

Converting Colors

XYZ(7.1939, 5.0372, 8.7767)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(7.1939, 5.0372, 8.7767)
contains.

XYZ(7.1939, 5.0372, 8.7767)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

XYZ(7.1939, 5.0372, 8.7767)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5E2F53
RGB	94, 47, 83
RGB Percent	37%, 18%, 33%
CMY	0.6314, 0.8157, 0.6745
CMYK	0.00, 0.50, 0.12, 0.63
HSL	314°, 33%, 28%
HSV	314°, 50%, 37%
XYZ	7.1939, 5.0372, 8.7767
YIQ	65.1570, 16.4560, 21.1600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

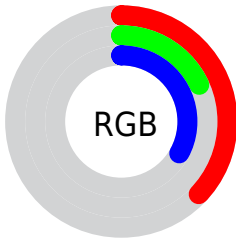
Format	Color
RYB	94, 47, 83
Decimal	6172499
CIELab	26.84, 26.84, -12.53
CIELCh	27, 29.625, 334.975
Yxy	5.0372, 0.3424, 0.2398
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284362579 (0xFF5E2F53)
YUV	65.1570, 8.7966, 25.2953
Hunter-Lab	22.4437, 17.9383, -7.4750

Details

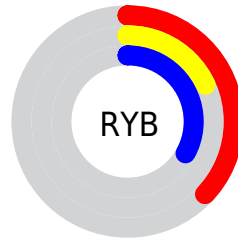
The XYZ color **7.1939, 5.0372, 8.7767** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **5.9389, 8.9154, 5.4111**, and the grayscale version is **5.0338, 5.2959, 5.7673**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **20.1799, 15.9889, 24.2129**, and **1.4983, 0.7642, 1.9023** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **6.7743, 4.3317, 8.2244**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **7.6975, 5.9063, 9.3704**.

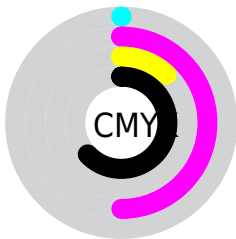
Distribution



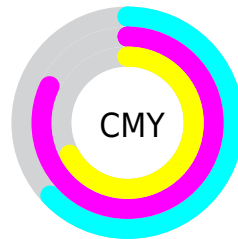
- Red (37%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (63%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 7.1939, 5.0372, 8.7767 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 7.1939, 5.0372, 8.7767 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

7.1939, 5.0372,
8.7767

7.1939, 5.0372,
8.7767

163.7751,
150.1818, 191.8596

3.6311, 2.2691,
4.5010

20.0631, 15.8981,
24.0384

1.4956, 0.7573,
1.9040

30.1002, 24.7597,
35.8615

0.3228, 0.0000,
0.4953

43.0261, 36.4212,
51.0375

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

59.2062, 51.2670,
69.9849

79.0057, 69.6816,
93.1223

102.7902, 92.0494,

120.8682

130.9248,
118.7546, 153.6411

■ 7.1939, 5.0372,
8.7767

■ 7.1939, 5.0372,
8.7767

■ 6.7743, 4.3317,
8.2244

■ 7.6975, 5.9063,
9.3704

■ 6.4329, 3.7785,
7.7113

■ 8.2895, 6.9477,
10.0070

■ 6.1641, 3.3662,
7.2354

■ 8.9744, 8.1707,
10.6880

■ 5.9609, 3.0809,
6.7944

■ 9.7565, 9.5835,
11.4151

■ 5.7858, 2.8476,
6.3755

■ 10.6394, 11.1937,
12.1897

■ 5.7858, 2.8476,
6.3754

■ 11.6271, 13.0087,
13.0130

■ 12.7228, 15.0353,
13.8863

■ 13.9300, 17.2803,
14.8109

■ 15.2518, 19.7499,
15.7880

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



6.2337, 5.0372, 12.8640



7.1939, 5.0372, 8.7767



7.4698, 5.0372, 4.9321

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



7.1939, 5.0372, 8.7767



4.5907, 5.0372, 1.1873



3.1369, 5.0372, 10.2038

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



7.1939, 5.0372, 8.7767



5.9389, 8.9154, 5.4111

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.8395, 5.0372, 6.0770



7.1939, 5.0372, 8.7767



3.5846, 5.0372, 1.6596

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



7.1939, 5.0372, 8.7767



5.8301, 5.0372, 1.4148



2.9886, 5.0372, 3.1399



3.8776, 5.0372, 13.9009

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



7.1939, 5.0372, 8.7767



7.1950, 5.0372, 3.1435



2.9886, 5.0372, 3.1399



2.9879, 5.0372, 8.7695

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



7.1941, 5.0374, 8.7768



16.3133, 15.3860, 19.2816



4.7801, 3.7400, 11.0597



3.8649, 3.6073, 4.5790



48.1978, 50.7079, 55.2208



4.4639, 4.6964, 5.1144

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



7.1941, 5.0374, 8.7768



11.7401, 7.3844, 14.2281



6.4361, 4.7342, 4.7854



2.3962, 2.3740, 2.7970



7.9866, 3.9325, 8.7227



43.3819, 21.3931, 45.9062

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.1941, 5.0374, 8.7768



11.7401, 7.3844, 14.2281



6.6779, 9.2110, 9.3027



2.3962, 2.3740, 2.7970



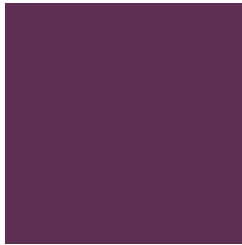
7.9866, 3.9325, 8.7227



43.3819, 21.3931, 45.9062

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.1939, 5.0372, 8.7767 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.1939, 5.0372, 8.7767 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

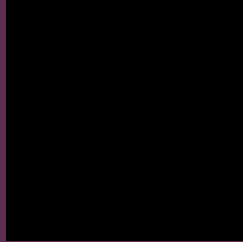
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 7.1939, 5.0372, 8.7767

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.1939, 5.0372, 8.7767.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.1939, 5.0372, 8.7767.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

7.1939, 5.0372, 8.7767

Protanopia

5.3113, 5.1381, 11.5383

Deuteranopia

5.2121, 5.1583, 8.3104



Tritanopia

6.3260, 5.0658, 4.5153

Trichromacy



Original Color

7.1939, 5.0372, 8.7767

Protanomaly

5.7354, 4.9105, 10.5431

Deuteranomaly

5.7724, 4.9762, 8.4408

Tritanomaly

6.5808, 5.0363, 5.7795

Monochromacy



Original Color

7.1939, 5.0372, 8.7767

Achromatopsia

5.0244, 5.2861, 5.7565

Achromatomaly

5.6632, 5.0305, 6.8034

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 7.1939, 5.0372, 8.7767 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(94, 47, 83) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 47, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 47, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 47, 83) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 7.1939, 5.0372, 8.7767 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 47, 83) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 47, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 47, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 47, 83); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 47, 83);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 47, 83)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 7.1939, 5.0372, 8.7767 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 47, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 47,  
83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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