

Converting Colors

XYZ(7.8392, 11.0448, 16.2319)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(7.8392, 11.0448, 16.2319)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(7.8486, 11.0759,
16.1922)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0B686D
RGB	11, 104, 109
RGB Percent	4%, 41%, 43%
CMY	0.9568, 0.5922, 0.5725
CMYK	0.90, 0.05, 0.00, 0.57
HSL	183°, 82%, 24%
HSV	183°, 90%, 43%
XYZ	7.8486, 11.0759, 16.1922
YIQ	76.7630, -57.0330, -18.1610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

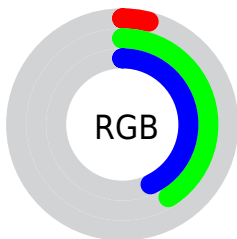
Format	Color
R_{YB}	11, 59, 109
Decimal	747629
CIE _{Lab}	39.71, -22.39, -9.91
CIE _{LCh}	40, 24.485, 203.881
Yxy	11.0759, 0.2235, 0.3154
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278937709 (0xFF0B686D)
YUV	76.7630, 15.8928, -57.6742
Hunter-Lab	33.2805, -16.1448, -5.5505

Details

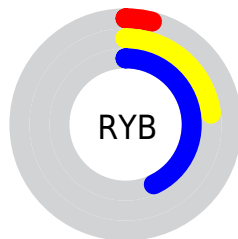
The XYZ color **7.8486, 11.0759, 16.1922** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **6.5526, 3.6462, 0.6752**, and the grayscale version is **6.9897, 7.3537, 8.0081**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **21.3755, 27.9347, 37.5230**, and **2.2837, 3.1761, 5.0501** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.6564, 10.8942, 16.1675**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **8.0958, 11.2870, 16.2201**.

Distribution



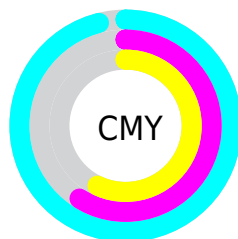
- Red (4%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (4%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (57%)



- Cyan (96%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 7.8486, 11.0759, 16.1922 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 7.8486, 11.0759, 16.1922 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

7.8486, 11.0759,
16.1922

7.8486, 11.0759,
16.1922

168.9353,
198.1875, 242.3575

4.0492, 6.1179,
9.5044

21.3494, 27.8004,
37.7030

1.7300, 2.9169,
4.9704

31.7815, 40.3358,
53.3631

0.4749, 1.0885,
2.1714

45.1552, 56.1657,
72.8510

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.6578

61.8358, 75.6745,
96.5854

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

82.1888, 99.2468,
124.9846

106.5795,

127.2667, 158.4674

135.3732,
160.1189, 197.4522

7.8486, 11.0759,
16.1922

7.8486, 11.0759,
16.1922

7.6564, 10.8942,
16.1675

8.0958, 11.2870,
16.2201

7.6545, 10.8924,
16.1672

8.4446, 11.5506,
16.2526

8.9066, 11.8733,
16.2906

9.4918, 12.2600,
16.3344

10.2090, 12.7153,
16.3844

■ 11.0663, 13.2434,
16.4412

■ 12.0710, 13.8480,
16.5049

■ 13.2299, 14.5327,
16.5760

■ 14.5496, 15.3008,
16.6547

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.6389, 11.0759, 11.1031



7.8486, 11.0759, 16.1922



8.7408, 11.0759, 21.1497

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



7.8486, 11.0759, 16.1922



13.3489, 11.0759, 18.3544



10.8744, 11.0759, 5.0173

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



7.8486, 11.0759, 16.1922



6.5526, 3.6462, 0.6752

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.5421, 11.0759, 6.0383



7.8486, 11.0759, 16.1922



14.0650, 11.0759, 13.0699

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



7.8486, 11.0759, 16.1922



11.8856, 11.0759, 22.6120



13.7552, 11.0759, 8.6980



9.2766, 11.0759, 5.4394

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



7.8486, 11.0759, 16.1922



9.6583, 11.0759, 23.2674



13.7552, 11.0759, 8.6980



11.4470, 11.0759, 5.1921

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



7.8489, 11.0763, 16.1925



20.1804, 23.9354, 29.4636



5.6996, 11.0458, 2.3182



4.6002, 5.5117, 6.8502



54.2243, 57.0482, 62.1254



6.0569, 6.3724, 6.9395

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



7.8489, 11.0763, 16.1925



13.6788, 19.4492, 28.9404



4.2696, 3.9176, 14.9994



3.1692, 3.4668, 3.9370



8.9475, 12.7294, 18.9077



45.3954, 64.4693, 96.2774

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.9253, 4.4903, 13.4934



15.7026, 7.5856, 23.7489



8.2520, 7.0449, 1.2417



3.2112, 3.1614, 3.8426



10.2632, 4.9574, 15.5463



52.1963, 25.2205, 78.6934

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.8486, 11.0759, 16.1922 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.8486, 11.0759, 16.1922 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

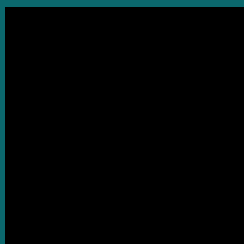
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 7.8486, 11.0759, 16.1922

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.8486, 11.0759, 16.1922.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.8486, 11.0759,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

7.8486, 11.0759, 16.1922

Protanopia

10.7263, 11.0633, 14.1405

Deuteranopia

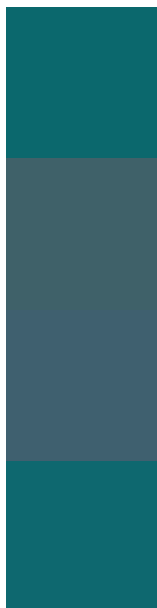
11.1799, 10.9792, 16.8592



Tritanopia

8.0886, 11.1806, 17.0610

Trichromacy



Original Color

7.8486, 11.0759, 16.1922

Protanomaly

8.8744, 10.6261, 14.9479

Deuteranomaly

9.1020, 10.5702, 16.5995

Tritanomaly

8.0007, 11.1417, 16.7678

Monochromacy



Original Color

7.8486, 11.0759, 16.1922

Achromatopsia

7.0540, 7.4214, 8.0819

Achromatomaly

6.6796, 8.2945, 10.7001

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 7.8486, 11.0759, 16.1922 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(11, 104, 109)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(11, 104, 109)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(11, 104, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(11, 104, 109) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 7.8486, 11.0759, 16.1922 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(11, 104, 109) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(11, 104, 109) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(11, 104, 109)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(11, 104, 109); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(11, 104, 109);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(11, 104,  
109) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 7.8486, 11.0759, 16.1922 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(11, 104, 109) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(11, 104,  
109) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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