

Converting Colors

XYZ(69.8579, 80.7213,
106.5066)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(69.8579, 80.7213, 106.5066)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(69.7550, 80.5697,
106.4828)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | BAF1FF |
| RGB | 186, 241, 255 |
| RGB Percent | 73%, 95%, 100% |
| CMY | 0.2706, 0.0549, 0.0000 |
| CMYK | 0.27, 0.05, 0.00, 0.00 |
| HSL | 192°, 100%, 86% |
| HSV | 192°, 27%, 100% |
| XYZ | 69.7550, 80.5697, 106.4828 |
| YIQ | 226.1510, -37.2740, -7.3060 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

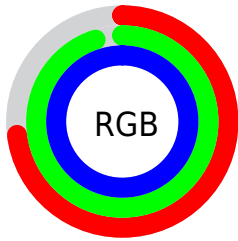
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 186, 217, 255 |
| Decimal | 12251647 |
| CIE Lab | 91.94, -14.25, -12.42 |
| CIE LCh | 92, 18.902, 221.062 |
| Yxy | 80.5697, 0.2716, 0.3137 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4290441727 (0xFFBAF1FF) |
| YUV | 226.1510, 14.2226, -35.2124 |
| Hunter-Lab | 89.7606, -18.3647, -7.5031 |

Details

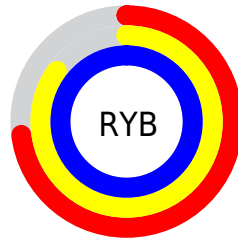
The XYZ color **69.7550, 80.5697, 106.4828** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **70.7572, 66.1132, 55.4880**, and the grayscale version is **72.3194, 76.0857, 82.8573**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.7721, 97.7947, 108.6998**, and **36.9021, 43.6004, 59.8969** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62.5952, 74.6399, 105.7156**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **78.0680, 87.1626, 107.3172**.

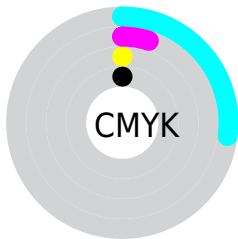
Distribution



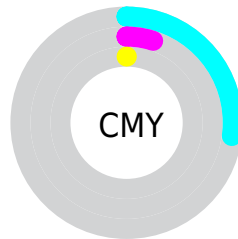
- Red (73%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 69.7550, 80.5697, 106.4828 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 69.7550, 80.5697, 106.4828 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

69.7550, 80.5697,
106.4828

69.7550, 80.5697,
106.4828

448.9691,
496.8507, 602.2064

51.6057, 60.1873,
81.0786

117.8875,
134.1664, 172.1672

36.9139, 43.5696,
60.0749

148.6014,
168.1495, 213.2844

25.3142, 30.3323,
43.0533

184.2342,
207.4349, 260.4764

16.4413, 20.0909,
29.5953

225.1512,
252.4070, 314.1617

9.9298, 12.4612,
19.2821

271.7179,
303.4502, 374.7588

5.4143, 7.0586,
11.6955

324.2995,

2.5296, 3.4988,

360.9490, 442.6862

6.4166

383.2615,
425.2877, 518.3626

■ 0.9102, 1.3973,
3.0272

■ 0.0000, 0.2148,
1.1085

■ 69.7550, 80.5697,
106.4828

■ 69.7550, 80.5697,
106.4828

■ 62.5952, 74.6399,
105.7156

■ 78.0680, 87.1626,
107.3172

■ 56.5230, 69.3327,
105.0112

■ 87.5826, 94.4380,
108.2200

■ 51.4759, 64.6175,
104.3671

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 47.3824, 60.4568,
103.7798

■ 44.1610, 56.8081,
103.2453

■ 41.7165, 53.6217,
102.7591

■ 39.9268, 50.8342,
102.3154

■ 39.4711, 50.0621,
102.1904

Harmonies

Analogous

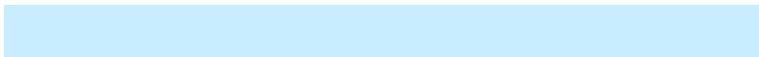
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67.7794, 80.5697, 92.9561



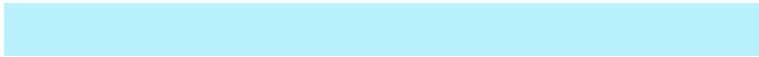
69.7550, 80.5697, 106.4828



73.5897, 80.5697, 115.5170

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69.7550, 80.5697, 106.4828



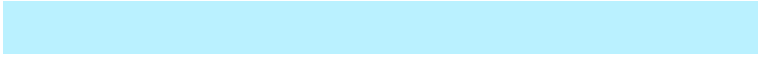
85.7510, 80.5697, 96.6910



74.8022, 80.5697, 64.0210

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69.7550, 80.5697, 106.4828



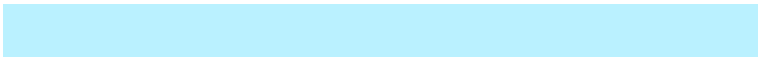
70.7572, 66.1132, 55.4880

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



79.6483, 80.5697, 64.7943



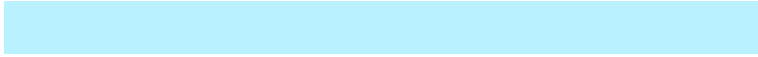
69.7550, 80.5697, 106.4828



86.1093, 80.5697, 82.6972

Square

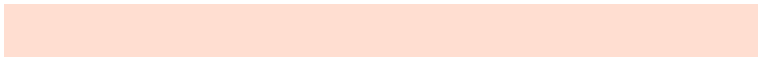
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



69.7550, 80.5697, 106.4828



82.8751, 80.5697, 109.4643



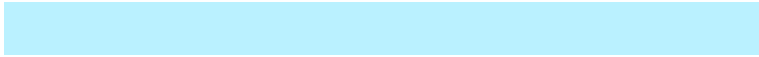
83.8343, 80.5697, 71.3135



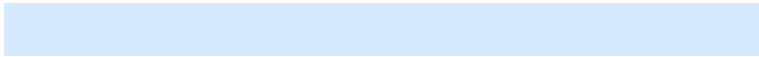
70.6103, 80.5697, 69.0760

Rectangle

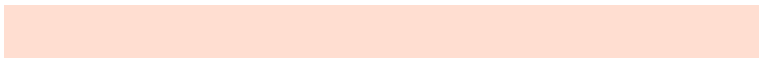
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69.7550, 80.5697, 106.4828



76.7522, 80.5697, 117.2585



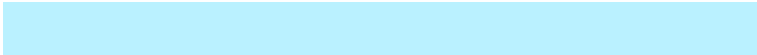
83.8343, 80.5697, 71.3135



76.4062, 80.5697, 63.6230

Sweetspot

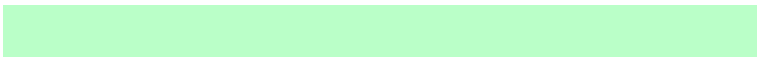
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69.7571, 80.5728, 106.4833



86.6331, 93.7224, 108.1319



66.4127, 86.1204, 67.6453



18.2235, 19.8187, 23.1149



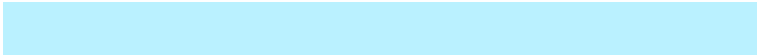
0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



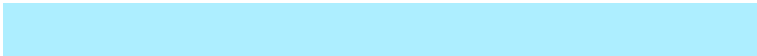
20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69.7571, 80.5728, 106.4833



66.0774, 77.5603, 106.0957



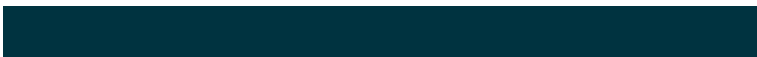
60.5412, 62.1410, 103.4113



18.2235, 19.8187, 23.1149



20.7340, 26.3776, 53.4332



2.0942, 2.7192, 5.2277

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.6775, 62.7303, 91.3949



71.7590, 57.5002, 88.5511



79.6118, 83.8225, 58.4395



18.6255, 18.2335, 21.9109



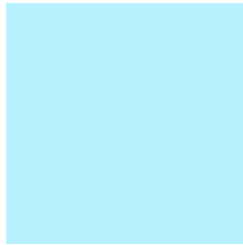
27.2538, 13.3908, 31.0505



2.6917, 1.3190, 3.2238

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 69.7550, 80.5697, 106.4828 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

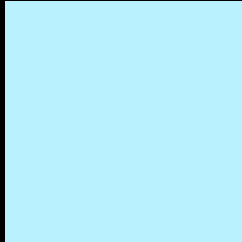
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 69.7550, 80.5697, 106.4828 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

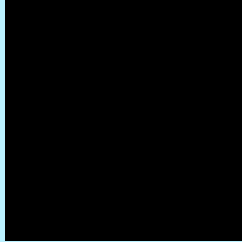
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 69.7550, 80.5697, 106.4828

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 69.7550, 80.5697, 106.4828.



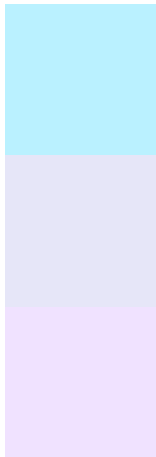
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 69.7550, 80.5697,

106.4828.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

69.7550, 80.5697, 106.4828

Protanopia

77.8732, 80.1939, 100.1816

Deuteranopia

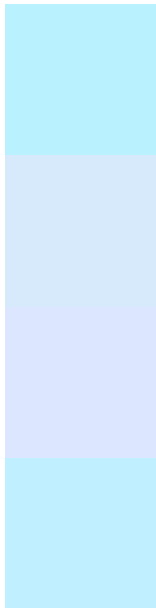
81.1815, 80.1380, 105.7972



Tritanopia

71.4222, 80.5551, 106.3921

Trichromacy



Original Color

69.7550, 80.5697, 106.4828

Protanomaly

74.5670, 80.1068, 102.7988

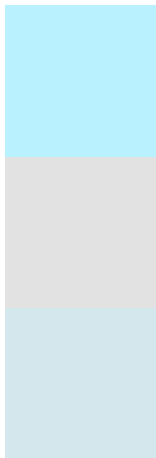
Deuteranomaly

76.1411, 79.5875, 105.9566

Tritanomaly

70.9483, 80.7466, 106.4540

Monochromacy



Original Color

69.7550, 80.5697, 106.4828

Achromatopsia

72.2879, 76.0525, 82.8211

Achromatomaly

70.7259, 77.1151, 91.2778

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 69.7550, 80.5697, 106.4828 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 241, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 241, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 241, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 241, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 69.7550, 80.5697, 106.4828 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 241, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 241, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 241, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 241, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 241, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 241,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 69.7550, 80.5697, 106.4828 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 241, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
241, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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