

Converting Colors

XYZ(7.0297, 8.6496, 19.0207)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(7.0297, 8.6496, 19.0207)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(7.0463, 8.6684,
19.0711)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	005A78
RGB	0, 90, 120
RGB Percent	0%, 35%, 47%
CMY	1.0000, 0.6471, 0.5294
CMYK	1.00, 0.25, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	195°, 100%, 24%
HSV	195°, 100%, 47%
XYZ	7.0463, 8.6684, 19.0711
YIQ	66.5100, -63.2700, -9.7500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

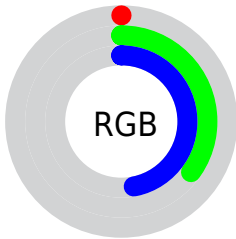
Format	Color
RYB	0, 51, 120
Decimal	23160
CIELab	35.34, -11.24, -23.39
CIELCh	35, 25.948, 244.332
Yxy	8.6684, 0.2026, 0.2492
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278213240 (0xFF005A78)
YUV	66.5100, 26.3706, -58.3293
Hunter-Lab	29.4421, -8.8039, -17.7955

Details

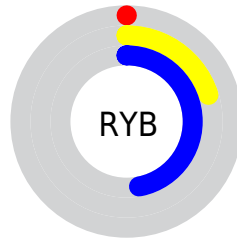
The XYZ color **7.0463, 8.6684, 19.0711** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006699**. A complement of this color would be **8.2104, 4.9222, 0.5176**, and the grayscale version is **5.2257, 5.4978, 5.9871**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **19.7261, 23.2306, 42.4740**, and **2.0380, 2.2563, 6.2893** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.0462, 8.6682, 19.0712**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **7.4565, 9.2633, 19.1645**.

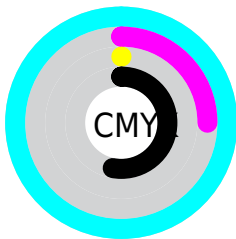
Distribution



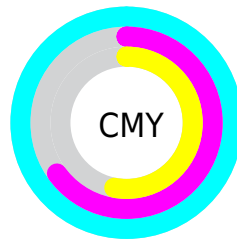
- Red (0%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 7.0463, 8.6684, 19.0711 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 7.0463, 8.6684, 19.0711 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

7.0463, 8.6684,
19.0711

7.0463, 8.6684,
19.0711

162.5842,
180.8845, 259.2768

3.5377, 4.5255,
11.5443

19.7701, 23.2587,
42.6925

1.4441, 1.9717,
6.3155

29.7160, 34.4750,
59.6242

0.2873, 0.5909,
2.9660

42.5383, 48.8178,
80.5280

0.0000, 0.0000,
1.0773

58.6024, 66.6716,
105.8224

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

78.2737, 88.4208,
135.9259

101.9175,

114.4498, 171.2571

129.8992,
145.1429, 212.2346

7.0463, 8.6684,
19.0711

7.0463, 8.6684,
19.0711

7.0462, 8.6682,
19.0712

7.4565, 9.2633,
19.1645

7.9502, 9.9165,
19.2645

8.5802, 10.6554,
19.3740

9.3612, 11.4879,
19.4935

10.3062, 12.4207,
19.6237

■ 11.4263, 13.4599,
19.7653

■ 12.7321, 14.6109,
19.9186

■ 14.2329, 15.8788,
20.0842

■ 15.9376, 17.2682,
20.2626

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



6.0699, 8.6684, 14.9367



7.0463, 8.6684, 19.0711



8.4600, 8.6684, 20.3708

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



7.0463, 8.6684, 19.0711



11.4803, 8.6684, 8.8251



6.7101, 8.6684, 4.1093

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



7.0463, 8.6684, 19.0711



8.2104, 4.9222, 0.5176

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



8.0220, 8.6684, 3.3451



7.0463, 8.6684, 19.0711



10.8717, 8.6684, 5.4882

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



7.0463, 8.6684, 19.0711



11.1373, 8.6684, 13.5098



9.5593, 8.6684, 3.7595



5.8930, 8.6684, 6.2802

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



7.0463, 8.6684, 19.0711



9.4919, 8.6684, 19.2021



9.5593, 8.6684, 3.7595



7.1016, 8.6684, 3.7154

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



7.0466, 8.6687, 19.0713



22.2108, 25.5401, 35.0122



6.9511, 13.5269, 3.4734



5.0710, 5.8848, 8.2753



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



7.0466, 8.6687, 19.0713



12.2845, 15.0286, 33.5064



3.8548, 2.2851, 18.0074



4.0263, 4.3508, 5.0708



7.6755, 9.4334, 20.8016



35.9116, 43.5957, 98.9919

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.5914, 4.7316, 10.0809



16.8143, 8.2995, 17.4408



11.4023, 11.3060, 1.5816



4.1137, 4.0612, 4.7964



10.4576, 5.1592, 10.9664



49.5296, 24.4682, 50.4465

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.0463, 8.6684, 19.0711 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.0463, 8.6684, 19.0711 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 7.0463, 8.6684, 19.0711

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.0463, 8.6684, 19.0711.

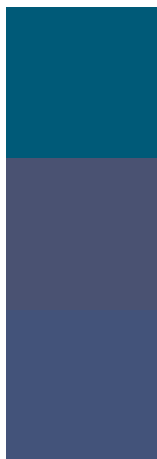


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.0463, 8.6684,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

7.0463, 8.6684, 19.0711

Protanopia

8.8786, 8.7053, 17.1319

Deuteranopia

8.9208, 8.7849, 19.6378



Tritanopia

6.2146, 8.7488, 13.4177

Trichromacy



Original Color

7.0463, 8.6684, 19.0711

Protanomaly

7.5732, 8.3623, 17.7379

Deuteranomaly

7.7752, 8.5496, 19.3296

Tritanomaly

6.4810, 8.7158, 15.2507

Monochromacy



Original Color

7.0463, 8.6684, 19.0711

Achromatopsia

5.3350, 5.6128, 6.1124

Achromatomaly

5.1921, 6.2176, 9.7306

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 7.0463, 8.6684, 19.0711 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 90, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 90, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 90, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 90, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 7.0463, 8.6684, 19.0711 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 90, 120) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 90, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 90, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 90, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 90, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 90, 120)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 7.0463, 8.6684, 19.0711 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 90, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 90,  
120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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