

Converting Colors

XYZ(7.7425, 10.8403, 13.9493)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(7.7425, 10.8403, 13.9493)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(7.6960, 10.7494,
13.9811)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	206665
RGB	32, 102, 101
RGB Percent	13%, 40%, 40%
CMY	0.8745, 0.6000, 0.6039
CMYK	0.69, 0.00, 0.01, 0.60
HSL	179°, 52%, 26%
HSV	179°, 69%, 40%
XYZ	7.6960, 10.7494, 13.9811
YIQ	80.9560, -41.3990, -15.1510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

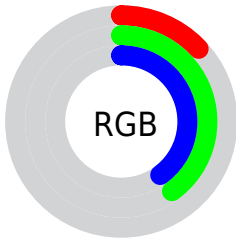
Format	Color
R_{YB}	32, 67, 102
Decimal	2123365
CIE _{Lab}	39.16, -21.43, -5.80
CIE _{LCh}	39, 22.199, 195.158
Yxy	10.7494, 0.2373, 0.3315
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280313445 (0xFF206665)
YUV	80.9560, 9.8817, -42.9344
Hunter-Lab	32.7863, -15.4763, -2.3327

Details

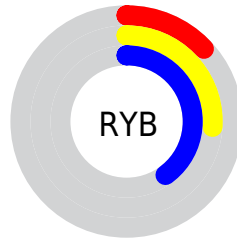
The XYZ color **7.6960, 10.7494, 13.9811** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **6.2709, 3.9680, 1.8746**, and the grayscale version is **7.7997, 8.2059, 8.9362**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **20.9892, 27.0757, 33.8256**, and **2.0320, 2.9987, 3.9617** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.4200, 10.6082, 13.9311**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **8.0709, 10.9421, 14.0362**.

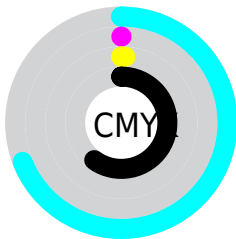
Distribution



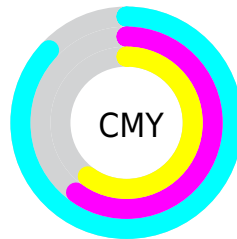
- Red (13%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 7.6960, 10.7494, 13.9811 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 7.6960, 10.7494, 13.9811 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

7.6960, 10.7494,
13.9811

7.6960, 10.7494,
13.9811

167.7496,
195.9401, 228.5376

3.9512, 5.8986,
7.9689

21.0515, 27.1958,
33.7721

1.6746, 2.7835,
3.9876

31.3928, 39.5602,
48.3881

0.4403, 1.0198,
1.6185

44.6638, 55.1979,
66.7090

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.3040

61.2297, 74.4934,
89.1535

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

81.4558, 97.8309,
116.1400

105.7076,

125.5950, 148.0872

134.3505,
158.1699, 185.4135

■ 7.6960, 10.7494,
13.9811

■ 7.6960, 10.7494,
13.9811

■ 7.4200, 10.6082,
13.9311

■ 8.0709, 10.9421,
14.0362

■ 7.2324, 10.5123,
13.8851

■ 8.5519, 11.1892,
14.0962

■ 7.0967, 10.4432,
13.8416

■ 9.1468, 11.4951,
14.1615

■ 7.0782, 10.4337,
13.8357

■ 9.8621, 11.8630,
14.2325

■ 10.7042, 12.2963,
14.3095

■ 11.6787, 12.7978,
14.3928

■ 12.7910, 13.3704,
14.4826

■ 14.0464, 14.0167,
14.5792

■ 15.4495, 14.7392,
14.6827

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.6926, 10.7494, 9.7277



7.6960, 10.7494, 13.9811



8.3288, 10.7494, 18.5313

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



7.6960, 10.7494, 13.9811



12.3837, 10.7494, 18.4878



10.9678, 10.7494, 5.4344

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



7.6960, 10.7494, 13.9811



6.2709, 3.9680, 1.8746

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.3710, 10.7494, 6.8013



7.6960, 10.7494, 13.9811



13.2408, 10.7494, 13.9319

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



7.6960, 10.7494, 13.9811



10.9838, 10.7494, 21.5323



13.2359, 10.7494, 9.6891



9.4867, 10.7494, 5.4415

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



7.6960, 10.7494, 13.9811



9.0611, 10.7494, 20.8296



13.2359, 10.7494, 9.6891



11.4672, 10.7494, 5.7304

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



7.6963, 10.7498, 13.9814



18.3084, 21.3256, 25.0536



5.6450, 9.9335, 2.9866



4.2529, 4.9968, 5.9043



51.1593, 53.8236, 58.6138



5.2251, 5.4972, 5.9864

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



7.6963, 10.7498, 13.9814



12.8062, 18.4982, 24.3843



5.0715, 5.4213, 13.3499



2.9020, 3.1845, 3.5853



9.0890, 13.3992, 17.7622



47.3749, 69.8725, 92.4852

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.2709, 3.9680, 1.8746



10.1138, 5.6739, 1.5059



7.6791, 6.8065, 2.2759



2.8309, 2.8470, 2.9823



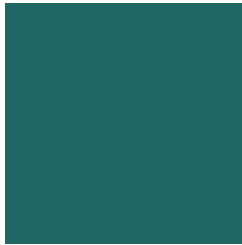
7.0464, 3.6315, 0.3767



36.7228, 18.9291, 1.8177

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.6960, 10.7494, 13.9811 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.6960, 10.7494, 13.9811 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

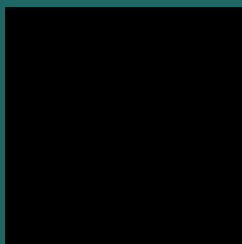
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 7.6960, 10.7494, 13.9811

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.6960, 10.7494, 13.9811.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.6960, 10.7494,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

7.6960, 10.7494, 13.9811

Protanopia

10.3208, 10.6356, 12.3354

Deuteranopia

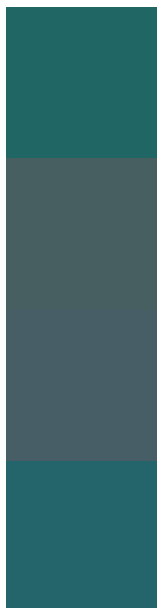
10.7904, 10.5771, 14.5696



Tritanopia

8.1416, 10.7866, 16.1209

Trichromacy



Original Color

7.6960, 10.7494, 13.9811

Protanomaly

8.8484, 10.3871, 12.8478

Deuteranomaly

9.1234, 10.3624, 14.3513

Tritanomaly

7.9483, 10.7053, 15.2831

Monochromacy



Original Color

7.6960, 10.7494, 13.9811

Achromatopsia

7.8210, 8.2283, 8.9606

Achromatomaly

7.3837, 8.9061, 10.5624

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 7.6960, 10.7494, 13.9811 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(32, 102, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(32, 102, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(32, 102, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(32, 102, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 7.6960, 10.7494, 13.9811 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(32, 102, 101) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(32, 102, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(32, 102, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(32, 102, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(32, 102, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(32, 102,  
101) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 7.6960, 10.7494, 13.9811 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(32, 102, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(32, 102,  
101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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