

Converting Colors

XYZ(7.0246, 9.4513, 6.6300)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(7.0246, 9.4513, 6.6300)
contains.

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Color

XYZ(7.0360, 9.4555, 6.6085)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3F5E42
RGB	63, 94, 66
RGB Percent	25%, 37%, 26%
CMY	0.7529, 0.6314, 0.7412
CMYK	0.33, 0.00, 0.30, 0.63
HSL	126°, 20%, 31%
HSV	126°, 33%, 37%
XYZ	7.0360, 9.4555, 6.6085
YIQ	81.5390, -9.4880, -15.2800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

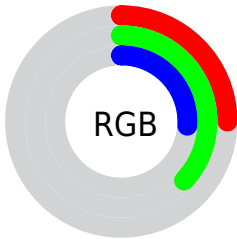
Format	Color
RYB	63, 91, 94
Decimal	4152898
CIELab	36.85, -17.85, 12.52
CIELCh	37, 21.799, 144.954
Yxy	9.4555, 0.3046, 0.4093
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282342978 (0xFF3F5E42)
YUV	81.5390, -7.6607, -16.2587
Hunter-Lab	30.7498, -12.9688, 8.7827

Details

The XYZ color **7.0360, 9.4555, 6.6085** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **8.2823, 6.6903, 10.7529**, and the grayscale version is **7.9443, 8.3580, 9.1019**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **19.8448, 24.9104, 19.6819**, and **1.4611, 2.3044, 1.1784** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **6.2542, 9.0795, 5.3609**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **7.9581, 9.9000, 8.0572**.

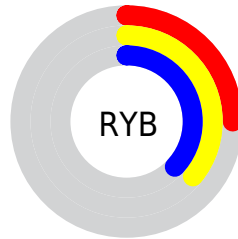
Distribution



 Red (25%)

 Green (37%)

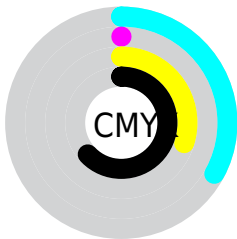
 Blue (26%)




 Red (25%)

 Yellow (36%)

 Blue (37%)

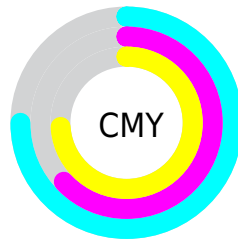


 Cyan (33%)


 Magenta (0%)

 Yellow (30%)

 Black (63%)



 Cyan (75%)

 Magenta (63%)

 Yellow (74%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 7.0360, 9.4555, 6.6085 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 7.0360, 9.4555, 6.6085 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

7.0360, 9.4555,
6.6085

7.0360, 9.4555,
6.6085

162.5006,
186.7405, 173.8754

3.5312, 5.0395,
3.1438

19.7496, 24.7662,
19.6805

1.4405, 2.2704,
1.1685

29.6891, 36.4296,
30.1248

0.2848, 0.7580,
0.0000

42.5041, 51.2777,
43.7327

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

58.5601, 69.6947,
60.9228

78.2224, 92.0651,
82.1135

101.8564,

118.7732, 107.7235

129.8273,
150.2036, 138.1713

■ 7.0360, 9.4555,
6.6085

■ 7.0360, 9.4555,
6.6085

■ 6.2542, 9.0795,
5.3609

■ 7.9581, 9.9000,
8.0572

■ 5.6050, 8.7676,
4.3048

■ 9.0260, 10.4150,
9.7146

■ 5.0813, 8.5164,
3.4310

■ 10.2460, 11.0037,
11.5887

■ 4.6750, 8.3220,
2.7291

■ 11.6237, 11.6689,
13.6870

■ 4.3768, 8.1800,
2.1879

■ 13.1646, 12.4133,
16.0166

■ 4.1721, 8.0830,
1.7943

■ 14.8736, 13.2393,
18.5841

■ 4.0527, 8.0257,
1.5967

■ 16.7557, 14.1492,
21.3962

■ 18.8156, 15.1455,
24.4589

■ 21.0578, 16.2302,
27.7784

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.9420, 9.4555, 4.9441



7.0360, 9.4555, 6.6085



6.6542, 9.4555, 9.6591

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



7.0360, 9.4555, 6.6085



8.7621, 9.4555, 19.5496



11.5353, 9.4555, 7.4820

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



7.0360, 9.4555, 6.6085



8.2823, 6.6903, 10.7529

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.8101, 9.4555, 10.9591



7.0360, 9.4555, 6.6085



10.1203, 9.4555, 18.5532

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



7.0360, 9.4555, 6.6085



7.5855, 9.4555, 17.6073



11.2693, 9.4555, 15.1482



10.5517, 9.4555, 5.3534

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



7.0360, 9.4555, 6.6085



6.7178, 9.4555, 12.3224



11.2693, 9.4555, 15.1482



11.7175, 9.4555, 8.5039

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



7.0362, 9.4559, 6.6087



16.3473, 18.4981, 17.8474



9.2559, 10.6101, 6.2629



3.8723, 4.4109, 4.2075



48.1978, 50.7079, 55.2208



4.4639, 4.6964, 5.1144

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



7.0362, 9.4559, 6.6087



11.1714, 16.0038, 9.7413



7.5412, 9.6579, 9.2680



2.3135, 2.5894, 2.5454



5.5964, 11.0997, 2.1524



30.4817, 60.7169, 10.9208

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.2823, 6.6903, 10.7529



13.7444, 10.2900, 18.2964



7.6955, 6.4556, 7.6630



2.4084, 2.3789, 2.8611



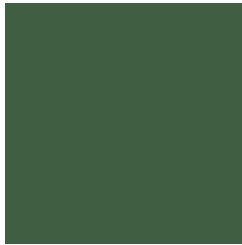
8.6410, 4.1942, 12.1687



47.1389, 22.8958, 65.6900

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.0360, 9.4555, 6.6085 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

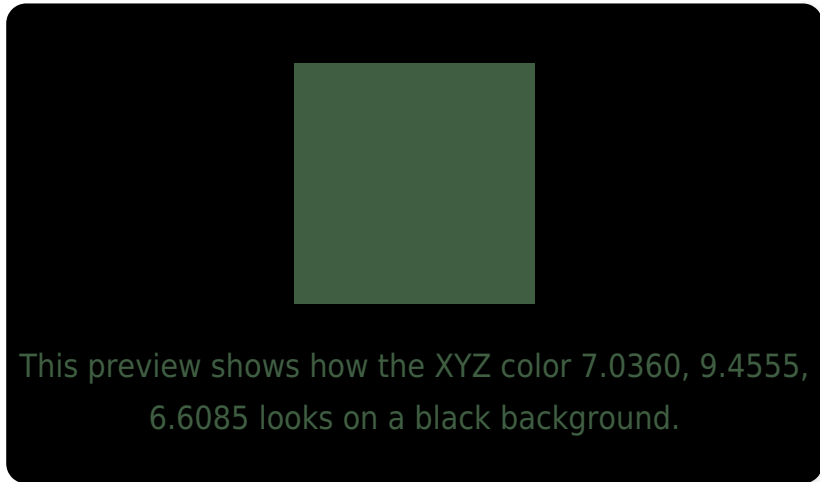
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 7.0360, 9.4555, 6.6085

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.0360, 9.4555, 6.6085.

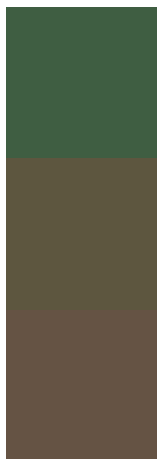


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.0360, 9.4555, 6.6085.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

7.0360, 9.4555, 6.6085

Protanopia

8.7392, 9.3416, 6.0451

Deuteranopia

9.5035, 9.3706, 6.7767



Tritanopia

8.2681, 9.4406, 12.6957

Trichromacy



Original Color

7.0360, 9.4555, 6.6085

Protanomaly

7.9775, 9.3088, 6.2268

Deuteranomaly

8.3518, 9.2479, 6.6550

Tritanomaly

7.7355, 9.3473, 10.2006

Monochromacy



Original Color

7.0360, 9.4555, 6.6085

Achromatopsia

8.0200, 8.4376, 9.1886

Achromatomaly

7.5339, 8.6732, 8.1145

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 7.0360, 9.4555, 6.6085 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(63, 94, 66) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(63, 94, 66)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 94, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(63, 94, 66) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 7.0360, 9.4555, 6.6085 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(63, 94, 66) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(63, 94, 66) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 94, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(63, 94, 66); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 94, 66);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 94, 66)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 7.0360, 9.4555, 6.6085 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(63, 94, 66) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(63, 94,  
66) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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