## Deuteranomaly

71.9233, 71.9198, 65.9683

## Tritanomaly

72.0662, 72.1119, 77.8308

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

69.4784, 72.2037, 65.5331

## Achromatopsia

68.7264, 72.3055, 78.7407

## Achromatomaly

68.7821, 72.0490, 73.9000

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 69.4784, 72.2037, 65.5331 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(233, 219, 201) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(233, 219, 201)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 219, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(233, 219, 201) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 69.4784, 72.2037, 65.5331 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(233, 219, 201) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(233, 219, 201) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(233, 219, 201)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(233, 219, 201); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 219, 201);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 219,  
201) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 69.4784, 72.2037, 65.5331 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(233, 219, 201) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(233,  
219, 201) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor