

Converting Colors

XYZ(7.2606, 13.3508, 2.5239)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(7.2606, 13.3508, 2.5239)
contains.

XYZ(7.2664, 13.3561, 2.5116)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(7.2664, 13.3561,
2.5116)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	24760B
RGB	36, 118, 11
RGB Percent	14%, 46%, 4%
CMY	0.8588, 0.5372, 0.9568
CMYK	0.69, 0.00, 0.91, 0.54
HSL	106°, 83%, 25%
HSV	106°, 91%, 46%
XYZ	7.2664, 13.3561, 2.5116
YIQ	81.2840, -14.5250, -50.6610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

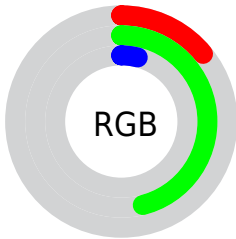
Format	Color
RYB	11, 118, 93
Decimal	2389515
CIELab	43.29, -43.37, 45.30
CIELCh	43, 62.716, 133.755
Yxy	13.3561, 0.3141, 0.5773
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280579595 (0xFF24760B)
YUV	81.2840, -34.6500, -39.7141
Hunter-Lab	36.5460, -28.4645, 21.5075

Details

The XYZ color **7.2664, 13.3561, 2.5116** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006600**. A complement of this color would be **7.9049, 3.8751, 17.4716**, and the grayscale version is **7.9464, 8.3603, 9.1043**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **20.1921, 31.9108, 10.4053**, and **2.0671, 4.1342, 0.6890** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **6.9458, 13.1982, 2.1814**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **7.7156, 13.5774, 3.0145**.

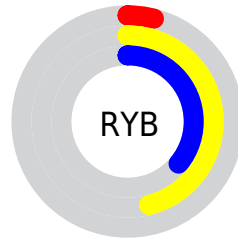
Distribution



Red (14%)

Green (46%)

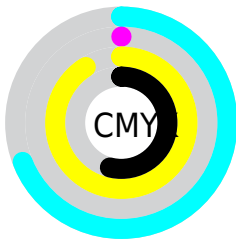
Blue (4%)



Red (4%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (36%)

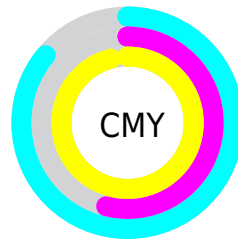


Cyan (69%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (91%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (86%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (96%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 7.2664, 13.3561, 2.5116 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 7.2664, 13.3561, 2.5116 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 7.2664, 13.3561,
2.5116

■ 7.2664, 13.3561,
2.5116

164.3562,
213.1874, 129.8740

■ 3.6771, 7.6742,
0.8463

■ 20.2066, 31.9421,
10.3974

■ 1.5211, 3.8872,
0.0000

■ 30.2882, 45.6149,
17.4598

■ 0.3401, 1.6107,
0.0000

■ 43.2646, 62.7203,
27.1598

■ 0.0000, 0.3648,
0.0000


■ 59.5012, 83.6424,
39.9160


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 79.3633, 108.7658,
56.1470


■ 103.2162,


138.4749, 76.2713


 131.4254,
173.1539, 100.7075


 7.2664, 13.3561,
2.5116


 7.2664, 13.3561,
2.5116


 6.9458, 13.1982,
2.1814

 7.7156, 13.5774,
3.0145

 8.3023, 13.8631,
3.7979

 9.0382, 14.2190,
4.8952

 9.9333, 14.6495,
6.3348

 10.9966, 15.1587,
8.1419

■ 12.2364, 15.7505,
10.3396

■ 13.6607, 16.4285,
12.9487

■ 15.2766, 17.1959,
15.9888

■ 17.0910, 18.0559,
19.4783

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.5997, 13.3561, 0.9598



7.2664, 13.3561, 2.5116



5.6702, 13.3561, 8.2668

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



7.2664, 13.3561, 2.5116



10.2556, 13.3561, 58.3429



24.1072, 13.3561, 9.0620

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



7.2664, 13.3561, 2.5116



7.9049, 3.8751, 17.4716

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.9464, 13.3561, 23.3881



7.2664, 13.3561, 2.5116



15.0487, 13.3561, 59.1063

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



7.2664, 13.3561, 2.5116



7.0702, 13.3561, 42.0150



20.3163, 13.3561, 43.7056



20.7118, 13.3561, 2.7754

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



7.2664, 13.3561, 2.5116



5.4664, 13.3561, 16.3666



20.3163, 13.3561, 43.7056



24.4894, 13.3561, 12.8593

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



7.2667, 13.3567, 2.5119



22.2315, 28.0350, 19.4785



11.2947, 11.4014, 1.9222



4.9691, 6.3779, 4.2203



57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568



6.9614, 7.3239, 7.9757

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



7.2667, 13.3567, 2.5119



12.1098, 23.1529, 3.8307



6.9627, 13.1670, 3.9876



3.7134, 4.1357, 3.9448



7.5040, 14.2728, 2.3594



35.9214, 69.2199, 11.4675

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.9049, 3.8751, 17.4716



13.1208, 6.0998, 30.6228



9.4905, 4.8509, 10.3910



3.7470, 3.7169, 4.6102



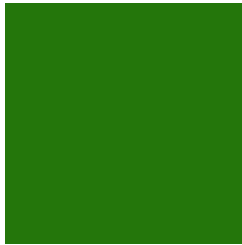
8.1341, 3.7846, 18.8444



38.8576, 18.0403, 91.7944

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.2664, 13.3561, 2.5116 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

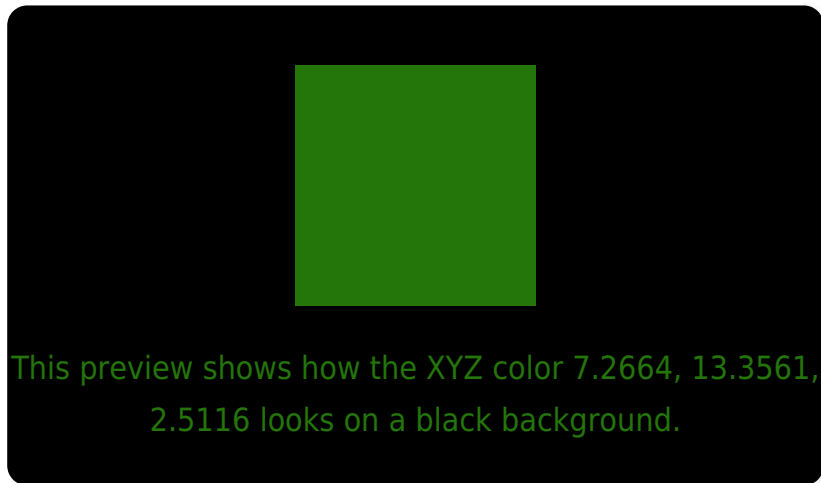
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 7.2664, 13.3561, 2.5116

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.2664, 13.3561, 2.5116.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.2664, 13.3561, 2.5116.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

7.2664, 13.3561, 2.5116

Protanopia

11.8216, 13.1476, 1.9147

Deuteranopia

13.3746, 13.2177, 2.8833



Tritanopia

10.7093, 13.4136, 19.4774

Trichromacy



Original Color

7.2664, 13.3561, 2.5116

Protanomaly

9.2222, 12.7123, 2.0825

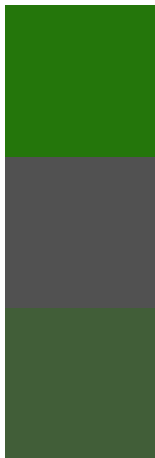
Deuteranomaly

9.9062, 12.5902, 2.6175

Tritanomaly

8.7183, 13.0932, 9.6572

Monochromacy



Original Color

7.2664, 13.3561, 2.5116

Achromatopsia

7.8210, 8.2283, 8.9606

Achromatomaly

6.8965, 9.4147, 5.1951

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 7.2664, 13.3561, 2.5116 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(36, 118, 11)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(36, 118, 11)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(36, 118, 11) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(36, 118, 11) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 7.2664, 13.3561, 2.5116 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(36, 118, 11) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(36, 118, 11) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(36, 118, 11)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(36, 118, 11); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 118, 11);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 118,  
11) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 7.2664, 13.3561, 2.5116 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(36, 118, 11) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(36, 118,  
11) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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