

# Converting Colors

XYZ(69.8188, 88.1139, 57.0708)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(69.8188, 88.1139, 57.0708)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(69.8326, 88.1216,  
57.0447)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CFFFB5
RGB	207, 255, 181
RGB Percent	81%, 100%, 71%
CMY	0.1882, 0.0000, 0.2902
CMYK	0.19, 0.00, 0.29, 0.00
HSL	99°, 100%, 85%
HSV	99°, 29%, 100%
XYZ	69.8326, 88.1216, 57.0447
YIQ	232.2120, -4.8540, -33.1900

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

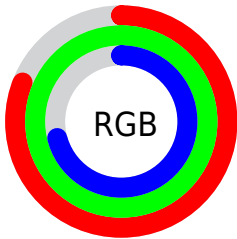
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">181, 255, 229</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">13631413</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">95.21, -28.19, 30.51</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">95, 41.542, 132.732</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">88.1216, 0.3248, 0.4099</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291821493 (0xFFCFFFB5)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">232.2120, -25.2475, -22.1109</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">93.8731, -31.4910, 29.6819</a>

# Details

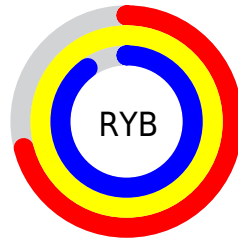
The XYZ color **69.8326, 88.1216, 57.0447** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **66.8881, 56.9271, 102.0704**, and the grayscale version is **77.0458, 81.0582, 88.2724**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.2861, 98.8944, 94.3453**, and **37.0393, 48.6221, 27.8549** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63.0689, 84.9099, 44.2972**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77.5603, 91.7748, 72.3395**.

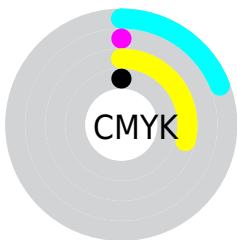
# Distribution



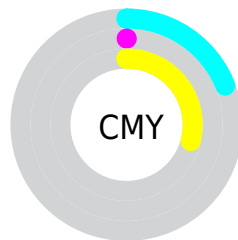
- Red (81%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (29%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 69.8326, 88.1216, 57.0447 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 69.8326, 88.1216, 57.0447 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 69.8326, 88.1216,  
57.0447

 69.8326, 88.1216,  
57.0447


449.2376,  
521.9014, 431.1152

 51.6692, 66.4238,  
40.6315


 117.9976,  
144.7264, 102.0314

 36.9647, 48.6165,  
27.7138


148.7298,  
180.4022, 131.4420

 25.3537, 34.3154,  
17.8728


184.3824,  
221.5062, 166.0221

 16.4709, 23.1360,  
10.6902

225.3207,  
268.4226, 206.1904

 9.9509, 14.6939,  
5.7474

271.9100,  
321.5359, 252.3653

 5.4284, 8.6049,  
2.6258

324.5156,

 2.5381, 4.4844,

381.2306, 304.9654

0.9057

383.5031,  
447.8909, 364.4092

■ 0.9145, 1.9480,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.5770,  
0.0000

■ 69.8326, 88.1216,  
57.0447

■ 69.8326, 88.1216,  
57.0447

■ 63.0689, 84.9099,  
44.2972

■ 77.5603, 91.7748,  
72.3395

■ 57.2269, 82.1211,  
33.9548

■ 86.2890, 95.8860,  
90.3057

■ 52.2628, 79.7359,  
25.8670

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 48.1282, 77.7330,  
19.8650

■ 44.7693, 76.0889,  
15.7561

■ 42.1243, 74.7767,  
13.3119

■ 40.1093, 73.7606,  
12.1951

■ 39.9368, 73.6732,  
12.1155

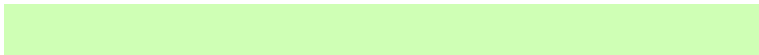
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



79.0488, 88.1216, 47.0690



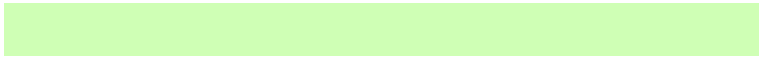
69.8326, 88.1216, 57.0447



64.6363, 88.1216, 78.6027

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69.8326, 88.1216, 57.0447



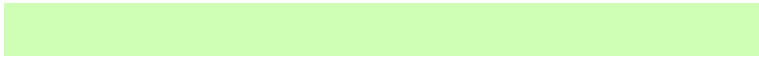
77.4580, 88.1216, 168.6722



106.8430, 88.1216, 82.8507

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69.8326, 88.1216, 57.0447



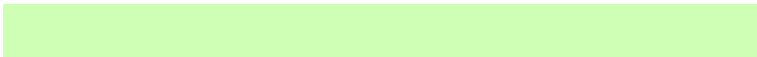
66.8881, 56.9271, 102.0704

# Split Complementary

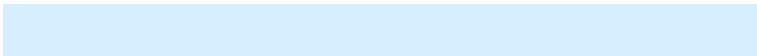
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



106.3192, 88.1216, 115.6772



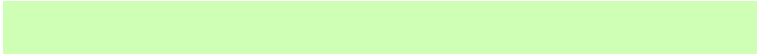
69.8326, 88.1216, 57.0447



88.6484, 88.1216, 170.5397

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



69.8326, 88.1216, 57.0447



68.7587, 88.1216, 144.7937



99.4191, 88.1216, 149.4338

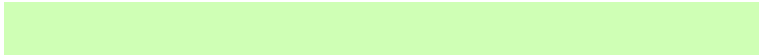


100.7915, 88.1216, 59.5479



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69.8326, 88.1216, 57.0447



63.8347, 88.1216, 98.9530



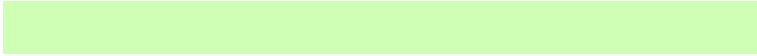
99.4191, 88.1216, 149.4338



107.4448, 88.1216, 93.0073

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69.8331, 88.1218, 57.0460



86.3062, 95.8941, 90.3418



77.2877, 80.0103, 55.0874



18.1876, 20.3910, 18.7406



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

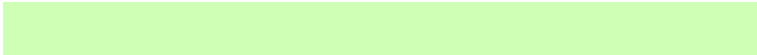


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

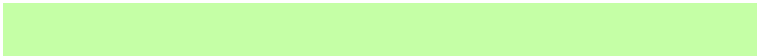


# Same Dimension

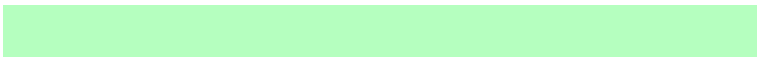
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69.8331, 88.1218, 57.0460



65.6740, 86.1488, 49.1233



64.2062, 85.0999, 62.2565



18.3735, 20.4785, 19.1287



21.0134, 38.5709, 6.3374



2.1590, 3.8138, 0.6223



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.8881, 56.9271, 102.0704



62.2707, 50.1919, 101.0137



74.2662, 60.9095, 94.3357



18.1370, 17.9624, 22.7611



17.7519, 8.0619, 50.0551

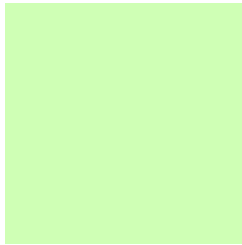


1.8469, 0.8460, 4.8792



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 69.8326, 88.1216, 57.0447 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

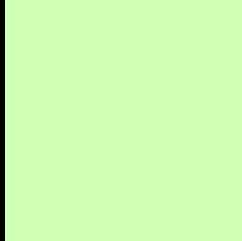
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 69.8326, 88.1216, 57.0447 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

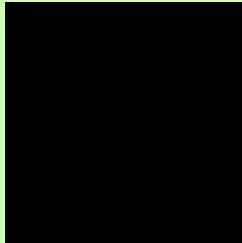
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

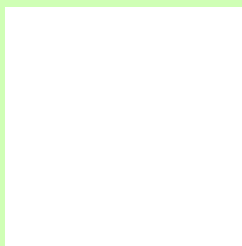
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 69.8326, 88.1216, 57.0447**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 69.8326, 88.1216, 57.0447.



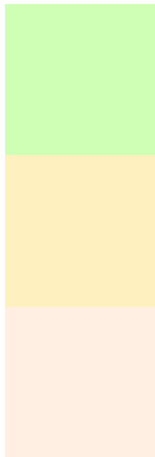
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 69.8326, 88.1216,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

69.8326, 88.1216, 57.0447

### Protanopia

81.8041, 87.3418, 61.8373

### Deuteranopia

85.4051, 87.8453, 83.6887



## Tritanopia

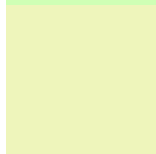
82.0955, 87.8152, 107.2309

# Trichromacy



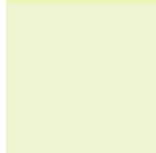
## Original Color

69.8326, 88.1216, 57.0447



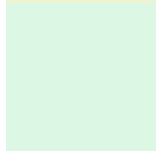
## Protanomaly

76.8819, 87.0698, 59.7678



## Deuteranomaly

79.1192, 87.4820, 73.0373



## Tritanomaly

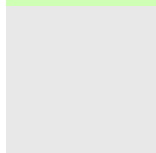
76.7796, 87.3386, 86.2101

# Monochromacy



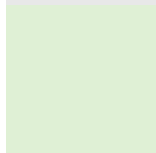
## Original Color

69.8326, 88.1216, 57.0447



## Achromatopsia

76.7008, 80.6952, 87.8771



## Achromatomaly

73.6018, 82.8122, 75.0559

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 69.8326, 88.1216, 57.0447 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(207, 255, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(207, 255, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(207, 255, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(207, 255, 181) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 69.8326, 88.1216, 57.0447 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(207, 255, 181) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(207, 255, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(207, 255, 181)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(207, 255, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 255, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 255,  
181) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 69.8326, 88.1216, 57.0447 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(207, 255, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(207,  
255, 181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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