

Converting Colors

XYZ(7.0322, 5.7363, 3.5324)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(7.0322, 5.7363, 3.5324)
contains.

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Color

XYZ(7.0336, 5.7363, 3.5328)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	623930
RGB	98, 57, 48
RGB Percent	38%, 22%, 19%
CMY	0.6157, 0.7765, 0.8118
CMYK	0.00, 0.42, 0.51, 0.62
HSL	11°, 34%, 29%
HSV	11°, 51%, 38%
XYZ	7.0336, 5.7363, 3.5328
YIQ	68.2330, 27.3250, 5.8930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

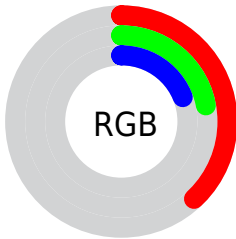
Format	Color
RYB	98, 59, 48
Decimal	6437168
CIELab	28.74, 17.09, 13.34
CIELCh	29, 21.679, 37.989
Yxy	5.7363, 0.4314, 0.3519
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284627248 (0xFF623930)
YUV	68.2330, -9.9749, 26.1057
Hunter-Lab	23.9506, 10.5069, 8.0199

Details

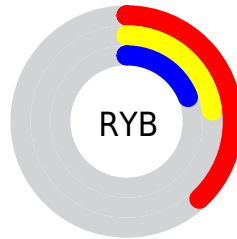
The XYZ color **7.0336, 5.7363, 3.5328** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **6.9957, 8.6545, 12.8570**, and the grayscale version is **5.5446, 5.8334, 6.3526**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **19.8345, 17.4906, 12.9203**, and **1.4237, 0.9670, 0.1116** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **6.4870, 4.9318, 2.4608**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **7.6881, 6.6851, 4.8616**.

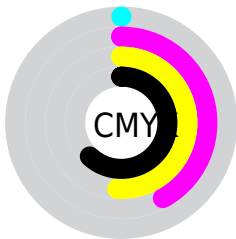
Distribution



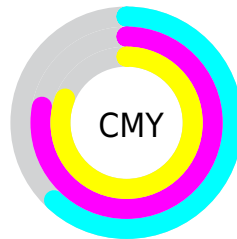
- Red (38%)
- Green (22%)
- Blue (19%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Blue (19%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Black (62%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (81%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 7.0336, 5.7363, 3.5328 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 7.0336, 5.7363, 3.5328 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

7.0336, 5.7363,
3.5328

7.0336, 5.7363,
3.5328

162.4812,
156.7070, 142.8816

3.5296, 2.6854,
1.3727

19.7448, 17.3815,
12.9171

1.4396, 0.9698,
0.1203

29.6828, 26.7446,
20.9783

0.2842, 0.0000,
0.0000

42.4962, 38.9806,
31.8437

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

58.5503, 54.4738,
45.9318

78.2105, 73.6086,
63.6610

101.8421, 96.7695,

85.4501

129.8106,
124.3408, 111.7174

■ 7.0336, 5.7363,
3.5328

■ 7.0336, 5.7363,
3.5328

■ 6.4870, 4.9318,
2.4608

■ 7.6881, 6.6851,
4.8616

■ 6.0420, 4.2636,
1.6284

■ 8.4556, 7.7839,
6.4619

■ 5.6921, 3.7243,
1.0172

■ 9.3413, 9.0393,
8.3479

■ 5.4298, 3.3053,
0.6045

■ 10.3499, 10.4569,
10.5327

■ 5.2476, 3.0178,
0.3059

■ 11.4860, 12.0425,
13.0284

■ 12.7539, 13.8011,
15.8466

■ 14.1576, 15.7380,
18.9982

■ 15.7010, 17.8579,
22.4937

■ 17.3879, 20.1654,
26.3431

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.4834, 5.7363, 5.5421



7.0336, 5.7363, 3.5328



6.1708, 5.7363, 2.5251

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



7.0336, 5.7363, 3.5328



3.9189, 5.7363, 4.4728



5.7118, 5.7363, 13.0472

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



7.0336, 5.7363, 3.5328



6.9957, 8.6545, 12.8570

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4.7917, 5.7363, 12.5110



7.0336, 5.7363, 3.5328



3.8264, 5.7363, 7.0068

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



7.0336, 5.7363, 3.5328



4.3969, 5.7363, 2.9469



4.1276, 5.7363, 10.0804



6.6641, 5.7363, 11.3835

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



7.0336, 5.7363, 3.5328



5.5169, 5.7363, 2.3227



4.1276, 5.7363, 10.0804



5.3879, 5.7363, 13.1256

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



7.0337, 5.7366, 3.5329



17.3280, 17.1895, 16.6969



7.9252, 5.4431, 10.2315



4.0593, 4.0022, 3.8399



49.6657, 52.2522, 56.9026



4.8358, 5.0876, 5.5404

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



7.0337, 5.7366, 3.5329



11.2150, 8.4147, 4.0197



8.5377, 8.7446, 4.0342



2.6061, 2.6554, 2.7193



6.9613, 3.9653, 0.3985



36.7030, 20.2121, 1.9669

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.9957, 8.6545, 12.8570



11.1260, 14.1379, 22.3924



5.2948, 5.2527, 12.2900



2.6044, 2.8234, 3.2530



6.7628, 8.8283, 16.7353



35.5461, 45.9983, 89.2097

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.0336, 5.7363, 3.5328 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.0336, 5.7363, 3.5328 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

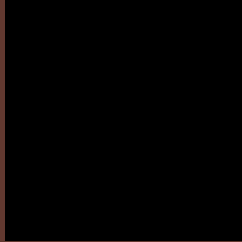
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 7.0336, 5.7363, 3.5328

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.0336, 5.7363, 3.5328.

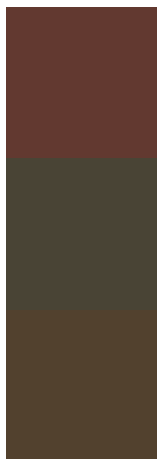


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.0336, 5.7363, 3.5328.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

7.0336, 5.7363, 3.5328

Protanopia

5.4574, 5.8078, 4.2015

Deuteranopia

5.8631, 5.7717, 3.3898



Tritanopia

7.3012, 5.7008, 4.8532

Trichromacy



Original Color

7.0336, 5.7363, 3.5328

Protanomaly

5.9106, 5.6996, 3.9206

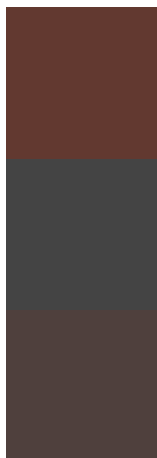
Deuteranomaly

6.2602, 5.7252, 3.4644

Tritanomaly

7.2494, 5.7568, 4.3435

Monochromacy



Original Color

7.0336, 5.7363, 3.5328

Achromatopsia

5.4944, 5.7805, 6.2950

Achromatomaly

5.9001, 5.6660, 5.1976

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 7.0336, 5.7363, 3.5328 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(98, 57, 48) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(98, 57, 48)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 57, 48) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(98, 57, 48) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 7.0336, 5.7363, 3.5328 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(98, 57, 48) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(98, 57, 48) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(98, 57, 48)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(98, 57, 48); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 57, 48);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 57, 48)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 7.0336, 5.7363, 3.5328 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(98, 57, 48) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(98, 57,  
48) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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