

Converting Colors

XYZ(7.7332, 16.2685, 0.4268)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(7.7332, 16.2685, 0.4268)
contains.

XYZ(8.2513, 16.5025, 2.7504)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(8.2513, 16.5025,
2.7504)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	008400
RGB	0, 132, 0
RGB Percent	0%, 52%, 0%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4823, 1.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.48
HSL	120°, 100%, 26%
HSV	120°, 100%, 52%
XYZ	8.2513, 16.5025, 2.7504
YIQ	77.4840, -36.3000, -69.0360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

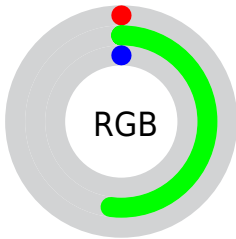
Format	Color
RYB	0, 132, 132
Decimal	33792
CIELab	47.63, -52.86, 51.02
CIELCh	48, 73.466, 136.016
Yxy	16.5025, 0.3000, 0.6000
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278223872 (0xFF008400)
YUV	77.4840, -38.1996, -67.9535
Hunter-Lab	40.6233, -34.8342, 24.4221

Details

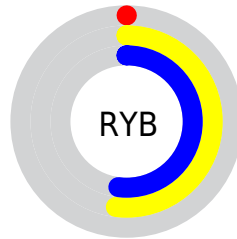
The XYZ color **8.2513, 16.5025, 2.7504** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339900**. A complement of this color would be **13.6809, 6.5718, 22.3769**, and the grayscale version is **7.2195, 7.5955, 8.2715**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **22.0803, 37.3385, 11.0443**, and **2.9424, 5.8849, 0.9808** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.2516, 16.5031, 2.7506**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **8.4946, 16.6199, 3.1481**.

Distribution



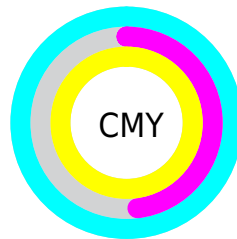
- Red (0%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 8.2513, 16.5025, 2.7504 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 8.2513, 16.5025, 2.7504 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 8.2513, 16.5025,
2.7504

■ 8.2513, 16.5025,
2.7504

172.0181,
232.2889, 133.1152

■ 4.3093, 9.8804,
0.9686

■ 22.1304, 37.4684,
11.0061

■ 1.8786, 5.3197,
0.0000

■ 32.7982, 52.5810,
18.3171

■ 0.5643, 2.4361,
0.0000

■ 46.4386, 71.2926,
28.3082

■ 0.0000, 0.8444,
0.0000


■ 63.4171, 93.9875,
41.3980


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 84.0989, 121.0503,
58.0051


■ 108.8494,


152.8651, 78.5480


 138.0341,
189.8165, 103.4452


 8.2513, 16.5025,
2.7504


 8.2513, 16.5025,
2.7504


 8.2516, 16.5031,
2.7506

 8.4946, 16.6199,
3.1481

 8.8791, 16.8045,
3.7770

 9.4878, 17.0969,
4.7727

 10.3478, 17.5101,
6.1795

 11.4824, 18.0551,
8.0353

■ 12.9121, 18.7418,
10.3739

■ 14.6556, 19.5793,
13.2257

■ 16.7300, 20.5758,
16.6188

■ 19.1512, 21.7388,
20.5790

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.4581, 16.5025, 0.8041



8.2513, 16.5025, 2.7504



6.3577, 16.5025, 10.5803

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.2513, 16.5025, 2.7504



12.8320, 16.5025, 80.6927



31.1881, 16.5025, 9.7354

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.2513, 16.5025, 2.7504



13.6809, 6.5718, 22.3769

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.3713, 16.5025, 28.1801



8.2513, 16.5025, 2.7504



19.4262, 16.5025, 79.7944

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.2513, 16.5025, 2.7504



8.4589, 16.5025, 58.4697



26.6152, 16.5025, 56.5050



26.1682, 16.5025, 2.4995

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.2513, 16.5025, 2.7504



6.1925, 16.5025, 22.0234



26.6152, 16.5025, 56.5050



31.8567, 16.5025, 14.4445

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.2517, 16.5032, 2.7508



25.5900, 34.3796, 22.9283



17.7677, 21.4089, 3.1960



5.6877, 7.8745, 4.8963



64.0503, 67.3860, 73.3833



8.9945, 9.4630, 10.3052

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.2517, 16.5032, 2.7508



14.5346, 29.0692, 4.8450



9.2351, 16.8966, 7.9295



4.6163, 5.2048, 4.9907



7.9893, 15.9786, 2.6632



0.0277, 0.0554, 0.0092

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.6809, 6.5718, 22.3769



24.0980, 11.5755, 39.4154



10.4996, 5.2992, 5.6243



4.8579, 4.7628, 5.8640



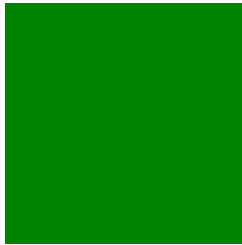
13.2460, 6.3628, 21.6657



0.0459, 0.0220, 0.0751

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.2513, 16.5025, 2.7504 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

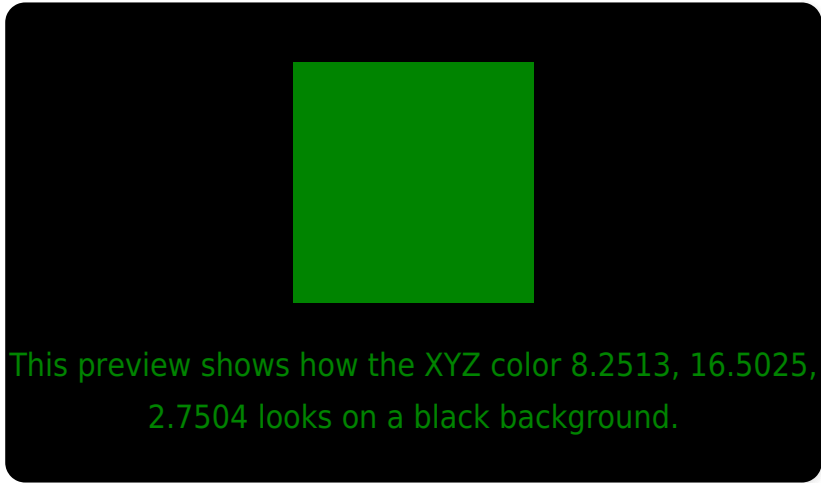
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

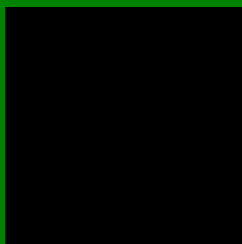
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 8.2513, 16.5025, 2.7504

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.2513, 16.5025, 2.7504.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.2513, 16.5025,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.2513, 16.5025, 2.7504

Protanopia

14.6575, 16.3223, 2.3780

Deuteranopia

16.6348, 16.3549, 3.4425



Tritanopia

12.8921, 16.6716, 24.7288

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.2513, 16.5025, 2.7504



Protanomaly

10.1098, 15.1823, 2.3976



Deuteranomaly

10.5710, 14.7081, 2.8541



Tritanomaly

9.7937, 15.9349, 11.1539

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.2513, 16.5025, 2.7504



Achromatopsia

7.0540, 7.4214, 8.0819



Achromatomaly

6.0957, 9.4241, 4.4035

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 8.2513, 16.5025, 2.7504 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 132, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 132, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 132, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 132, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 8.2513, 16.5025, 2.7504 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 132, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 132, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 132, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 132, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 132, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 132, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 8.2513, 16.5025, 2.7504 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 132, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 132,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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