

# Converting Colors

XYZ(7.9619, 19.5218, 9.1892)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(7.9619, 19.5218, 9.1892)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(11.5392, 21.3096,  
9.2993)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	009346
RGB	0, 147, 70
RGB Percent	0%, 58%, 27%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4235, 0.7255
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.52, 0.42
HSL	149°, 100%, 29%
HSV	149°, 100%, 58%
XYZ	11.5392, 21.3096, 9.2993
YIQ	94.2690, -62.8950, -55.1110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

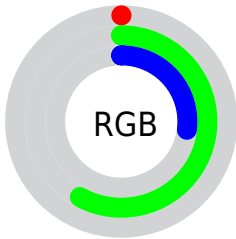
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 100, 147
Decimal	37702
CIELab	53.29, -51.07, 31.38
CIELCh	53, 59.942, 148.428
Yxy	21.3096, 0.2738, 0.5056
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278227782 (0xFF009346)
YUV	94.2690, -11.9646, -82.6739
Hunter-Lab	46.1623, -36.1644, 20.3698

# Details

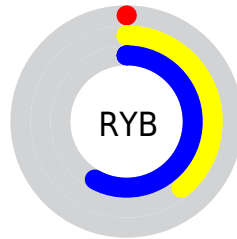
The XYZ color **11.5392, 21.3096, 9.2993** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009933**. A complement of this color would be **13.3729, 6.7393, 7.6184**, and the grayscale version is **10.7419, 11.3013, 12.3072**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.2570, 45.5284, 25.0679**, and **4.2370, 8.2423, 2.1267** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.5396, 21.3104, 9.2993**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.9908, 21.5131, 10.6723**.

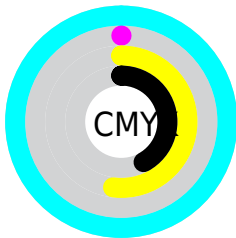
# Distribution



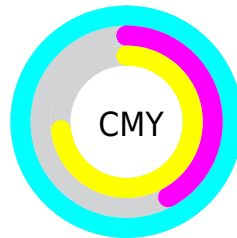
- Red (0%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Black (42%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (73%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.5392, 21.3096, 9.2993 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.5392, 21.3096, 9.2993 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 11.5392, 21.3096,  
9.2993


 11.5392, 21.3096,  
9.2993


195.1632,  
258.9193, 195.8948


 6.5007, 13.3505,  
4.8374


 28.2772, 45.6022,  
25.0558


 3.1954, 7.6703,  
2.0951


 40.7074, 62.7045,  
37.1875


 1.2579, 3.8847,  
0.6129

 56.3323, 83.6234,  
52.7130

 0.1514, 1.6093,  
0.0000

 75.5171, 108.7431,  
72.0507

 0.0000, 0.3639,  
0.0000

 98.6272, 138.4482,  
95.6192

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 126.0281,

173.1230, 123.8370

158.0849,  
213.1519, 157.1227

■ 11.5392, 21.3096,  
9.2993

■ 11.5392, 21.3096,  
9.2993

■ 11.5396, 21.3104,  
9.2993

■ 11.9908, 21.5131,  
10.6723

■ 12.6081, 21.7977,  
12.2213

■ 13.4578, 22.1982,  
13.9552

■ 14.5657, 22.7279,  
15.8807

■ 15.9540, 23.3980,  
18.0037

■ 17.6426, 24.2188,  
20.3302

■ 19.6491, 25.1991,  
22.8654

■ 21.9901, 26.3475,  
25.6149

■ 24.6806, 27.6716,  
28.5836

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.9854, 21.3096, 4.0472



11.5392, 21.3096, 9.2993



10.3455, 21.3096, 22.2577

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.5392, 21.3096, 9.2993



19.9215, 21.3096, 78.5567



32.9835, 21.3096, 10.2307

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.5392, 21.3096, 9.2993



13.3729, 6.7393, 7.6184

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.0546, 21.3096, 24.1737



11.5392, 21.3096, 9.2993



26.6323, 21.3096, 69.4651

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.5392, 21.3096, 9.2993



14.5165, 21.3096, 67.4941



32.5226, 21.3096, 46.7139



27.3338, 21.3096, 4.3537



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.5392, 21.3096, 9.2993



10.7473, 21.3096, 36.0876



32.5226, 21.3096, 46.7139



34.1673, 21.3096, 13.8202

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.5397, 21.3105, 9.2998



34.9473, 45.0089, 40.6543



13.6092, 22.5050, 3.6268



7.6508, 10.1147, 8.8752



71.1368, 74.8414, 81.5023



11.3376, 11.9280, 12.9896



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.5397, 21.3105, 9.2998



20.5766, 38.1273, 16.1878



15.3244, 22.8243, 29.2294



5.8377, 6.5117, 6.7562



10.0162, 18.4793, 8.1269



0.1373, 0.2321, 0.1770



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.3729, 6.7393, 7.6184



23.8578, 12.0324, 13.1678



12.0600, 6.2142, 0.7047



5.9201, 5.8631, 6.6852



11.6056, 5.8473, 6.6703



0.1570, 0.0775, 0.1601



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.5392, 21.3096, 9.2993 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.5392, 21.3096, 9.2993 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 11.5392, 21.3096, 9.2993**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.5392, 21.3096, 9.2993.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.5392, 21.3096,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

11.5392, 21.3096, 9.2993

### Protanopia

19.3018, 21.1131, 7.7605

### Deuteranopia

21.3138, 20.9829, 9.9479



## Tritanopia

16.2808, 21.2488, 32.0975

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

11.5392, 21.3096, 9.2993

## Protanomaly

13.6283, 19.5674, 8.2129

## Deuteranomaly

14.1484, 19.0011, 9.4004

## Tritanomaly

13.7036, 20.8053, 21.3827

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

11.5392, 21.3096, 9.2993

## Achromatopsia

10.6392, 11.1932, 12.1894

## Achromatomaly

9.4083, 13.4268, 10.6901

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.5392, 21.3096, 9.2993 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 147, 70)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 147, 70)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 147, 70) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 147, 70) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.5392, 21.3096, 9.2993 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 147, 70) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 147, 70) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 147, 70)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 147, 70); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 147, 70);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 147, 70)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.5392, 21.3096, 9.2993 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 147, 70) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 147,  
70) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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