

Converting Colors

XYZ(7.8610, 10.2136, 9.9440)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(7.8610, 10.2136, 9.9440)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(7.8615, 10.2136,
9.9446)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3E6154
RGB	62, 97, 84
RGB Percent	24%, 38%, 33%
CMY	0.7569, 0.6196, 0.6706
CMYK	0.36, 0.00, 0.13, 0.62
HSL	158°, 22%, 31%
HSV	158°, 36%, 38%
XYZ	7.8615, 10.2136, 9.9446
YIQ	85.0530, -16.6870, -11.4630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

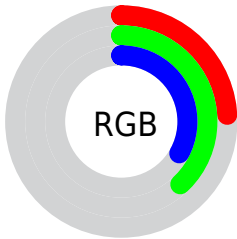
Format	Color
RYB	62, 83, 97
Decimal	4088148
CIELab	38.22, -15.87, 3.42
CIELCh	38, 16.234, 167.839
Yxy	10.2136, 0.2806, 0.3645
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282278228 (0xFF3E6154)
YUV	85.0530, -0.5191, -20.2175
Hunter-Lab	31.9587, -12.0187, 3.9218

Details

The XYZ color **7.8615, 10.2136, 9.9446** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **7.9227, 6.4948, 7.4929**, and the grayscale version is **8.6495, 9.0999, 9.9098**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **21.3791, 26.2528, 26.1308**, and **1.7205, 2.5378, 2.3186** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.1693, 9.8729, 9.1945**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **8.6702, 10.6140, 10.7385**.

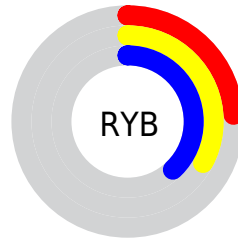
Distribution



Red (24%)

Green (38%)

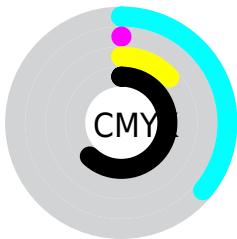
Blue (33%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (33%)

Blue (38%)

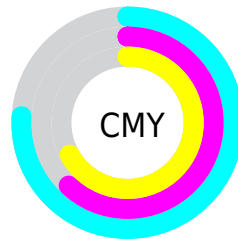


Cyan (36%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (62%)



Cyan (76%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 7.8615, 10.2136, 9.9446 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 7.8615, 10.2136, 9.9446 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 7.8615, 10.2136,
9.9446

■ 7.8615, 10.2136,
9.9446

169.0351,
192.1898, 200.7466

■ 4.0575, 5.5408,
5.2571

■ 21.3745, 26.1965,
26.2974

■ 1.7347, 2.5679,
2.3375

■ 31.8142, 38.2754,
38.7999

■ 0.4779, 0.9106,
0.7521

■ 45.1966, 53.5918,
54.7443

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 61.8869, 72.5300,
74.5494

■ 82.2506, 95.4746,
98.6337

■ 106.6529,

122.8098, 127.4156

135.4593,
154.9201, 161.3137

■ 7.8615, 10.2136,
9.9446

■ 7.8615, 10.2136,
9.9446

■ 7.1693, 9.8729,
9.1945

■ 8.6702, 10.6140,
10.7385

■ 6.5868, 9.5877,
8.4867

■ 9.6000, 11.0758,
11.5763

■ 6.1078, 9.3550,
7.8205

■ 10.6562, 11.6018,
12.4590

■ 5.7254, 9.1713,
7.1950

■ 11.8437, 12.1947,
13.3874

■ 5.4313, 9.0323,
6.6092

■ 13.1669, 12.8567,
14.3622

■ 5.2025, 8.9263,
6.0614

■ 14.6304, 13.5900,
15.3841

■ 5.1164, 8.8864,
5.8564

■ 16.2381, 14.3968,
16.4539

■ 17.9940, 15.2790,
17.5721

■ 19.9019, 16.2387,
18.7395

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.2841, 10.2136, 7.6680



7.8615, 10.2136, 9.9446



7.9067, 10.2136, 12.9917

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



7.8615, 10.2136, 9.9446



10.3407, 10.2136, 17.5974



11.1298, 10.2136, 7.3556

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



7.8615, 10.2136, 9.9446



7.9227, 6.4948, 7.4929

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.7634, 10.2136, 9.4388



7.8615, 10.2136, 9.9446



11.2857, 10.2136, 15.4802

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



7.8615, 10.2136, 9.9446



9.2878, 10.2136, 17.7999



11.8225, 10.2136, 12.3864



10.1401, 10.2136, 6.3645

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



7.8615, 10.2136, 9.9446



8.1962, 10.2136, 15.0668



11.8225, 10.2136, 12.3864



11.3945, 10.2136, 7.9321

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



7.8618, 10.2140, 9.9448



17.2895, 19.3997, 20.5532



8.0788, 10.4103, 6.1411



4.2538, 4.7974, 5.0704



49.6657, 52.2522, 56.9026



4.8358, 5.0876, 5.5404

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



7.8618, 10.2140, 9.9448



12.4915, 17.0223, 15.9899



8.0516, 9.7017, 12.7580



2.6033, 2.8801, 3.0712



6.9384, 12.0814, 7.8477



36.6306, 64.3672, 39.6291

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.9227, 6.4948, 7.4929



12.6135, 9.6493, 11.1357



7.7526, 6.7956, 5.4606



2.6078, 2.6040, 2.8889



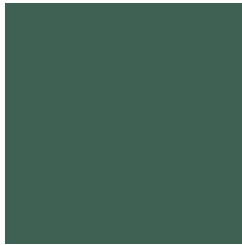
7.1197, 3.6227, 2.4842



37.6381, 19.1947, 11.1801

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.8615, 10.2136, 9.9446 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

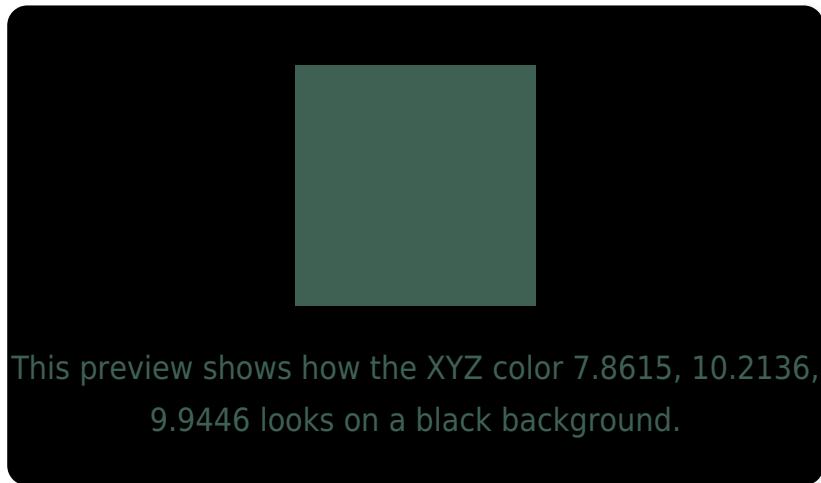
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 7.8615, 10.2136, 9.9446

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.8615, 10.2136, 9.9446.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.8615, 10.2136,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

7.8615, 10.2136, 9.9446

Protanopia

9.6364, 10.1036, 9.0317

Deuteranopia

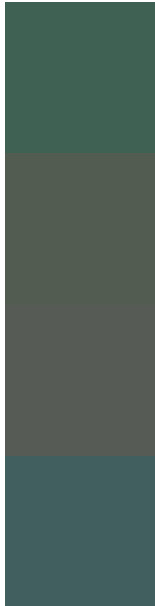
10.3434, 10.1976, 10.2273



Tritanopia

8.6477, 10.1230, 14.0685

Trichromacy



Original Color

7.8615, 10.2136, 9.9446

Protanomaly

8.7920, 10.0422, 9.2595

Deuteranomaly

9.2185, 10.1165, 10.0611

Tritanomaly

8.3377, 10.1345, 12.3432

Monochromacy



Original Color

7.8615, 10.2136, 9.9446

Achromatopsia

8.6345, 9.0842, 9.8927

Achromatomaly

8.2726, 9.3784, 9.9685

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 7.8615, 10.2136, 9.9446 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(62, 97, 84)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(62, 97, 84)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(62, 97, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(62, 97, 84) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 7.8615, 10.2136, 9.9446 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(62, 97, 84) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(62, 97, 84) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(62, 97, 84)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(62, 97, 84); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(62, 97, 84);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(62, 97, 84)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 7.8615, 10.2136, 9.9446 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(62, 97, 84) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(62, 97,  
84) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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