

# Converting Colors

XYZ(7.5210, 6.0029, 6.9149)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(7.5210, 6.0029, 6.9149)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(7.5066, 5.9808, 6.8897)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	603A48
RGB	96, 58, 72
RGB Percent	38%, 23%, 28%
CMY	0.6235, 0.7725, 0.7176
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.25, 0.62
HSL	338°, 25%, 30%
HSV	338°, 40%, 38%
XYZ	7.5066, 5.9808, 6.8897
YIQ	70.9580, 18.1540, 12.4100

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

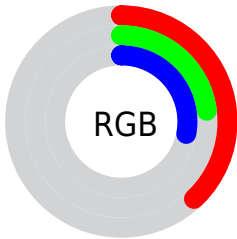
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	96, 58, 72
Decimal	6306376
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	29.36, 18.99, -1.48
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	29, 19.045, 355.532
Yxy	5.9808, 0.3684, 0.2935
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284496456 (0xFF603A48)
YUV	70.9580, 0.5137, 21.9618
Hunter-Lab	24.4557, 11.9926, 0.4157

# Details

The XYZ color **7.5066, 5.9808, 6.8897** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **7.4510, 9.8746, 9.4963**, and the grayscale version is **5.9793, 6.2906, 6.8505**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **20.7569, 17.9600, 20.1419**, and **1.5977, 1.0312, 1.2772** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **6.8789, 5.0264, 5.7522**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **8.2445, 7.1241, 8.1603**.

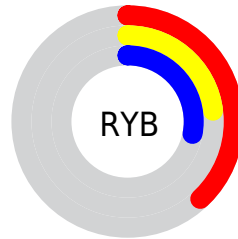
# Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (23%)

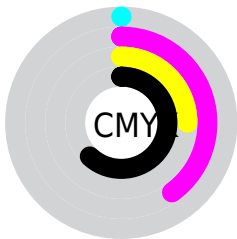
Blue (28%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (23%)

Blue (28%)

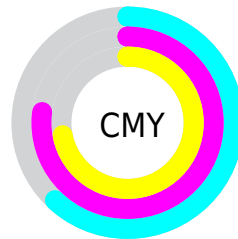


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (25%)

Black (62%)



Cyan (62%)

Magenta (77%)

Yellow (72%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 7.5066, 5.9808, 6.8897 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 7.5066, 5.9808, 6.8897 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



7.5066, 5.9808,  
6.8897

7.5066, 5.9808,  
6.8897

166.2638,  
158.9042, 176.3400

3.8300, 2.8334,  
3.3158

20.6801, 17.8913,  
20.2600

1.6064, 1.0454,  
1.2581

30.9078, 27.4232,  
30.8936

0.3966, 0.0000,  
0.0271

44.0499, 39.8520,  
44.7174

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

60.4717, 55.5621,  
62.1501

80.5387, 74.9381,  
83.6102

104.6161, 98.3641,

109.5162

133.0694,  
126.2247, 140.2866

■ 7.5066, 5.9808,  
6.8897

■ 7.5066, 5.9808,  
6.8897

■ 6.8789, 5.0264,  
5.7522

■ 8.2445, 7.1241,  
8.1603

■ 6.3552, 4.2498,  
4.7428

■ 9.0972, 8.4651,  
9.5682

■ 5.9296, 3.6401,  
3.8568


■ 10.0697, 10.0127,  
11.1174


■ 5.5953, 3.1845,  
3.0888


■ 11.1666, 11.7755,  
12.8122


■ 5.3447, 2.8688,  
2.4330


■ 12.3922, 13.7611,  
14.6562


 5.1409, 2.6206,  
1.8737

 13.7507, 15.9770,  
16.6531

 5.1327, 2.6103,  
1.8520

 15.2458, 18.4305,  
18.8065

 16.8814, 21.1282,  
21.1198

 18.6611, 24.0767,  
23.5963

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.1669, 5.9808, 9.5924



7.5066, 5.9808, 6.8897



7.3190, 5.9808, 4.6693

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



7.5066, 5.9808, 6.8897



4.9983, 5.9808, 3.0936



4.7954, 5.9808, 11.2742

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



7.5066, 5.9808, 6.8897



7.4510, 9.8746, 9.4963

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4.3136, 5.9808, 8.7853



7.5066, 5.9808, 6.8897



4.4221, 5.9808, 4.1738

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



7.5066, 5.9808, 6.8897



5.8149, 5.9808, 2.8276



4.1842, 5.9808, 6.1485



5.5562, 5.9808, 12.4993



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



7.5066, 5.9808, 6.8897



6.9293, 5.9808, 3.6729



4.1842, 5.9808, 6.1485



4.5986, 5.9808, 10.5311

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



7.5068, 5.9811, 6.8898



17.1435, 16.7475, 18.6938



7.0552, 5.6395, 11.7830



4.2226, 4.1040, 4.5877



49.6657, 52.2522, 56.9026



4.8358, 5.0876, 5.5404



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



7.5068, 5.9811, 6.8898



12.1670, 8.9810, 10.2939



7.3341, 6.2852, 4.8300



2.6075, 2.6039, 2.8873



7.1137, 3.6203, 2.4523



37.6075, 19.1824, 11.0190



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.5068, 5.9811, 6.8898



12.1670, 8.9810, 10.2939



7.6461, 9.3236, 12.4629



2.6075, 2.6039, 2.8873



7.1137, 3.6203, 2.4523

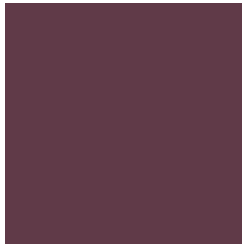


37.6075, 19.1824, 11.0190



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.5066, 5.9808, 6.8897 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

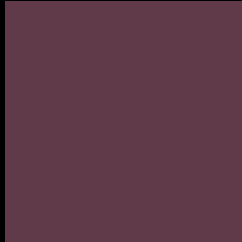
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.5066, 5.9808, 6.8897 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

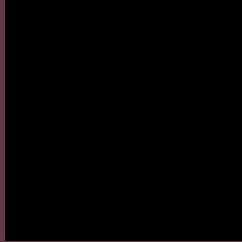
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 7.5066, 5.9808, 6.8897**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.5066, 5.9808, 6.8897.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.5066, 5.9808, 6.8897.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

7.5066, 5.9808, 6.8897

### Protanopia

5.9233, 6.0497, 8.2527

### Deuteranopia

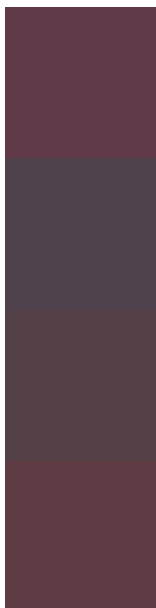
6.0931, 5.9930, 6.6300



## Tritanopia

7.2087, 5.9310, 5.6153

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

7.5066, 5.9808, 6.8897

## Protanomaly

6.3367, 5.9221, 7.6466

## Deuteranomaly

6.5380, 5.9607, 6.7672

## Tritanomaly

7.2964, 5.9661, 6.0772

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

7.5066, 5.9808, 6.8897

## Achromatopsia

5.9891, 6.3010, 6.8618

## Achromatomaly

6.3938, 6.0568, 6.7933

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 7.5066, 5.9808, 6.8897 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(96, 58, 72) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 58, 72)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 58, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 58, 72) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 7.5066, 5.9808, 6.8897 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 58, 72) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 58, 72) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 58, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 58, 72); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 58, 72);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 58, 72)  
}
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 7.5066, 5.9808, 6.8897 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 58, 72) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 58,  
72) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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