

# Converting Colors

XYZ(69.7282, 62.3444, 60.4194)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(69.7282, 62.3444, 60.4194)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(69.8346, 62.5071, 60.6090)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(69.8346, 62.5071,  
60.6090)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFBFC4
RGB	255, 191, 196
RGB Percent	100%, 75%, 77%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2510, 0.2314
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.23, 0.00
HSL	355°, 100%, 87%
HSV	355°, 25%, 100%
XYZ	69.8346, 62.5071, 60.6090
YIQ	210.7060, 36.5390, 15.1230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

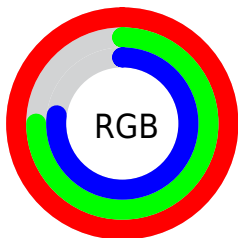
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 191, 196
Decimal	16760772
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	83.18, 23.67, 6.48
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	83, 24.539, 15.318
Yxy	62.5071, 0.3619, 0.3240
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294950852 (0xFFFFBFC4)
YUV	210.7060, -7.2501, 38.8458
Hunter-Lab	79.0614, 19.3107, 9.8909

# Details

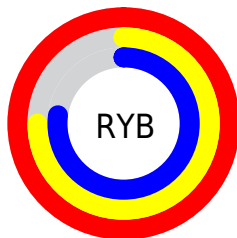
The XYZ color **69.8346, 62.5071, 60.6090** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **74.5035, 89.4996, 103.7948**, and the grayscale version is **61.7537, 64.9697, 70.7520**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.5370, 95.4867, 106.4820**, and **36.8541, 31.7146, 29.7703** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62.2804, 51.3507, 45.9070**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **78.7793, 75.7730, 77.8446**.

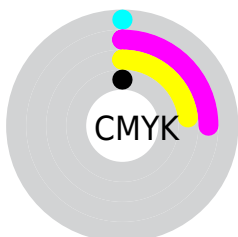
# Distribution



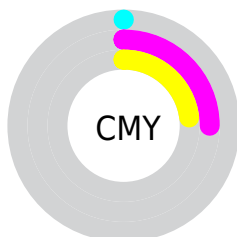
- Red (100%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (77%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (23%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 69.8346, 62.5071, 60.6090 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 69.8346, 62.5071, 60.6090 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 69.8346, 62.5071,  
60.6090

 69.8346, 62.5071,  
60.6090


449.2445,  
433.7784, 444.7057

 51.6708, 45.4426,  
43.4812


 118.0004,  
108.4581, 107.2646

 36.9660, 31.8062,  
29.9287


148.7331,  
138.1134, 137.6295

 25.3547, 21.2135,  
19.5328


184.3862,  
172.7343, 173.2438

 16.4716, 13.2801,  
11.8752

225.3250,  
212.7054, 214.5260

 9.9515, 7.6217,  
6.5373

271.9149,  
258.4109, 261.8948

 5.4288, 3.8539,  
3.1004


324.5212,

 2.5383, 1.5922,


310.2353, 315.7687


1.1461


383.5093,  
368.5630, 376.5661


 0.9146, 0.3523,  
0.0000


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 69.8346, 62.5071,  
60.6090


 69.8346, 62.5071,  
60.6090

 62.2804, 51.3507,  
45.9070

 78.7793, 75.7730,  
77.8446

 56.0424, 42.1873,  
33.6156

 89.1747, 91.2403,  
97.7214

 51.0465, 34.9019,  
23.6071

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

 47.2094, 29.3644,  
15.7405

■ 44.4372, 25.4279,  
9.8593

■ 42.6216, 22.9219,  
5.7854

■ 41.6308, 21.6366,  
3.3087

■ 41.3654, 21.3102,  
2.5905

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



69.8674, 62.5071, 75.7590



69.8346, 62.5071, 60.6090



66.8992, 62.5071, 49.2802

# Triad

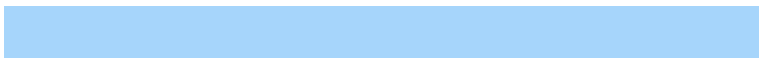
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69.8346, 62.5071, 60.6090



52.4298, 62.5071, 49.4659



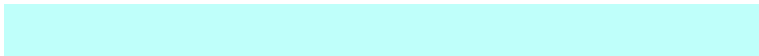
56.8557, 62.5071, 100.5190

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69.8346, 62.5071, 60.6090



74.5035, 89.4996, 103.7948

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.5037, 62.5071, 91.0902



69.8346, 62.5071, 60.6090



50.0539, 62.5071, 60.9004

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



69.8346, 62.5071, 60.6090



56.7492, 62.5071, 43.5315



50.0802, 62.5071, 76.0971



62.1550, 62.5071, 100.4099



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69.8346, 62.5071, 60.6090



63.7864, 62.5071, 44.7572



50.0802, 62.5071, 76.0971



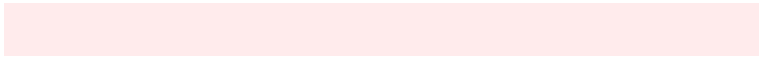
55.2406, 62.5071, 98.3047

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69.8361, 62.5099, 60.6103



86.0022, 86.5152, 91.6698



75.9873, 64.7469, 103.1002



18.0669, 18.0101, 18.9695



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

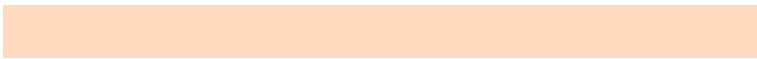
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69.8361, 62.5099, 60.6103



65.9613, 56.7806, 53.0902



75.6306, 74.9938, 59.7829



18.0669, 18.0101, 18.9695



21.6345, 11.1431, 1.4598



2.1254, 1.0925, 0.2418



# Inverse Universe

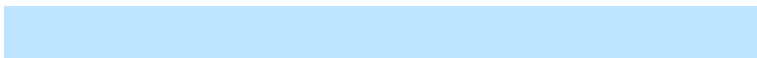
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.8361, 62.5099, 60.6103



65.9613, 56.7806, 53.0902



67.3733, 73.9690, 105.3342



18.0669, 18.0101, 18.9695



21.6345, 11.1431, 1.4598



2.1254, 1.0925, 0.2418



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 69.8346, 62.5071, 60.6090 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

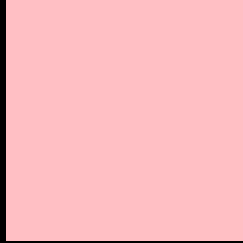
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 69.8346, 62.5071, 60.6090 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 69.8346, 62.5071, 60.6090

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 69.8346, 62.5071, 60.6090.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 69.8346, 62.5071,

60.6090.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

69.8346, 62.5071, 60.6090

### Protanopia

60.4836, 63.0305, 66.7359

### Deuteranopia

63.9962, 62.5272, 59.7349



## Tritanopia

70.5525, 62.4465, 65.4616

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

69.8346, 62.5071, 60.6090

## Protanomaly

63.5422, 62.5315, 64.5979

## Deuteranomaly

66.0922, 62.5734, 60.2242

## Tritanomaly

70.1961, 62.3040, 63.5845

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

69.8346, 62.5071, 60.6090

## Achromatopsia

61.9161, 65.1406, 70.9381

## Achromatomaly

64.4120, 63.9729, 67.3456

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 69.8346, 62.5071, 60.6090 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 191, 196)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 191, 196)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 191, 196) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 191, 196) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 69.8346, 62.5071, 60.6090 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 191, 196) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 191, 196) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 191, 196)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 191, 196); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 191, 196);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 191,  
196) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 69.8346, 62.5071, 60.6090 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 191, 196) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
191, 196) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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