

Converting Colors

XYZ(7.1159, 10.8830, 12.6882)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(7.1159, 10.8830, 12.6882)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(7.1629, 10.9477,
12.8019)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	006960
RGB	0, 105, 96
RGB Percent	0%, 41%, 38%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5882, 0.6235
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.09, 0.59
HSL	175°, 100%, 21%
HSV	175°, 100%, 41%
XYZ	7.1629, 10.9477, 12.8019
YIQ	72.5790, -59.6910, -25.0590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

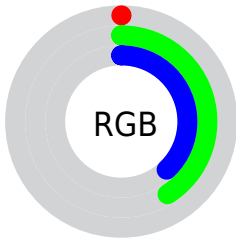
Format	Color
RYB	0, 55, 105
Decimal	26976
CIELab	39.49, -27.99, -2.30
CIELCh	39, 28.089, 184.703
Yxy	10.9477, 0.2317, 0.3542
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278217056 (0xFF006960)
YUV	72.5790, 11.5466, -63.6518
Hunter-Lab	33.0873, -19.2603, 0.2211

Details

The XYZ color **7.1629, 10.9477, 12.8019** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **5.8754, 3.0233, 0.5326**, and the grayscale version is **6.2482, 6.5736, 7.1586**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **19.9929, 27.6057, 31.4688**, and **2.0389, 3.1565, 3.5194** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.1631, 10.9480, 12.8020**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **7.3364, 11.0326, 13.0279**.

Distribution



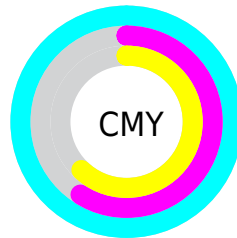
- Red (0%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (59%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 7.1629, 10.9477, 12.8019 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 7.1629, 10.9477, 12.8019 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

7.1629, 10.9477,
12.8019

7.1629, 10.9477,
12.8019

163.5258,
197.3084, 220.8072

3.6114, 6.0317,
7.1632

20.0017, 27.5634,
31.6334

1.4847, 2.8644,
3.4844

30.0197, 40.0319,
45.6632

0.3154, 1.0613,
1.3470

42.9239, 55.7867,
63.3271

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0998


59.0797, 75.2121,
85.0437


0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


78.8525, 98.6926,
111.2314


102.6075,


126.6125, 142.3089


 130.7102,
159.3563, 178.6946


 7.1629, 10.9477,
12.8019


 7.1629, 10.9477,
12.8019


 7.1631, 10.9480,
12.8020

 7.3364, 11.0326,
13.0279

 7.5564, 11.1411,
13.2583

 7.8702, 11.2979,
13.4956

 8.2880, 11.5084,
13.7402

 8.8189, 11.7770,
13.9927

■ 9.4710, 12.1081,
14.2533

■ 10.2515, 12.5053,
14.5225

■ 11.1672, 12.9721,
14.8005

■ 12.2242, 13.5118,
15.0877

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.4306, 10.9477, 7.9733



7.1629, 10.9477, 12.8019



7.6733, 10.9477, 18.9520

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



7.1629, 10.9477, 12.8019



12.6351, 10.9477, 22.8020



12.0518, 10.9477, 4.7248

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



7.1629, 10.9477, 12.8019



5.8754, 3.0233, 0.5326

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.7195, 10.9477, 6.8864



7.1629, 10.9477, 12.8019



14.0841, 10.9477, 16.9926

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



7.1629, 10.9477, 12.8019



10.7089, 10.9477, 25.7435



14.5032, 10.9477, 11.0799



10.1078, 10.9477, 4.2198

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



7.1629, 10.9477, 12.8019



8.4278, 10.9477, 22.7060



14.5032, 10.9477, 11.0799



12.6706, 10.9477, 5.2407

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



7.1632, 10.9481, 12.8022



18.2246, 22.3247, 25.9608



5.1834, 10.1714, 1.6903



4.1653, 5.1767, 6.0467



52.6788, 55.4222, 60.3547



5.6320, 5.9254, 6.4527

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



7.1632, 10.9481, 12.8022



12.8046, 19.5946, 22.8104



4.3278, 4.5755, 14.0202



3.1712, 3.4876, 3.8852



9.0630, 13.8593, 16.1747



46.0212, 70.5556, 81.5813

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5.8754, 3.0233, 0.5326



10.4968, 5.4038, 0.8314



6.6541, 4.6597, 0.5490



3.1093, 3.1206, 3.3061



7.4316, 3.8248, 0.6353



37.7217, 19.4306, 2.4712

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.1629, 10.9477, 12.8019 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.1629, 10.9477, 12.8019 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 7.1629, 10.9477, 12.8019

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.1629, 10.9477, 12.8019.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.1629, 10.9477,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

7.1629, 10.9477, 12.8019

Protanopia

10.5414, 11.0368, 11.0259

Deuteranopia

11.0539, 10.8658, 13.3191



Tritanopia

8.1455, 11.0678, 16.7459

Trichromacy



Original Color

7.1629, 10.9477, 12.8019

Protanomaly

8.1309, 10.3142, 11.6875

Deuteranomaly

8.3467, 10.1230, 13.0693

Tritanomaly

7.7830, 11.0604, 15.3603

Monochromacy



Original Color

7.1629, 10.9477, 12.8019

Achromatopsia

6.3328, 6.6626, 7.2556

Achromatomaly

5.8604, 7.6719, 8.9565

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 7.1629, 10.9477, 12.8019 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 105, 96)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 105, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 105, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 105, 96) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 7.1629, 10.9477, 12.8019 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 105, 96) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 105, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 105, 96)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 105, 96); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 105, 96);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 105, 96)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 7.1629, 10.9477, 12.8019 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 105, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 105,  
96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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