

Converting Colors

XYZ(7.6019, 4.0082, 19.6561)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(7.6019, 4.0082, 19.6561)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(7.6166, 4.0149,
19.7756)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	53197D
RGB	83, 25, 125
RGB Percent	33%, 10%, 49%
CMY	0.6745, 0.9020, 0.5098
CMYK	0.34, 0.80, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	275°, 67%, 29%
HSV	275°, 80%, 49%
XYZ	7.6166, 4.0149, 19.7756
YIQ	53.7420, 2.4680, 43.3960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

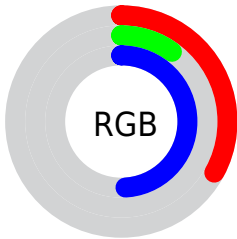
Format	Color
R_{YB}	83, 25, 125
Decimal	5446013
CIE _{Lab}	23.72, 44.36, -44.78
CIE _{LCh}	24, 63.028, 314.728
Yxy	4.0149, 0.2425, 0.1278
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283636093 (0xFF53197D)
YUV	53.7420, 35.1302, 25.6593
Hunter-Lab	20.0372, 32.7868, -44.4898

Details

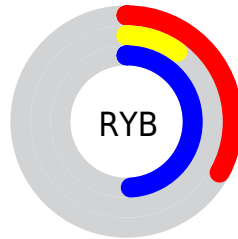
The XYZ color **7.6166, 4.0149, 19.7756** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663399**. A complement of this color would be **9.8237, 15.9307, 3.4769**, and the grayscale version is **3.4327, 3.6114, 3.9328**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **20.9369, 13.7016, 43.6607**, and **1.8351, 0.7993, 6.7142** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **6.9610, 3.3652, 19.6848**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **8.4273, 4.9222, 19.9081**.

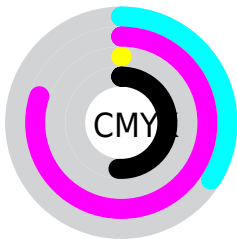
Distribution



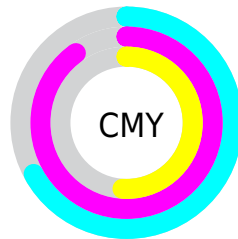
- Red (33%)
- Green (10%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 7.6166, 4.0149, 19.7756 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 7.6166, 4.0149, 19.7756 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

7.6166, 4.0149,
19.7756

7.6166, 4.0149,
19.7756

167.1287,
139.8470, 263.2616

3.9003, 1.6819,
12.0496

20.8960, 13.6458,
43.8947

1.6459, 0.4119,
6.6545

31.1899, 21.7125,
61.1248

0.4220, 0.0000,
3.1718

44.4070, 32.4592,
82.3600

0.0000, 0.0000,
1.1830

60.9127, 46.2704,
108.0189

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

81.0724, 63.5303,
138.5199

105.2513, 84.6235,

174.2817

133.8150,
109.9343, 215.7228

7.6166, 4.0149,
19.7756

7.6166, 4.0149,
19.7756

6.9610, 3.3652,
19.6848

8.4273, 4.9222,
19.9081

6.4118, 2.8778,
19.6197

9.4075, 6.1153,
20.0867

10.5701, 7.6192,
20.3157

11.9268, 9.4560,
20.5987

13.4881, 11.6455,
20.9391

■ 15.2636, 14.2061,
21.3397

■ 17.2624, 17.1550,
21.8036

■ 19.4928, 20.5080,
22.3332

■ 21.9630, 24.2802,
22.9311

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4.9909, 4.0149, 29.5178



7.6166, 4.0149, 19.7756



9.4964, 4.0149, 8.3838

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



7.6166, 4.0149, 19.7756



5.0373, 4.0149, 0.0000



1.0190, 4.0149, 8.2139

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



7.6166, 4.0149, 19.7756



9.8237, 15.9307, 3.4769

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



1.0234, 4.0149, 1.9007



7.6166, 4.0149, 19.7756



2.8418, 4.0149, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



7.6166, 4.0149, 19.7756



7.6616, 4.0149, 0.0000



1.5522, 4.0149, 0.0000



1.5367, 4.0149, 19.5545

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



7.6166, 4.0149, 19.7756



9.7455, 4.0149, 3.4503



1.5522, 4.0149, 0.0000



0.9684, 4.0149, 5.4437

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



7.6168, 4.0150, 19.7757



25.8283, 23.2548, 37.8717



6.1899, 5.8620, 20.2074



5.6650, 4.9875, 8.5672



60.6688, 63.8283, 69.5090



7.9400, 8.3535, 9.0970

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



7.6168, 4.0150, 19.7757



11.6723, 5.3567, 35.1631



12.0950, 6.3712, 17.8360



4.3290, 4.3252, 5.4200



6.6838, 2.9993, 20.4766



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.8182, 5.4605, 5.8464



16.3965, 8.4215, 6.9483



7.9908, 14.9765, 3.8125



4.3969, 4.3719, 4.8943



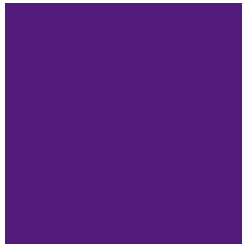
9.4823, 4.8126, 3.8637



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.6166, 4.0149, 19.7756 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.6166, 4.0149, 19.7756 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

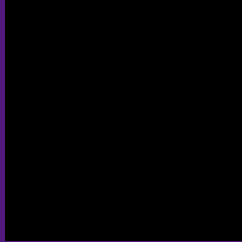
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 7.6166, 4.0149, 19.7756

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.6166, 4.0149, 19.7756.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.6166, 4.0149, 19.7756.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

7.6166, 4.0149, 19.7756

Protanopia

4.6842, 4.1364, 17.6911

Deuteranopia

3.9622, 4.0872, 13.1505



Tritanopia

4.5374, 4.1437, 4.4316

Trichromacy



Original Color

7.6166, 4.0149, 19.7756

Protanomaly

4.9250, 3.5333, 18.5116

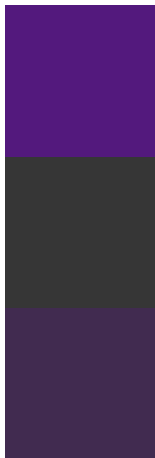
Deuteranomaly

4.3664, 3.4348, 15.1847

Tritanomaly

5.2885, 3.8328, 8.4437

Monochromacy



Original Color

7.6166, 4.0149, 19.7756

Achromatopsia

3.5063, 3.6889, 4.0173

Achromatomaly

4.4918, 3.4308, 8.0149

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 7.6166, 4.0149, 19.7756 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(83, 25, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(83, 25, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(83, 25, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(83, 25, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 7.6166, 4.0149, 19.7756 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(83, 25, 125) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(83, 25, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(83, 25, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(83, 25, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 25, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 25,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 7.6166, 4.0149, 19.7756 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(83, 25, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(83, 25,  
125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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