

# Converting Colors

XYZ(69.5209, 48.2781, 80.0548)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(69.5209, 48.2781, 80.0548)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(64.9077, 45.9669,  
79.5802)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF8DE5
RGB	255, 141, 229
RGB Percent	100%, 55%, 90%
CMY	0.0000, 0.4470, 0.1020
CMYK	0.00, 0.45, 0.10, 0.00
HSL	314°, 100%, 78%
HSV	314°, 45%, 100%
XYZ	64.9077, 45.9669, 79.5802
YIQ	185.1180, 39.6960, 51.5360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

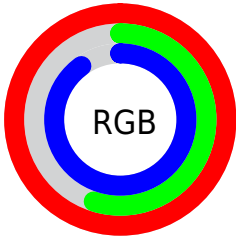
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 141, 229
Decimal	16748005
CIE Lab	73.52, 54.43, -25.80
CIE LCh	74, 60.234, 334.636
Yxy	45.9669, 0.3408, 0.2414
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294938085 (0xFFFF8DE5)
YUV	185.1180, 21.6338, 61.2865
Hunter-Lab	67.7989, 52.2400, -22.1335

# Details

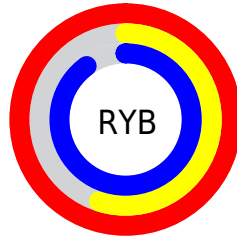
The XYZ color **64.9077, 45.9669, 79.5802** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99FF**. A complement of this color would be **53.7212, 79.9735, 49.1670**, and the grayscale version is **46.0490, 48.4471, 52.7589**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.2563, 68.4125, 103.6354**, and **33.7160, 21.5693, 41.9214** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60.7729, 38.9750, 74.2626**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69.9374, 54.7045, 85.3314**.

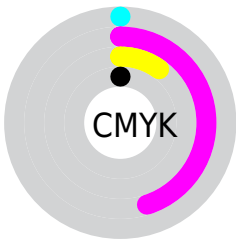
# Distribution



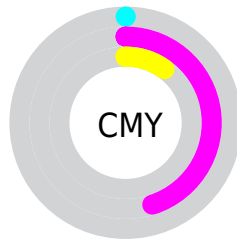
- Red (100%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (10%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 64.9077, 45.9669, 79.5802 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 64.9077, 45.9669, 79.5802 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



64.9077, 45.9669,  
79.5802

64.9077, 45.9669,  
79.5802

432.0107,  
370.6756, 513.1864

47.6507, 32.2197,  
58.8488

110.9836, 84.1695,  
134.5814

33.7604, 21.5294,  
42.0722

140.5332,  
109.3936, 169.6883

22.8716, 13.5115,  
28.8319

174.9110,  
139.2122, 210.4242

14.6189, 7.7817,  
18.7092

214.4823,  
174.0096, 257.2075

8.6369, 3.9556,  
11.2856

259.6126,  
214.1703, 310.4569

4.5603, 1.6487,  
6.1427

310.6672,

2.0238, 0.3901,

260.0786, 370.5908

2.8619

368.0114,  
312.1189, 438.0277

■ 0.6473, 0.0000,  
1.0245

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 64.9077, 45.9669,  
79.5802

■ 64.9077, 45.9669,  
79.5802

■ 60.7729, 38.9750,  
74.2626

■ 69.9374, 54.7045,  
85.3314

■ 57.4691, 33.6024,  
69.3544

■ 75.9134, 65.2910,  
91.5331

■ 54.9294, 29.7151,  
64.8326

■ 82.8871, 77.8286,  
98.2040

■ 53.0744, 27.1549,  
60.6692

■ 90.9052, 92.4101,  
105.3611

■ 51.8066, 25.7274,  
56.8306

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 51.2998, 25.2839,  
54.9041

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.3807, 45.9669, 115.3971



64.9077, 45.9669, 79.5802



67.4201, 45.9669, 45.4623

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.9077, 45.9669, 79.5802



42.0574, 45.9669, 11.4184



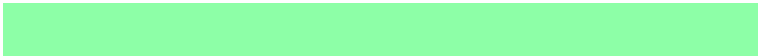
28.9258, 45.9669, 91.2853

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



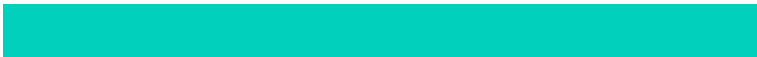
64.9077, 45.9669, 79.5802



53.7212, 79.9735, 49.1670

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.3058, 45.9669, 54.9367



64.9077, 45.9669, 79.5802



33.0630, 45.9669, 15.6623

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



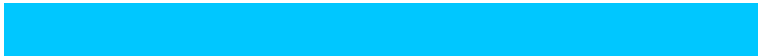
64.9077, 45.9669, 79.5802



53.0536, 45.9669, 13.5794



27.6878, 45.9669, 28.9120



35.4988, 45.9669, 123.8610



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



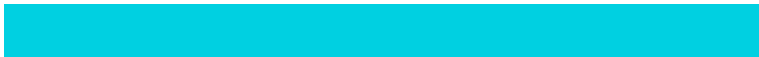
64.9077, 45.9669, 79.5802



65.0509, 45.9669, 29.3829



27.6878, 45.9669, 28.9120



27.6068, 45.9669, 78.6639

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.9088, 45.9688, 79.5811



84.1778, 80.1655, 99.3883



43.2399, 34.3468, 98.9583



17.6608, 16.5130, 20.9453



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.9088, 45.9688, 79.5811



61.0358, 39.4124, 74.6230



58.3382, 43.3406, 44.9807



18.6050, 18.2253, 21.8029



26.8649, 13.2352, 29.0026



2.6570, 1.3052, 3.0409



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64.9088, 45.9688, 79.5811



61.0358, 39.4124, 74.6230



60.0247, 82.4949, 82.3609



18.6050, 18.2253, 21.8029



26.8649, 13.2352, 29.0026



2.6570, 1.3052, 3.0409



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 64.9077, 45.9669, 79.5802 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

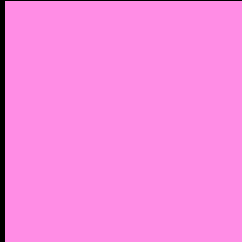
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 64.9077, 45.9669, 79.5802 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 64.9077, 45.9669, 79.5802**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 64.9077, 45.9669, 79.5802.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 64.9077, 45.9669,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

64.9077, 45.9669, 79.5802

### Protanopia

47.8750, 46.2289, 101.0075

### Deuteranopia

47.1729, 46.1191, 76.2276



## Tritanopia

57.1499, 45.8208, 41.9086

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

64.9077, 45.9669, 79.5802



## Protanomaly

52.0820, 44.9015, 93.1106



## Deuteranomaly

52.0429, 44.9663, 77.1706



## Tritanomaly

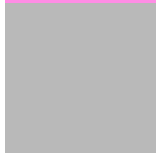
59.7164, 45.6782, 53.8135

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

64.9077, 45.9669, 79.5802



## Achromatopsia

46.1135, 48.5150, 52.8328



## Achromatomaly

51.3089, 46.2946, 61.4898

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 64.9077, 45.9669, 79.5802 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 141, 229)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 141, 229)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 141, 229) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 141, 229) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 64.9077, 45.9669, 79.5802 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 141, 229) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 141, 229) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 141, 229)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 141, 229); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 141, 229); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 141, 229) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 64.9077, 45.9669, 79.5802 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 141, 229) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
141, 229) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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