

Converting Colors

XYZ(7.7033, 12.5821, 10.7164)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(7.7033, 12.5821, 10.7164)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(7.6575, 12.5242,
10.6082)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	097155
RGB	9, 113, 85
RGB Percent	4%, 44%, 33%
CMY	0.9647, 0.5569, 0.6667
CMYK	0.92, 0.00, 0.25, 0.56
HSL	164°, 85%, 24%
HSV	164°, 92%, 44%
XYZ	7.6575, 12.5242, 10.6082
YIQ	78.7120, -52.9960, -30.7560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

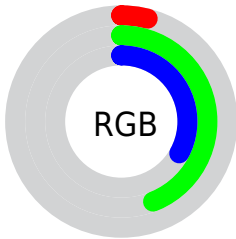
Format	Color
R_{YB}	9, 69, 113
Decimal	618837
CIE _{Lab}	42.04, -34.21, 8.04
CIE _{LCh}	42, 35.142, 166.782
Yxy	12.5242, 0.2487, 0.4068
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278808917 (0xFF097155)
YUV	78.7120, 3.1000, -61.1374
Hunter-Lab	35.3895, -23.3083, 7.0002

Details

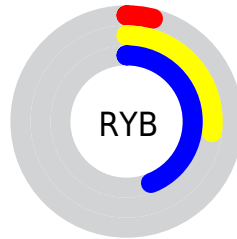
The XYZ color **7.6575, 12.5242, 10.6082** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006633**. A complement of this color would be **7.2421, 3.8400, 2.1105**, and the grayscale version is **7.3789, 7.7632, 8.4541**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **21.0700, 30.5995, 27.7175**, and **2.2164, 3.8200, 2.6280** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.4503, 12.4287, 10.1043**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **7.9634, 12.6680, 11.2675**.

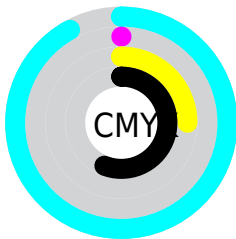
Distribution



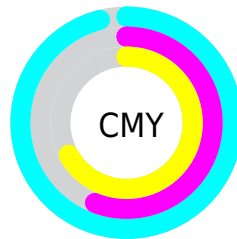
- Red (4%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (4%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (96%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 7.6575, 12.5242, 10.6082 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 7.6575, 12.5242, 10.6082 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

7.6575, 12.5242,
10.6082

7.6575, 12.5242,
10.6082

167.4489,
207.8454, 205.5995

3.9265, 7.1017,
5.6932

20.9761, 30.4463,
27.5588

1.6607, 3.5258,
2.5937

31.2945, 43.7147,
40.4316

0.4315, 1.4120,
0.8892

44.5394, 60.3673,
56.7939

0.0000, 0.2256,
0.0000

61.0761, 80.7883,
77.0645

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

81.2701, 105.3622,
101.6618

105.4866,

134.4735, 131.0044

134.0911,
168.5064, 165.5107

7.6575, 12.5242,
10.6082

7.6575, 12.5242,
10.6082

7.4503, 12.4287,
10.1043

7.9634, 12.6680,
11.2675

8.3810, 12.8683,
11.9592

8.9240, 13.1328,
12.6846

9.6036, 13.4670,
13.4445

10.4299, 13.8762,
14.2397

■ 11.4117, 14.3650,
15.0710

■ 12.5574, 14.9376,
15.9389

■ 13.8747, 15.5980,
16.8442

■ 15.3706, 16.3499,
17.7876

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.6094, 12.5242, 5.9746



7.6575, 12.5242, 10.6082



7.7178, 12.5242, 18.2199

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



7.6575, 12.5242, 10.6082



13.4119, 12.5242, 32.5360



15.6803, 12.5242, 5.6175

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



7.6575, 12.5242, 10.6082



7.2421, 3.8400, 2.1105

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.3819, 12.5242, 9.8948



7.6575, 12.5242, 10.6082



15.9469, 12.5242, 26.0311

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



7.6575, 12.5242, 10.6082



10.7932, 12.5242, 32.9507



17.4861, 12.5242, 17.1929



13.0882, 12.5242, 3.8869

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



7.6575, 12.5242, 10.6082



8.3210, 12.5242, 24.1755



17.4861, 12.5242, 17.1929



16.3909, 12.5242, 6.7161

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



7.6578, 12.5247, 10.6085



21.0737, 26.0416, 27.4887



6.7716, 12.2515, 2.2666



4.7213, 5.9465, 6.2375



55.7959, 58.7016, 63.9261



6.5000, 6.8385, 7.4471

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



7.6578, 12.5247, 10.6085



13.2851, 22.2328, 17.8001



6.7894, 8.6423, 16.9336



3.4385, 3.8006, 4.1154



8.4425, 14.0945, 11.4171



41.6827, 70.0617, 54.9080

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.2421, 3.8400, 2.1105



12.5747, 6.4386, 2.5717



7.3639, 4.5390, 0.7467



3.4180, 3.4149, 3.7279



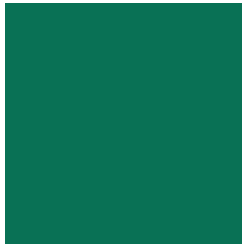
7.9893, 4.0881, 1.7538



39.4825, 20.2383, 7.0729

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.6575, 12.5242, 10.6082 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.6575, 12.5242, 10.6082 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 7.6575, 12.5242, 10.6082

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.6575, 12.5242, 10.6082.

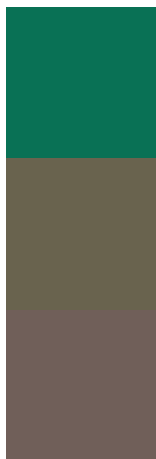


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.6575, 12.5242,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

7.6575, 12.5242, 10.6082

Protanopia

11.6627, 12.4770, 9.0013

Deuteranopia

12.5775, 12.3504, 11.1722



Tritanopia

9.5016, 12.6386, 19.0782

Trichromacy



Original Color

7.6575, 12.5242, 10.6082

Protanomaly

8.9613, 11.7968, 9.5893

Deuteranomaly

9.4145, 11.7032, 10.9953

Tritanomaly

8.6294, 12.4255, 15.5792

Monochromacy



Original Color

7.6575, 12.5242, 10.6082

Achromatopsia

7.4317, 7.8187, 8.5146

Achromatomaly

6.7476, 8.8605, 9.1392

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 7.6575, 12.5242, 10.6082 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(9, 113, 85)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(9, 113, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(9, 113, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(9, 113, 85) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 7.6575, 12.5242, 10.6082 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(9, 113, 85) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(9, 113, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(9, 113, 85)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(9, 113, 85); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(9, 113, 85);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(9, 113, 85)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 7.6575, 12.5242, 10.6082 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(9, 113, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(9, 113,  
85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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