

Converting Colors

XYZ(7.5733, 4.1501, 0.7497)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(7.5733, 4.1501, 0.7497)
contains.

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Color

XYZ(7.5733, 4.1501, 0.7497)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	750F0C
RGB	117, 15, 12
RGB Percent	46%, 6%, 5%
CMY	0.5412, 0.9411, 0.9529
CMYK	0.00, 0.87, 0.90, 0.54
HSL	2°, 81%, 25%
HSV	2°, 90%, 46%
XYZ	7.5733, 4.1501, 0.7497
YIQ	45.1560, 61.7550, 20.6910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

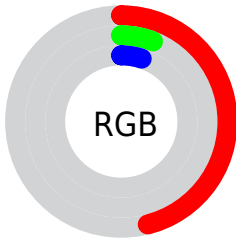
Format	Color
R_{YB}	117, 15, 12
Decimal	7671564
CIE Lab	24.16, 42.05, 30.93
CIE LCh	24, 52.199, 36.344
Yxy	4.1501, 0.6072, 0.3327
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285861644 (0xFF750F0C)
YUV	45.1560, -16.3459, 63.0072
Hunter-Lab	20.3718, 30.7075, 12.0783

Details

The XYZ color **7.5733, 4.1501, 0.7497** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660000**. A complement of this color would be **9.3786, 13.3947, 18.9206**, and the grayscale version is **2.5223, 2.6537, 2.8898**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **20.8473, 14.0124, 5.2203**, and **1.8635, 0.9607, 0.0872** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.3773, 3.8617, 0.3652**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **7.8756, 4.6021, 1.3211**.

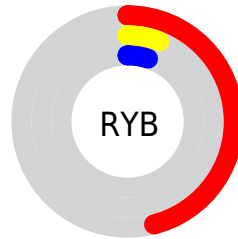
Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (6%)

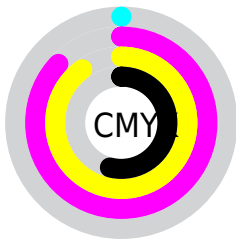
Blue (5%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (6%)

Blue (5%)

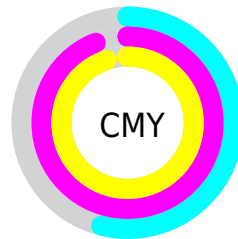


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (87%)

Yellow (90%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (54%)


Magenta (94%)


Yellow (95%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 7.5733, 4.1501, 0.7497 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 7.5733, 4.1501, 0.7497 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 7.5733, 4.1501,
0.7497


 7.5733, 4.1501,
0.7497


 166.7889,
141.2780, 98.5805


 3.8726, 1.7579,
0.0000

 20.8111, 13.9503,
5.2496


 1.6303, 0.4607,
0.0000


 31.0790, 22.1271,
9.9331

 0.4121, 0.0000,
0.0000

 44.2666, 33.0008,
16.8022

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 60.7394, 46.9560,
26.2754

 80.8626, 64.3768,
38.7713

 105.0017, 85.6479,

54.7085

■ 133.5220,
111.1535, 74.5053

■ 7.5733, 4.1501,
0.7497

■ 7.5733, 4.1501,
0.7497

■ 7.3773, 3.8617,
0.3652

■ 7.8756, 4.6021,
1.3211

■ 7.3725, 3.8547,
0.3555

■ 8.3302, 5.2752,
2.2006

■ 8.9538, 6.1932,
3.4234

■ 9.7608, 7.3766,
5.0199

■ 10.7640, 8.8436,
7.0170

■ 11.9750, 10.6109,
9.4395

■ 13.4048, 12.6939,
12.3097

■ 15.0632, 15.1071,
15.6488

■ 16.9598, 17.8638,
19.4763

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.6600, 4.1501, 3.4810



7.5733, 4.1501, 0.7497



5.5565, 4.1501, 0.0000

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



7.5733, 4.1501, 0.7497



1.4957, 4.1501, 1.5335



4.3521, 4.1501, 24.1856

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



7.5733, 4.1501, 0.7497



9.3786, 13.3947, 18.9206

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.6790, 4.1501, 21.8303



7.5733, 4.1501, 0.7497



1.3548, 4.1501, 5.7446

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



7.5733, 4.1501, 0.7497



2.1853, 4.1501, 0.0000



1.7119, 4.1501, 13.6835



6.4596, 4.1501, 18.7599

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



7.5733, 4.1501, 0.7497



4.1765, 4.1501, 0.0000



1.7119, 4.1501, 13.6835



3.7213, 4.1501, 24.3136

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



7.5734, 4.1504, 0.7498



21.9354, 19.7175, 17.8886



10.5764, 5.2884, 16.7584



4.9011, 4.3261, 3.8279



57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568



6.9614, 7.3239, 7.9757

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



7.5734, 4.1504, 0.7498



13.1845, 6.8675, 0.6307



9.3653, 7.7341, 1.3470



3.6916, 3.7162, 3.8650



8.1209, 4.2430, 0.3910



39.4663, 20.4611, 1.8693

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.3786, 13.3947, 18.9206



16.4362, 23.6727, 33.8400



5.1262, 4.8899, 17.5031



3.7748, 4.1381, 4.6900



10.1215, 14.5827, 20.8239



49.2111, 70.8387, 101.4398

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.5733, 4.1501, 0.7497 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

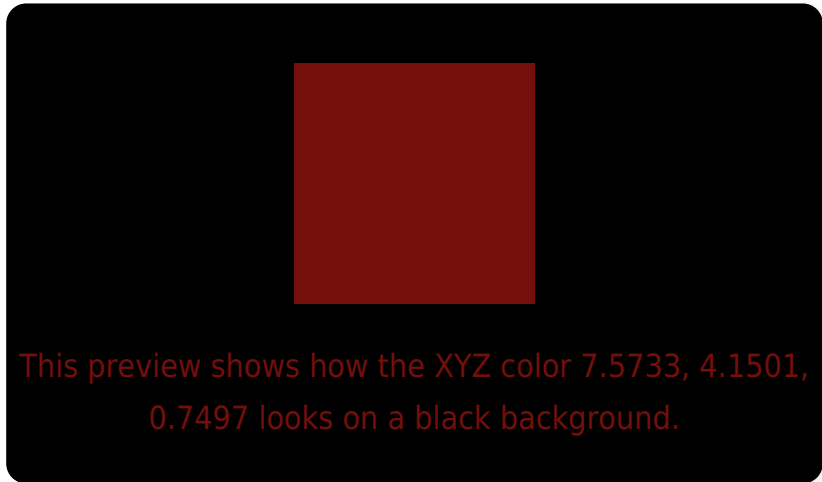
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

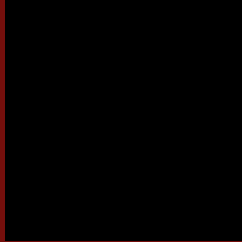
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 7.5733, 4.1501, 0.7497

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.5733, 4.1501, 0.7497.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.5733, 4.1501, 0.7497.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

7.5733, 4.1501, 0.7497

Protanopia

4.0754, 4.4829, 1.4096

Deuteranopia

4.4436, 4.4628, 0.6272



Tritanopia

7.5733, 4.1501, 0.7497

Trichromacy



Original Color

7.5733, 4.1501, 0.7497

Protanomaly

4.7562, 3.7763, 1.0505

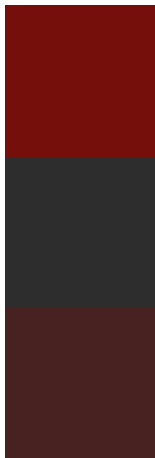
Deuteranomaly

5.1643, 3.8888, 0.5933

Tritanomaly

7.5733, 4.1501, 0.7497

Monochromacy



Original Color

7.5733, 4.1501, 0.7497

Achromatopsia

2.4942, 2.6241, 2.8577

Achromatomaly

3.4451, 2.5935, 1.7579

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 7.5733, 4.1501, 0.7497 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 15, 12)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 15, 12)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 15, 12) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 15, 12) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 7.5733, 4.1501, 0.7497 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 15, 12) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 15, 12) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 15, 12)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 15, 12); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 15, 12);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 15,  
12) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 7.5733, 4.1501, 0.7497 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 15, 12) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117, 15,  
12) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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