

Converting Colors

XYZ(7.7169, 3.5731, 25.1910)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(7.7169, 3.5731, 25.1910)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(7.7330, 3.5847,
25.0953)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4B098C
RGB	75, 9, 140
RGB Percent	29%, 4%, 55%
CMY	0.7059, 0.9647, 0.4510
CMYK	0.46, 0.94, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	270°, 88%, 29%
HSV	270°, 94%, 55%
XYZ	7.7330, 3.5847, 25.0953
YIQ	43.6680, -2.7150, 54.7330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

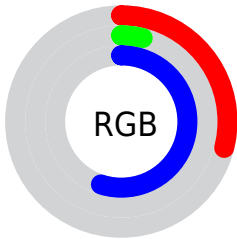
Format	Color
R_{YB}	75, 9, 140
Decimal	4917644
CIE _{Lab}	22.25, 51.80, -56.68
CIE _{LCh}	22, 76.780, 312.422
Yxy	3.5847, 0.2124, 0.0984
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283107724 (0xFF4B098C)
YUV	43.6680, 47.4917, 27.4782
Hunter-Lab	18.9333, 39.7721, -65.3331

Details

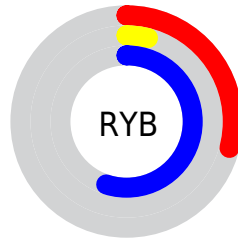
The XYZ color **7.7330, 3.5847, 25.0953** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660099**. A complement of this color would be **12.2511, 20.2316, 3.5178**, and the grayscale version is **2.3165, 2.4372, 2.6541**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **21.1586, 12.6619, 52.9586**, and **1.9843, 0.8146, 9.5038** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.2985, 3.2157, 25.0471**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **8.5153, 4.2978, 25.1918**.

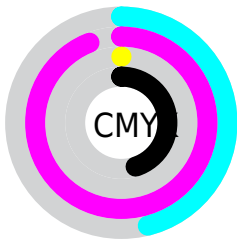
Distribution



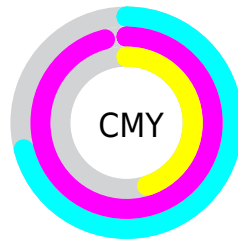
- Red (29%)
- Green (4%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (94%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (96%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 7.7330, 3.5847, 25.0953 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 7.7330, 3.5847, 25.0953 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

7.7330, 3.5847,
25.0953

7.7330, 3.5847,
25.0953

168.0380,
135.1382, 291.7751

3.9749, 1.4441,
15.9284

21.1238, 12.6610,
52.7778

1.6880, 0.2489,
9.3197

31.4872, 20.3656,
72.1305

0.4487, 0.0000,
4.8506

44.7832, 30.6935,
95.7156

0.0000, 0.0000,
2.1027

61.3770, 44.0292,
123.9515

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.6174

81.6340, 60.7572,
157.2569

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

105.9197, 81.2617,

196.0503

134.5992,
105.9272, 240.7501

7.7330, 3.5847,
25.0953

7.7330, 3.5847,
25.0953

7.2985, 3.2157,
25.0471

8.5153, 4.2978,
25.1918

9.5050, 5.3352,
25.3399

10.7247, 6.7392,
25.5466

12.1931, 8.5449,
25.8177

13.9269, 10.7832,
26.1584

■ 15.9411, 13.4817,
26.5731

■ 18.2495, 16.6659,
27.0660

■ 20.8649, 20.3592,
27.6411

■ 23.7992, 24.5834,
28.3018

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4.5372, 3.5847, 38.0942



7.7330, 3.5847, 25.0953



10.2583, 3.5847, 9.6378

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



7.7330, 3.5847, 25.0953



5.0565, 3.5847, 0.0000



0.5105, 3.5847, 7.6317

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



7.7330, 3.5847, 25.0953



12.2511, 20.2316, 3.5178

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0.5542, 3.5847, 1.0639



7.7330, 3.5847, 25.0953



2.4823, 3.5847, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



7.7330, 3.5847, 25.0953



8.2678, 3.5847, 0.0000



1.0991, 3.5847, 0.0000



0.9627, 3.5847, 22.2148

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



7.7330, 3.5847, 25.0953



10.7196, 3.5847, 3.3548



1.0991, 3.5847, 0.0000



0.4683, 3.5847, 4.5081

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



7.7332, 3.5848, 25.0954



30.0663, 26.4561, 47.2648



7.3285, 6.9160, 25.7597



6.5754, 5.6123, 10.8162



67.5393, 71.0566, 77.3807



10.1266, 10.6539, 11.6021

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



7.7332, 3.5848, 25.0954



12.6819, 5.5737, 44.1504



15.6466, 7.6643, 25.4657



4.9991, 5.0079, 6.3090



6.5078, 2.8690, 22.2565



0.0601, 0.0278, 0.1486

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.1488, 6.2652, 7.0468



20.9060, 10.5651, 10.5720



9.5401, 18.8340, 3.3909



5.1295, 5.0873, 5.7707



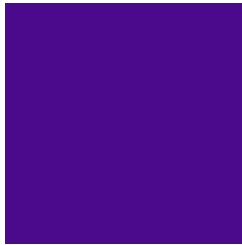
10.5870, 5.3449, 5.5955



0.0777, 0.0385, 0.0760

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.7330, 3.5847, 25.0953 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

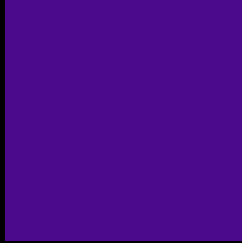
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.7330, 3.5847, 25.0953 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

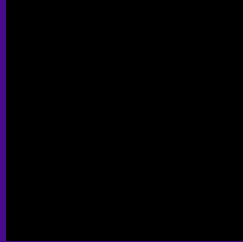
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 7.7330, 3.5847, 25.0953

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.7330, 3.5847, 25.0953.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.7330, 3.5847,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

7.7330, 3.5847, 25.0953

Protanopia

4.2438, 3.8082, 15.8406

Deuteranopia

3.5744, 3.7708, 11.6058



Tritanopia

3.7312, 3.8604, 4.6861

Trichromacy



Original Color

7.7330, 3.5847, 25.0953

Protanomaly

4.6580, 3.0244, 18.7506

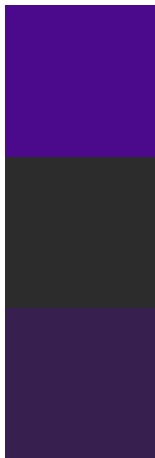
Deuteranomaly

4.1354, 2.9204, 15.6750

Tritanomaly

4.4412, 3.1149, 9.5997

Monochromacy



Original Color

7.7330, 3.5847, 25.0953

Achromatopsia

2.3940, 2.5187, 2.7428

Achromatomaly

3.4768, 2.3567, 7.6688

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 7.7330, 3.5847, 25.0953 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(75, 9, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(75, 9, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(75, 9, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(75, 9, 140) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 7.7330, 3.5847, 25.0953 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(75, 9, 140) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(75, 9, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(75, 9, 140)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(75, 9, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 9, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 9, 140)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 7.7330, 3.5847, 25.0953 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(75, 9, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(75, 9,  
140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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