

Converting Colors

XYZ(7.5722, 8.3019, 30.1588)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(7.5722, 8.3019, 30.1588)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(8.9132, 9.0184,
30.1251)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	005796
RGB	0, 87, 150
RGB Percent	0%, 34%, 59%
CMY	0.9999, 0.6588, 0.4118
CMYK	1.00, 0.42, 0.00, 0.41
HSL	205°, 100%, 29%
HSV	205°, 100%, 59%
XYZ	8.9132, 9.0184, 30.1251
YIQ	68.1690, -72.0750, 1.1490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

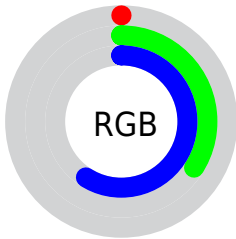
Format	Color
RYB	0, 55, 150
Decimal	22422
CIELab	36.02, 2.94, -40.63
CIELCh	36, 40.740, 274.137
Yxy	9.0184, 0.1855, 0.1877
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278212502 (0xFF005796)
YUV	68.1690, 40.3427, -59.7842
Hunter-Lab	30.0307, 0.4258, -38.4550

Details

The XYZ color **8.9132, 9.0184, 30.1251** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **14.3566, 10.0415, 1.1822**, and the grayscale version is **5.4682, 5.7530, 6.2650**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **23.3909, 23.8551, 61.1293**, and **3.1160, 2.6286, 12.1475** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.9126, 9.0171, 30.1251**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.6433, 10.1855, 30.3121**.

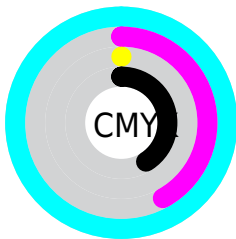
Distribution



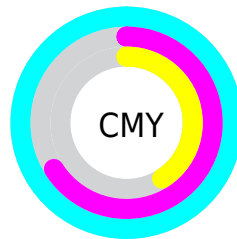
- Red (0%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (41%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 8.9132, 9.0184, 30.1251 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 8.9132, 9.0184, 30.1251 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

8.9132, 9.0184,
30.1251

8.9132, 9.0184,
30.1251

176.9498,
183.5151, 316.7126

4.7413, 4.7532,
19.6807

23.3989, 23.9321,
60.9233

2.1295, 2.1032,
11.9814

34.4433, 35.3493,
82.1142

0.7052, 0.6664,
6.6086

48.5093, 49.9193,
107.7243

0.0000, 0.0000,
3.1439

65.9622, 68.0265,
138.1722

0.0000, 0.0000,
1.1686

87.1673, 90.0553,
173.8765

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

112.4901,

116.3901, 215.2556

142.2958,
147.4152, 262.7281

■ 8.9132, 9.0184,
30.1251

■ 8.9132, 9.0184,
30.1251

■ 8.9126, 9.0171,
30.1251

■ 9.6433, 10.1855,
30.3121

■ 10.5602, 11.5166,
30.5207

■ 11.7323, 13.0486,
30.7546

■ 13.1866, 14.7968,
31.0154

■ 14.9465, 16.7749,
31.3045

■ 17.0327, 18.9949,
31.6230

■ 19.4640, 21.4679,
31.9722

■ 22.2576, 24.2041,
32.3531

■ 25.4295, 27.2131,
32.7667

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



6.6908, 9.0184, 27.4521



8.9132, 9.0184, 30.1251



11.4701, 9.0184, 25.5807

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.9132, 9.0184, 30.1251



13.0497, 9.0184, 4.0619



5.0174, 9.0184, 5.0626

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.9132, 9.0184, 30.1251



14.3566, 10.0415, 1.1822

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



6.2080, 9.0184, 2.3862



8.9132, 9.0184, 30.1251



10.7757, 9.0184, 2.0297

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.9132, 9.0184, 30.1251



14.1273, 9.0184, 8.8855



8.2391, 9.0184, 1.6067



4.7051, 9.0184, 10.8167

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.9132, 9.0184, 30.1251



12.9431, 9.0184, 19.9299



8.2391, 9.0184, 1.6067



5.3154, 9.0184, 3.8813

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.9136, 9.0187, 30.1253



34.0717, 37.6086, 56.3847



11.7903, 22.1664, 8.2887



7.1765, 7.9577, 12.4426



71.1368, 74.8414, 81.5023



11.3376, 11.9280, 12.9896

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.9136, 9.0187, 30.1253



15.5528, 15.5613, 53.1052



5.6432, 2.4779, 29.0352



5.7620, 6.1580, 7.3547



7.4240, 7.5429, 24.9957



0.1201, 0.1508, 0.3157

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.2983, 7.1727, 9.6478



25.1434, 12.6215, 16.5551



21.5951, 24.5186, 3.5950



5.9333, 5.8684, 6.7550



11.8744, 5.9548, 8.0855



0.1601, 0.0788, 0.1766

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.9132, 9.0184, 30.1251 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.9132, 9.0184, 30.1251 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 8.9132, 9.0184, 30.1251

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.9132, 9.0184, 30.1251.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.9132, 9.0184,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.9132, 9.0184, 30.1251

Protanopia

9.9689, 9.1317, 28.4313

Deuteranopia

9.2588, 9.0772, 30.1182



Tritanopia

6.3517, 8.9450, 13.7037

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.9132, 9.0184, 30.1251

Protanomaly

9.1643, 8.8223, 28.8236

Deuteranomaly

9.0640, 8.9768, 30.1091

Tritanomaly

7.0709, 8.8141, 18.7814

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.9132, 9.0184, 30.1251

Achromatopsia

5.4944, 5.7805, 6.2950

Achromatomaly

5.7169, 6.4276, 12.4946

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 8.9132, 9.0184, 30.1251 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 87, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 87, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 87, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 87, 150) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 8.9132, 9.0184, 30.1251 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 87, 150) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 87, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 87, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 87, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 87, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 87, 150)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 8.9132, 9.0184, 30.1251 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 87, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 87,  
150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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