

Converting Colors

XYZ(7.6668, 14.7371, 36.1873)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(7.6668, 14.7371, 36.1873)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(14.1522, 18.0116,
36.4489)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0080A1
RGB	0, 128, 161
RGB Percent	0%, 50%, 63%
CMY	0.9999, 0.4980, 0.3686
CMYK	1.00, 0.20, 0.00, 0.37
HSL	192°, 100%, 32%
HSV	192°, 100%, 63%
XYZ	14.1522, 18.0116, 36.4489
YIQ	93.4900, -86.8810, -16.8730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

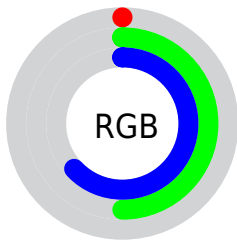
Format	Color
RYB	0, 71, 161
Decimal	32929
CIELab	49.51, -17.36, -25.92
CIELCh	50, 31.196, 236.188
Yxy	18.0116, 0.2063, 0.2625
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278223009 (0xFF0080A1)
YUV	93.4900, 33.2824, -81.9907
Hunter-Lab	42.4401, -14.7470, -21.2121

Details

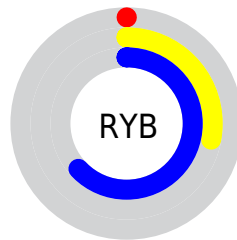
The XYZ color **14.1522, 18.0116, 36.4489** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. A complement of this color would be **15.2428, 8.6663, 0.8701**, and the grayscale version is **10.4601, 11.0049, 11.9843**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.9430, 40.0803, 70.9657**, and **5.5563, 6.6961, 15.4676** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.1518, 18.0107, 36.4491**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.8059, 18.9984, 36.6053**.

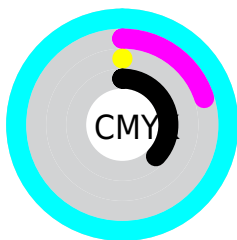
Distribution



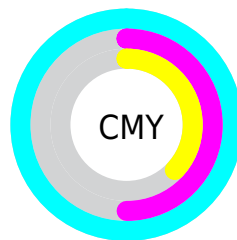
- Red (0%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (37%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 14.1522, 18.0116, 36.4489 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 14.1522, 18.0116, 36.4489 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 14.1522, 18.0116,
36.4489

■ 14.1522, 18.0116,
36.4489

■ 211.6673,
240.9364, 346.0149

■ 8.3090, 10.9583,
24.4887

■ 32.9429, 40.0571,
70.9012

■ 4.3468, 6.0388,
15.4810

■ 46.6210, 55.8181,
94.2303

■ 1.9001, 2.8687,
9.0073

■ 63.6416, 75.2504,
122.1862

■ 0.5769, 1.0636,
4.6490

■ 84.3698, 98.7386,
155.1873

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.9877

■ 109.1712,
126.6668, 193.6521

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.5477

■ 138.4110,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

159.4196, 237.9994

0.0000

172.4546,
197.3813, 288.6474

■ 14.1522, 18.0116,
36.4489

■ 14.1522, 18.0116,
36.4489

■ 14.1518, 18.0107,
36.4491

■ 14.8059, 18.9984,
36.6053

■ 15.6444, 20.1012,
36.7739

■ 16.7420, 21.3587,
36.9588

■ 18.1301, 22.7874,
37.1614

■ 19.8357, 24.4012,
37.3830

■ 21.8823, 26.2126,
37.6248

■ 24.2914, 28.2327,
37.8877

■ 27.0825, 30.4719,
38.1728

■ 30.2738, 32.9396,
38.4810

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.5160, 18.0116, 27.6929



14.1522, 18.0116, 36.4489



16.7451, 18.0116, 40.7047

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.1522, 18.0116, 36.4489



23.4281, 18.0116, 20.7118



14.7355, 18.0116, 8.3451

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.1522, 18.0116, 36.4489



15.2428, 8.6663, 0.8701

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.4994, 18.0116, 7.4553



14.1522, 18.0116, 36.4489



22.7326, 18.0116, 13.2786

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.1522, 18.0116, 36.4489



22.2799, 18.0116, 30.1152



20.4750, 18.0116, 8.9712



12.8246, 18.0116, 11.8876

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.1522, 18.0116, 36.4489



18.7506, 18.0116, 39.7228



20.4750, 18.0116, 8.9712



15.5858, 18.0116, 7.7792

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.1528, 18.0122, 36.4494



43.2352, 50.3419, 67.8248



13.0090, 25.5957, 5.6371



9.0949, 10.7197, 14.8334



76.7382, 80.7346, 87.9200



13.3056, 13.9985, 15.2444

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.1528, 18.0122, 36.4494



25.2001, 31.9667, 65.2285



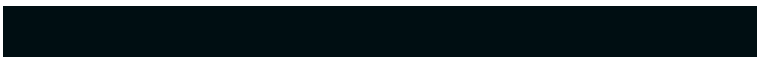
7.5034, 4.7134, 34.2329



7.1523, 7.7635, 9.0246



11.3320, 14.4434, 29.1204



0.2676, 0.3624, 0.6217

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.5948, 9.1363, 21.2061



33.2274, 16.3317, 37.5910



20.5709, 19.3224, 2.6461



7.3018, 7.1772, 8.5758



14.8653, 7.3022, 17.0133



0.3272, 0.1594, 0.4358

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.1522, 18.0116, 36.4489 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.1522, 18.0116, 36.4489 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

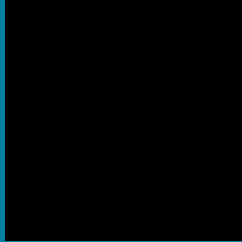
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 14.1522, 18.0116, 36.4489

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.1522, 18.0116, 36.4489.

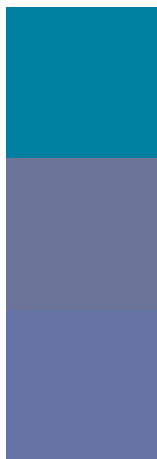


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.1522, 18.0116,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.1522, 18.0116, 36.4489

Protanopia

18.0972, 17.9459, 32.2158

Deuteranopia

18.3131, 17.9378, 37.6191



Tritanopia

12.7904, 17.8884, 27.9780

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.1522, 18.0116, 36.4489

Protanomaly

15.0871, 17.0647, 33.5090

Deuteranomaly

15.4417, 17.1673, 37.1501

Tritanomaly

13.1956, 17.8386, 30.7647

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.1522, 18.0116, 36.4489

Achromatopsia

10.4043, 10.9462, 11.9204

Achromatomaly

10.2277, 12.5459, 19.0221

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 14.1522, 18.0116, 36.4489 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 128, 161)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 128, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 128, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 128, 161) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 14.1522, 18.0116, 36.4489 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 128, 161) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 128, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 128, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 128, 161); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 128, 161);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 128,  
161) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 14.1522, 18.0116, 36.4489 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 128, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 128,  
161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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