

Converting Colors

XYZ(7.9489, 13.2129, 19.5847)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(7.9489, 13.2129, 19.5847)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(9.6911, 14.0545,
19.6548)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007577
RGB	0, 117, 119
RGB Percent	0%, 46%, 47%
CMY	0.9999, 0.5412, 0.5333
CMYK	1.00, 0.02, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	181°, 100%, 23%
HSV	181°, 100%, 47%
XYZ	9.6911, 14.0545, 19.6548
YIQ	82.2450, -70.3740, -24.1820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

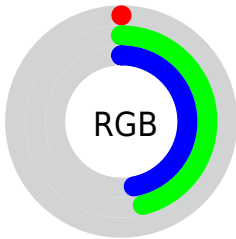
Format	Color
RYB	0, 59, 119
Decimal	30071
CIELab	44.31, -26.37, -9.05
CIELCh	44, 27.883, 198.933
Yxy	14.0545, 0.2233, 0.3238
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278220151 (0xFF007577)
YUV	82.2450, 18.1202, -72.1289
Hunter-Lab	37.4893, -19.4636, -4.8419

Details

The XYZ color **9.6911, 14.0545, 19.6548** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **7.6299, 3.9658, 0.3638**, and the grayscale version is **8.0453, 8.4643, 9.2176**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.9499, 33.3520, 43.6507**, and **3.2045, 4.5892, 6.6781** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.6913, 14.0548, 19.6551**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.8651, 14.1791, 19.6699**.

Distribution



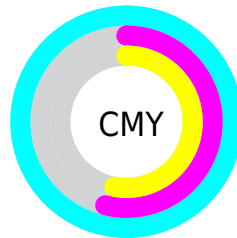
- Red (0%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.6911, 14.0545, 19.6548 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.6911, 14.0545, 19.6548 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 9.6911, 14.0545,
19.6548

■ 9.6911, 14.0545,
19.6548

182.5531,
217.5696, 262.5823

■ 5.2553, 8.1586,
11.9628

■ 24.8678, 33.1857,
43.6890

■ 2.4341, 4.1966,
6.5961

■ 36.3395, 47.1898,
60.8683

■ 0.8622, 1.7841,
3.1362

■ 50.8872, 64.6653,
82.0470

■ 0.0000, 0.4773,
1.1646

■ 68.8762, 85.9968,
107.6439

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 90.6719, 111.5686,
138.0772

■ 116.6398,

141.7650, 173.7658

147.1450,
176.9706, 215.1279

■ 9.6911, 14.0545,
19.6548

■ 9.6911, 14.0545,
19.6548

■ 9.6913, 14.0548,
19.6551

■ 9.8651, 14.1791,
19.6699

■ 10.1104, 14.3403,
19.6881

■ 10.4792, 14.5651,
19.7121

■ 10.9859, 14.8612,
19.7425

■ 11.6429, 15.2348,
19.7800

■ 12.4613, 15.6917,
19.8251

■ 13.4510, 16.2370,
19.8782

■ 14.6213, 16.8755,
19.9397

■ 15.9806, 17.6114,
20.0101

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.5684, 14.0545, 13.0595



9.6911, 14.0545, 19.6548



10.7289, 14.0545, 26.5870

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.6911, 14.0545, 19.6548



16.8683, 14.0545, 24.8983



14.2006, 14.0545, 6.1221

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.6911, 14.0545, 19.6548



7.6299, 3.9658, 0.3638

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.3858, 14.0545, 7.7716



9.6911, 14.0545, 19.6548



18.0365, 14.0545, 17.7897

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.6911, 14.0545, 19.6548



14.8022, 14.0545, 30.1503



17.8507, 14.0545, 11.6462



12.0117, 14.0545, 6.3624

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.6911, 14.0545, 19.6548



11.8721, 14.0545, 29.9046



17.8507, 14.0545, 11.6462



14.9638, 14.0545, 6.4502

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.6915, 14.0550, 19.6551



23.9377, 28.9939, 35.5878



6.6081, 13.1984, 2.2567



5.5231, 6.7889, 8.4260



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.6915, 14.0550, 19.6551



17.3435, 25.1467, 35.1928



4.8193, 4.3106, 18.0311



3.7783, 4.1452, 4.6912



10.2955, 14.9308, 20.8819



50.1046, 72.6257, 101.7377

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.8190, 5.2068, 17.2649



19.3679, 9.3209, 30.8878



9.3031, 7.3123, 0.9216



3.8241, 3.7569, 4.6005



11.4938, 5.5313, 18.3406



55.9772, 26.9410, 89.1983

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.6911, 14.0545, 19.6548 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.6911, 14.0545, 19.6548 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.6911, 14.0545, 19.6548

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.6911, 14.0545, 19.6548.

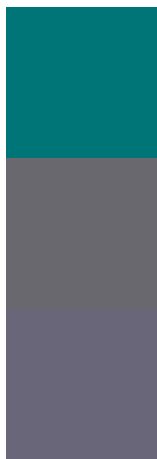


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.6911, 14.0545,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.6911, 14.0545, 19.6548

Protanopia

13.6453, 14.0516, 17.0320

Deuteranopia

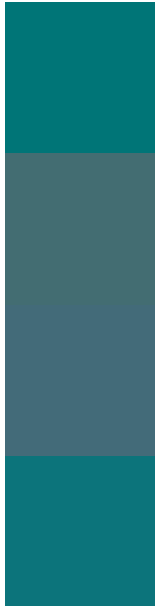
14.2081, 13.9721, 20.3604



Tritanopia

10.2156, 14.1099, 21.5871

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.6911, 14.0545, 19.6548

Protanomaly

10.8206, 13.3455, 17.9252

Deuteranomaly

11.0236, 13.0892, 20.0346

Tritanomaly

9.9722, 13.9990, 20.9154

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.6911, 14.0545, 19.6548

Achromatopsia

8.0200, 8.4376, 9.1886

Achromatomaly

7.5739, 9.7407, 12.3074

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.6911, 14.0545, 19.6548 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 117, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 117, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 117, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 117, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.6911, 14.0545, 19.6548 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 117, 119) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 117, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 117, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 117, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 117, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 117,  
119) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.6911, 14.0545, 19.6548 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 117, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 117,  
119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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