

Converting Colors

XYZ(7.5385, 11.0868, 12.0134)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(7.5385, 11.0868, 12.0134)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(7.5924, 11.1848,
12.1146)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1F695D
RGB	31, 105, 93
RGB Percent	12%, 41%, 36%
CMY	0.8784, 0.5882, 0.6353
CMYK	0.70, 0.00, 0.11, 0.59
HSL	170°, 54%, 27%
HSV	170°, 70%, 41%
XYZ	7.5924, 11.1848, 12.1146
YIQ	81.5060, -40.2520, -19.4200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

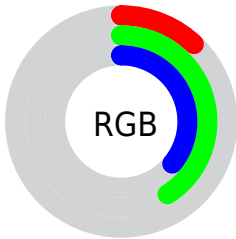
Format	Color
R_{YB}	31, 71, 105
Decimal	2058589
CIE _{Lab}	39.89, -25.57, 0.17
CIE _{LCh}	40, 25.570, 179.623
Yxy	11.1848, 0.2458, 0.3621
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280248669 (0xFF1F695D)
YUV	81.5060, 5.6665, -44.2938
Hunter-Lab	33.4437, -18.0033, 1.9334

Details

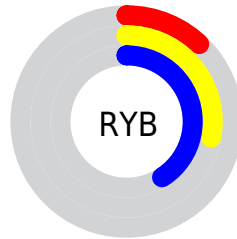
The XYZ color **7.5924, 11.1848, 12.1146** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **6.7521, 4.1579, 2.7325**, and the grayscale version is **7.9165, 8.3287, 9.0700**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **20.8526, 28.0755, 30.3067**, and **1.9762, 3.1315, 3.1896** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.2518, 11.0181, 11.7095**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **8.0385, 11.4062, 12.5339**.

Distribution



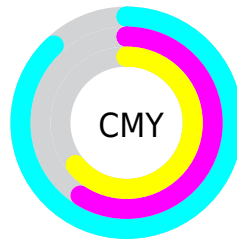
- Red (12%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (12%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (59%)



- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 7.5924, 11.1848, 12.1146 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 7.5924, 11.1848, 12.1146 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

7.5924, 11.1848,
12.1146

7.5924, 11.1848,
12.1146

166.9389,
198.9310, 216.1673

3.8849, 6.1913,
6.6983

20.8486, 28.0014,
30.3712

1.6372, 2.9617,
3.1986

31.1279, 40.5932,
44.0485

0.4165, 1.1118,
1.1969

44.3286, 56.4867,
61.3166

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

60.8159, 76.0660,
82.5940

80.9552, 99.7158,
108.2992

105.1119,

127.8203, 138.8508

133.6513,
160.7639, 174.6673

■ 7.5924, 11.1848,
12.1146

■ 7.5924, 11.1848,
12.1146

■ 7.2518, 11.0181,
11.7095

■ 8.0385, 11.4062,
12.5339

■ 7.0052, 10.8994,
11.3173

■ 8.5982, 11.6857,
12.9671

■ 6.8121, 10.8077,
10.9537

■ 9.2798, 12.0279,
13.4149

■ 10.0908, 12.4366,
13.8777

■ 11.0379, 12.9152,
14.3558

■ 12.1273, 13.4671,
14.8497

■ 13.3650, 14.0951,
15.3596

■ 14.7565, 14.8023,
15.8858

■ 16.3071, 15.5912,
16.4287

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.9697, 11.1848, 7.9043



7.5924, 11.1848, 12.1146



7.9513, 11.1848, 17.6262

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



7.5924, 11.1848, 12.1146



12.3933, 11.1848, 22.6992



12.4361, 11.1848, 5.5832

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



7.5924, 11.1848, 12.1146



6.7521, 4.1579, 2.7325

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.8533, 11.1848, 7.9875



7.5924, 11.1848, 12.1146



13.8267, 11.1848, 17.7681

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



7.5924, 11.1848, 12.1146



10.6085, 11.1848, 24.6725



14.3878, 11.1848, 12.2423



10.6531, 11.1848, 4.8288

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



7.5924, 11.1848, 12.1146



8.5852, 11.1848, 21.1570



14.3878, 11.1848, 12.2423



12.9780, 11.1848, 6.1854

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



7.5927, 11.1852, 12.1149



19.5598, 23.0222, 25.6068



6.3095, 10.7234, 3.0337



4.5016, 5.3523, 5.9591



52.6788, 55.4222, 60.3547



5.6320, 5.9254, 6.4527

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



7.5927, 11.1852, 12.1149



12.6603, 19.5718, 20.4744



6.0083, 7.0978, 14.4185



3.1618, 3.4839, 3.8357



8.6140, 13.6797, 13.8102



43.6232, 69.5964, 68.9541

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.7521, 4.1579, 2.7325



11.0704, 6.0522, 2.5600



7.4714, 5.8986, 2.0412



3.1179, 3.1241, 3.3514



7.4942, 3.8498, 0.9653



37.9644, 19.5277, 3.7493

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.5924, 11.1848, 12.1146 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.5924, 11.1848, 12.1146 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 7.5924, 11.1848, 12.1146

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.5924, 11.1848, 12.1146.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.5924, 11.1848,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

7.5924, 11.1848, 12.1146

Protanopia

10.5644, 11.0582, 10.5945

Deuteranopia

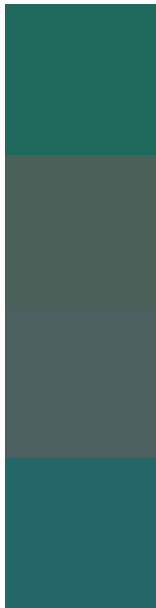
11.2192, 11.0934, 12.6163



Tritanopia

8.4957, 11.1016, 16.7340

Trichromacy



Original Color

7.5924, 11.1848, 12.1146

Protanomaly

8.8255, 10.6871, 11.0489

Deuteranomaly

9.2289, 10.7285, 12.4109

Tritanomaly

8.1119, 11.0933, 14.8104

Monochromacy



Original Color

7.5924, 11.1848, 12.1146

Achromatopsia

8.0200, 8.4376, 9.1886

Achromatomaly

7.3858, 9.0410, 10.1599

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 7.5924, 11.1848, 12.1146 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(31, 105, 93)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(31, 105, 93)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(31, 105, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(31, 105, 93) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 7.5924, 11.1848, 12.1146 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(31, 105, 93) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(31, 105, 93) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(31, 105, 93)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(31, 105, 93); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 105, 93);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 105,  
93) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 7.5924, 11.1848, 12.1146 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(31, 105, 93) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(31, 105,  
93) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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