

Converting Colors

XYZ(7.5968, 10.4794, 17.7308)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(7.5968, 10.4794, 17.7308)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(7.7482, 10.5452,
17.8467)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	006573
RGB	0, 101, 115
RGB Percent	0%, 40%, 45%
CMY	1.0000, 0.6039, 0.5490
CMYK	1.00, 0.12, 0.00, 0.55
HSL	187°, 100%, 23%
HSV	187°, 100%, 45%
XYZ	7.7482, 10.5452, 17.8467
YIQ	72.3970, -64.6900, -17.0580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

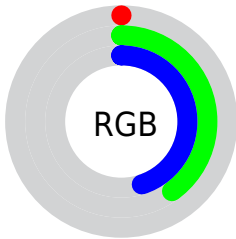
Format	Color
RYB	0, 54, 115
Decimal	25971
CIELab	38.80, -19.42, -14.96
CIELCh	39, 24.520, 217.611
Yxy	10.5452, 0.2144, 0.2918
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278216051 (0xFF006573)
YUV	72.3970, 21.0033, -63.4922
Hunter-Lab	32.4734, -14.2380, -9.8532

Details

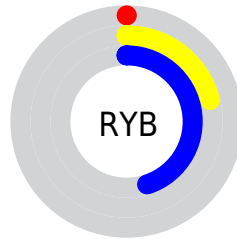
The XYZ color **7.7482, 10.5452, 17.8467** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **7.2276, 3.9593, 0.3836**, and the grayscale version is **6.2017, 6.5247, 7.1054**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **21.1049, 26.7423, 40.6087**, and **2.3323, 3.0436, 5.7747** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.7482, 10.5452, 17.8469**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **8.0304, 10.8944, 17.8994**.

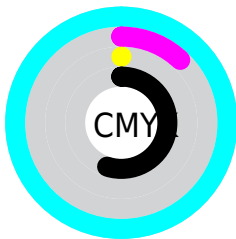
Distribution



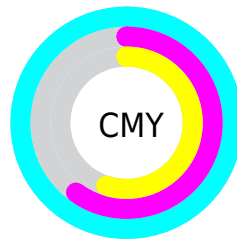
- Red (0%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 7.7482, 10.5452, 17.8467 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 7.7482, 10.5452, 17.8467 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

7.7482, 10.5452,
17.8467

7.7482, 10.5452,
17.8467

168.1563,
194.5202, 252.2126

3.9847, 5.7619,
10.6717

21.1535, 26.8160,
40.5863

1.6935, 2.7009,
5.7351

31.5260, 39.0724,
56.9880

0.4522, 0.9776,
2.6185

44.8322, 54.5885,
77.3024

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.9020

61.4375, 73.7489,
101.9479

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

81.7072, 96.9378,
131.3431

106.0066,

124.5398, 165.9066

134.7012,
156.9391, 206.0569

7.7482, 10.5452,
17.8467

7.7482, 10.5452,
17.8467

7.7482, 10.5452,
17.8469

8.0304, 10.8944,
17.8994

8.3786, 11.2809,
17.9557

8.8434, 11.7310,
18.0181

9.4381, 12.2515,
18.0872

10.1740, 12.8483,
18.1636

■ 11.0613, 13.5267,
18.2478

■ 12.1091, 14.2914,
18.3401

■ 13.3259, 15.1468,
18.4411

■ 14.7196, 16.0969,
18.5510

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.2367, 10.5452, 12.7070



7.7482, 10.5452, 17.8467



8.8805, 10.5452, 21.8883

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



7.7482, 10.5452, 17.8467



13.1945, 10.5452, 15.2341



9.6152, 10.5452, 4.7056

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



7.7482, 10.5452, 17.8467



7.2276, 3.9593, 0.3836

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.2593, 10.5452, 5.0416



7.7482, 10.5452, 17.8467



13.4457, 10.5452, 10.3382

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



7.7482, 10.5452, 17.8467



12.0509, 10.5452, 20.1181



12.7042, 10.5452, 6.8451



8.2362, 10.5452, 5.7569

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



7.7482, 10.5452, 17.8467



9.8934, 10.5452, 22.9283



12.7042, 10.5452, 6.8451



10.1535, 10.5452, 4.6665

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



7.7485, 10.5456, 17.8470



21.5227, 25.4760, 32.8275



6.2064, 12.2919, 2.4408



4.9789, 5.9652, 7.8180



57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568



6.9614, 7.3239, 7.9757

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



7.7485, 10.5456, 17.8470



13.8108, 18.7554, 31.9368



3.9988, 3.0461, 16.5970



3.7471, 4.0829, 4.6808



8.8475, 12.0348, 20.3992



42.6956, 57.8079, 99.2680

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.4195, 4.5848, 12.7008



16.8347, 8.1964, 22.5726



9.3186, 8.1414, 1.0807



3.8084, 3.7506, 4.5177



10.7630, 5.2389, 14.4918



52.2375, 25.4451, 69.5054

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.7482, 10.5452, 17.8467 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.7482, 10.5452, 17.8467 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

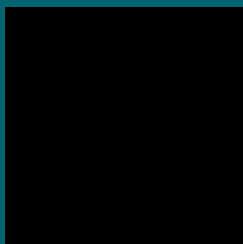
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 7.7482, 10.5452, 17.8467

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.7482, 10.5452, 17.8467.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.7482, 10.5452,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

7.7482, 10.5452, 17.8467

Protanopia

10.4724, 10.6396, 15.6891

Deuteranopia

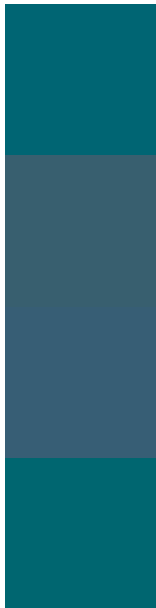
10.7639, 10.5988, 18.6180



Tritanopia

7.5658, 10.6285, 16.4046

Trichromacy



Original Color

7.7482, 10.5452, 17.8467

Protanomaly

8.5923, 10.1729, 16.5496

Deuteranomaly

8.7891, 10.1020, 18.3163

Tritanomaly

7.6760, 10.6726, 16.9847

Monochromacy



Original Color

7.7482, 10.5452, 17.8467

Achromatopsia

6.1596, 6.4803, 7.0571

Achromatomaly

5.9814, 7.4719, 10.3595

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 7.7482, 10.5452, 17.8467 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 101, 115)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 101, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 101, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 101, 115) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 7.7482, 10.5452, 17.8467 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 101, 115) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 101, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 101, 115)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 101, 115); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 101, 115);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 101,  
115) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 7.7482, 10.5452, 17.8467 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 101, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 101,  
115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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