

# Converting Colors

XYZ(69.8026, 77.7733,  
105.9405)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(69.8026, 77.7733, 105.9405)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(69.7210, 77.5350,  
105.8988)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C2EAFF
RGB	194, 234, 255
RGB Percent	76%, 92%, 100%
CMY	0.2392, 0.0823, 0.0000
CMYK	0.24, 0.08, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	201°, 100%, 88%
HSV	201°, 24%, 100%
XYZ	69.7210, 77.5350, 105.8988
YIQ	224.4340, -30.5810, -1.9490

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

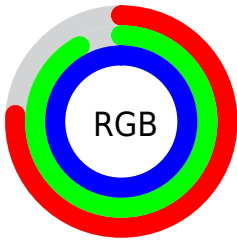
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">194, 218, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12774143</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">90.57, -8.41, -14.42</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">91, 16.692, 239.750</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">77.5350, 0.2754, 0.3063</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290964223</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFC2EAFF</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">224.4340, 15.0690, -26.6906</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">88.0540, -12.7584, -9.6678</a>

# Details

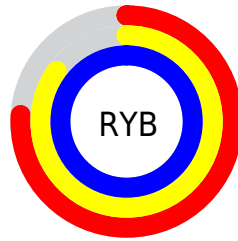
The XYZ color **69.7210, 77.5350, 105.8988** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **75.2780, 73.7553, 61.3094**, and the grayscale version is **71.0750, 74.7764, 81.4315**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.5937, 99.2492, 108.8318**, and **36.7609, 41.4070, 59.4809** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61.2925, 69.5737, 104.8063**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **79.4004, 86.3289, 107.0860**.

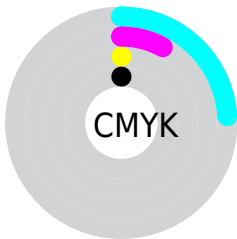
# Distribution



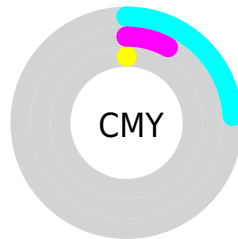
- Red (76%)
- Green (92%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 69.7210, 77.5350, 105.8988 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 69.7210, 77.5350, 105.8988 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



69.7210, 77.5350,  
105.8988

69.7210, 77.5350,  
105.8988

448.8515,  
486.5862, 600.3512

51.5779, 57.6921,  
80.5917

117.8392,  
129.8944, 171.3625

36.8916, 41.5611,  
59.6764

148.5451,  
163.1797, 212.3561

25.2969, 28.7578,  
42.7342

184.1692,  
201.7145, 259.4156

16.4283, 18.8977,  
29.3468

225.0769,  
245.8834, 312.9597

9.9205, 11.5964,  
19.0955

271.6337,  
296.0705, 373.4067

5.4081, 6.4695,  
11.5618

324.2048,

2.5259, 3.1326,

352.6605, 441.1753

6.3271

383.1556,  
416.0376, 516.6839

■ 0.9083, 1.2013,  
2.9730

■ 0.0000, 0.0628,  
1.0809

■ 69.7210, 77.5350,  
105.8988

■ 69.7210, 77.5350,  
105.8988

■ 61.2925, 69.5737,  
104.8063

■ 79.4004, 86.3289,  
107.0860

■ 54.0496, 62.4027,  
103.8039

■ 90.3794, 95.9772,  
108.3697

■ 47.9302, 55.9893,  
102.8886

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 42.8634, 50.2944,  
102.0564

■ 38.7700, 45.2741,  
101.3031

■ 35.5580, 40.8783,  
100.6239

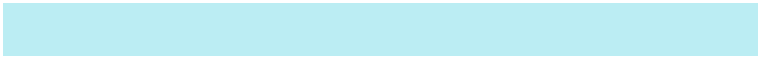
■ 33.1154, 37.0461,  
100.0130

■ 31.9105, 34.9410,  
99.6702

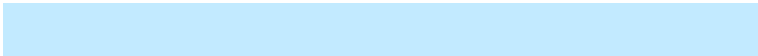
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.9373, 77.5350, 96.3621



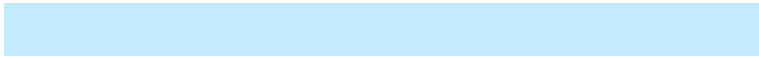
69.7210, 77.5350, 105.8988



73.6596, 77.5350, 109.5845

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69.7210, 77.5350, 105.8988



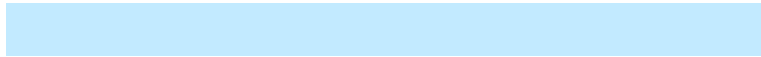
82.0241, 77.5350, 84.5229



69.7796, 77.5350, 65.9804

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



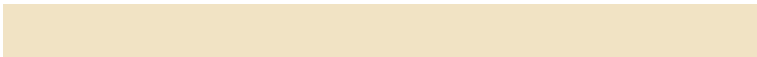
69.7210, 77.5350, 105.8988



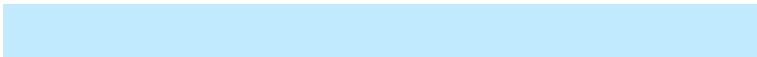
75.2780, 73.7553, 61.3094

# Split Complementary

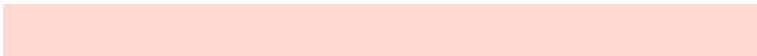
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



73.7298, 77.5350, 63.4408



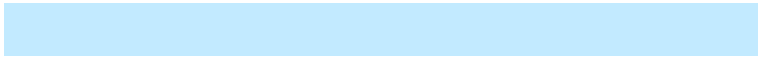
69.7210, 77.5350, 105.8988



80.8922, 77.5350, 73.5121

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



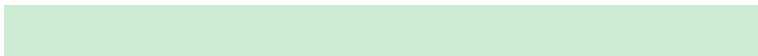
69.7210, 77.5350, 105.8988



80.8549, 77.5350, 96.5523



77.8166, 77.5350, 66.0657

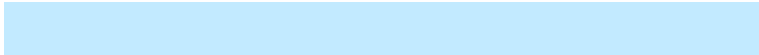


66.9702, 77.5350, 73.3536



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



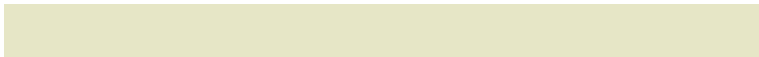
69.7210, 77.5350, 105.8988



76.4430, 77.5350, 107.9821



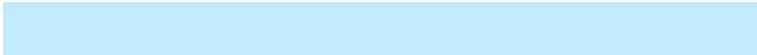
77.8166, 77.5350, 66.0657



71.0131, 77.5350, 64.5660

# Sweetspot

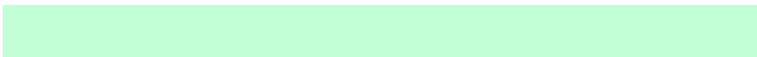
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69.7231, 77.5380, 105.8993



86.8563, 92.9127, 107.9639



70.1894, 87.8620, 77.1029



18.4462, 19.7607, 23.0919



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

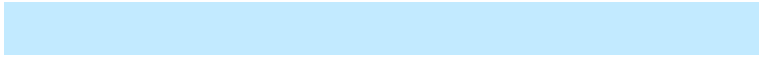


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

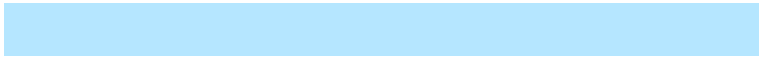


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69.7231, 77.5380, 105.8993



65.2884, 73.3911, 105.3326



61.9321, 61.9560, 103.3023



17.9976, 19.3669, 23.0396



16.8185, 18.5467, 52.1280



1.7394, 2.0096, 5.1095



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.3844, 65.7858, 86.5701



71.9933, 60.0158, 82.3189



83.5801, 90.3595, 64.0768



18.5115, 18.1879, 21.3104



25.2774, 12.6003, 20.6432

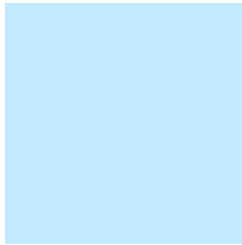


2.5126, 1.2474, 2.2808



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 69.7210, 77.5350, 105.8988 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

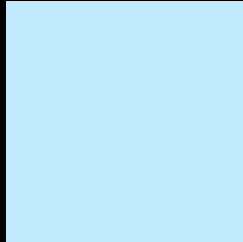
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 69.7210, 77.5350, 105.8988 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

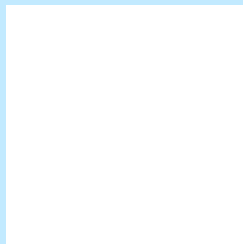
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 69.7210, 77.5350, 105.8988

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 69.7210, 77.5350, 105.8988.



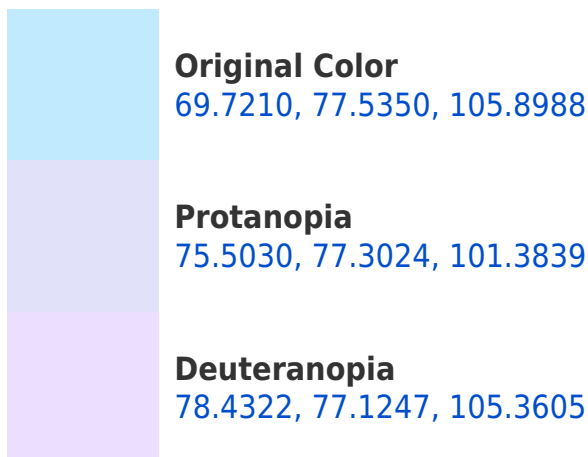
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 69.7210, 77.5350,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





## **Tritanopia**

69.4006, 77.4068, 104.2117

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

69.7210, 77.5350, 105.8988

## Protanomaly

73.3216, 77.3630, 103.1636

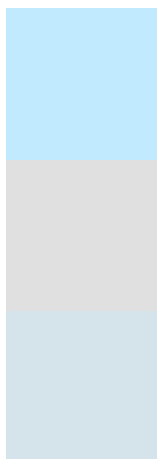
## Deuteranomaly

74.7616, 76.8284, 105.4967

## Tritanomaly

69.5603, 77.4707, 105.0531

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

69.7210, 77.5350, 105.8988

## Achromatopsia

70.8507, 74.5404, 81.1745

## Achromatomaly

70.1794, 75.6311, 89.4967

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 69.7210, 77.5350, 105.8988 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 234, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 234, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 234, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 234, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 69.7210, 77.5350, 105.8988 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 234, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 234, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 234, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 234, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 234, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 234,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 69.7210, 77.5350, 105.8988 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 234, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
234, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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