

Converting Colors

XYZ(69.7931, 69.5935,
104.1901)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(69.7931, 69.5935, 104.1901)
contains.

XYZ(69.8281, 69.6093, 104.3633)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(69.8281, 69.6093,
104.3633)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D6D6FF
RGB	214, 214, 255
RGB Percent	84%, 84%, 100%
CMY	0.1608, 0.1608, 0.0000
CMYK	0.16, 0.16, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	240°, 100%, 92%
HSV	240°, 16%, 100%
XYZ	69.8281, 69.6093, 104.3633
YIQ	218.6740, -13.1610, 12.7510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

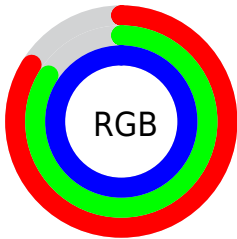
Format	Color
R _Y B	214, 214, 255
Decimal	14079743
CIE Lab	86.80, 8.04, -19.94
CIE LCh	87, 21.503, 291.954
Yxy	69.6093, 0.2864, 0.2855
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292269823 (0xFFD6D6FF)
YUV	218.6740, 17.9087, -4.0991
Hunter-Lab	83.4322, 3.3882, -15.7619

Details

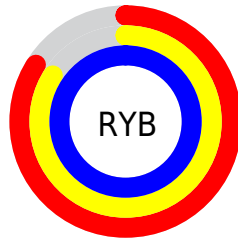
The XYZ color **69.8281, 69.6093, 104.3633** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **89.1371, 97.6336, 77.7670**, and the grayscale version is **66.9943, 70.4832, 76.7562**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **36.8893, 36.2444, 58.4777** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57.0046, 54.1585, 102.0569**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84.8305, 87.6864, 107.0619**.

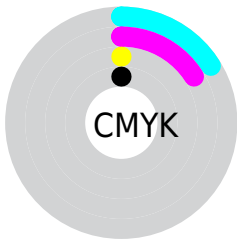
Distribution



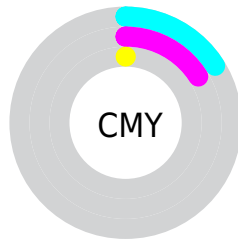
- Red (84%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 69.8281, 69.6093, 104.3633 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 69.8281, 69.6093, 104.3633 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 69.8281, 69.6093,
104.3633

■ 69.8281, 69.6093,
104.3633

449.2220,
459.1770, 595.4588

■ 51.6655, 51.2081,
79.3124

117.9912,
118.6514, 169.2445

■ 36.9617, 36.3742,
58.6298

148.7224,
150.0611, 209.9119

■ 25.3514, 24.7234,
41.8972

184.3738,
186.5758, 256.6218

■ 16.4692, 15.8711,
28.6958

225.3108,
228.5797, 309.7929

■ 9.9497, 9.4330,
18.6072

271.8988,
276.4575, 369.8435

■ 5.4276, 5.0247,
11.2129

324.5031,

■ 2.5376, 2.2617,

330.5933, 437.1924

6.0942

383.4891,
391.3717, 512.2580

■ 0.9143, 0.7533,
2.8328

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.0099

■ 69.8281, 69.6093,
104.3633

■ 69.8281, 69.6093,
104.3633

■ 57.0046, 54.1585,
102.0569

■ 84.8305, 87.6864,
107.0619

■ 46.2533, 41.2040,
100.1231

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 37.4673, 30.6175,
98.5428

■ 30.5278, 22.2557,
97.2945

■ 25.3030, 15.9601,
96.3547

■ 21.6441, 11.5512,
95.6966

■ 19.3766, 8.8188,
95.2887

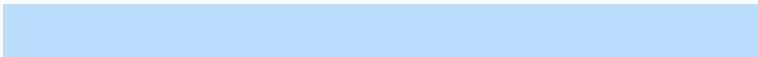
■ 18.2839, 7.5020,
95.0921

■ 18.0502, 7.2203,
95.0501

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.8225, 69.6093, 106.5175



69.8281, 69.6093, 104.3633



74.0401, 69.6093, 94.0955

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69.8281, 69.6093, 104.3633



72.2768, 69.6093, 56.0790



57.0756, 69.6093, 71.9968

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69.8281, 69.6093, 104.3633



89.1371, 97.6336, 77.7670

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.8627, 69.6093, 60.0319



69.8281, 69.6093, 104.3633



67.5189, 69.6093, 51.6295

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



69.8281, 69.6093, 104.3633



75.5028, 69.6093, 65.9408



62.6257, 69.6093, 52.9794



57.6244, 69.6093, 86.5800

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69.8281, 69.6093, 104.3633



75.7484, 69.6093, 84.6631



62.6257, 69.6093, 52.9794



57.4198, 69.6093, 67.5646

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69.8300, 69.6121, 104.3638



86.5806, 89.7952, 107.3767



81.4324, 92.9926, 107.6895



18.2869, 18.9247, 22.9390



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69.8300, 69.6121, 104.3638



65.8612, 64.8300, 103.6499



75.9691, 72.7759, 104.6509



17.0032, 17.3780, 22.7081



9.4316, 3.7729, 49.6657



0.9184, 0.3674, 4.8358

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77.4254, 74.2096, 73.8647



74.6518, 70.1511, 68.3513



82.2198, 94.0687, 77.4435



18.0095, 17.9871, 18.6672



21.5489, 11.1088, 1.0088



2.0982, 1.0816, 0.0983

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 69.8281, 69.6093, 104.3633 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

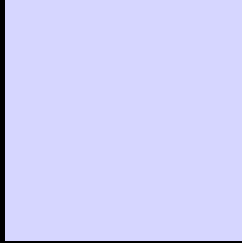
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 69.8281, 69.6093, 104.3633 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

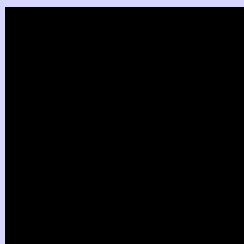
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 69.8281, 69.6093, 104.3633

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 69.8281, 69.6093, 104.3633.

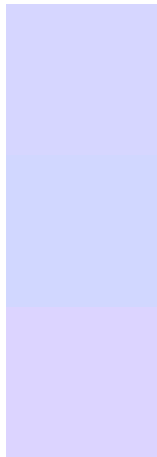


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 69.8281, 69.6093,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

69.8281, 69.6093, 104.3633

Protanopia

68.6449, 69.3762, 104.3807

Deuteranopia

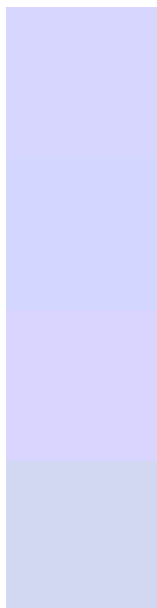
71.1087, 69.5226, 104.2791



Tritanopia

66.3866, 69.3255, 88.4795

Trichromacy



Original Color

69.8281, 69.6093, 104.3633

Protanomaly

69.2144, 69.6698, 104.4074

Deuteranomaly

70.7577, 69.7139, 104.3345

Tritanomaly

67.4468, 69.3714, 93.8396

Monochromacy



Original Color

69.8281, 69.6093, 104.3633

Achromatopsia

67.3311, 70.8376, 77.1421

Achromatomaly

67.9936, 70.2036, 86.3109

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 69.8281, 69.6093, 104.3633 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(214, 214, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(214, 214, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 214, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(214, 214, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 69.8281, 69.6093, 104.3633 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(214, 214, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(214, 214, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(214, 214, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(214, 214, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 214, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 214,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 69.8281, 69.6093, 104.3633 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(214, 214, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(214,  
214, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor