

# Converting Colors

XYZ(70.0505, 78.2742, 99.3785)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(70.0505, 78.2742, 99.3785)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(70.0500, 78.2742,  
99.4121)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C7EBF7
RGB	199, 235, 247
RGB Percent	78%, 92%, 97%
CMY	0.2196, 0.0784, 0.0314
CMYK	0.19, 0.05, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	195°, 75%, 87%
HSV	195°, 19%, 97%
XYZ	70.0500, 78.2742, 99.4121
YIQ	225.6040, -25.3080, -3.9000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

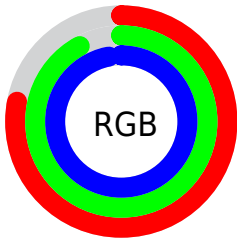
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	199, 220, 247
Decimal	13102071
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	90.90, -9.16, -9.71
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	91, 13.343, 226.669
Yxy	78.2742, 0.2828, 0.3160
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291292151 (0xFFC7EBF7)
YUV	225.6040, 10.5482, -23.3317
Hunter-Lab	88.4727, -13.4964, -4.6901

# Details

The XYZ color **70.0500, 78.2742, 99.4121** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **71.9615, 70.4862, 63.8467**, and the grayscale version is **71.9441, 75.6908, 82.4273**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **37.0257, 41.9311, 55.4323** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62.2844, 71.6943, 98.5526**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **78.9452, 85.5315, 100.3453**.

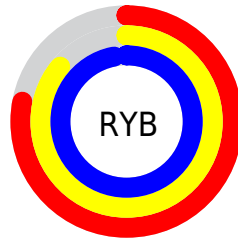
# Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (92%)

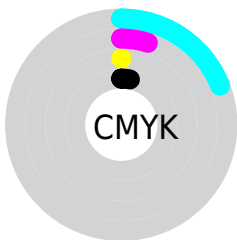
Blue (97%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (86%)

Blue (97%)

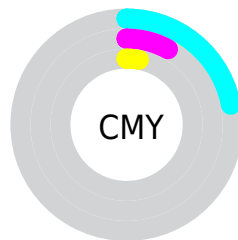


Cyan (19%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (3%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (3%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 70.0500, 78.2742, 99.4121 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 70.0500, 78.2742, 99.4121 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



70.0500, 78.2742,  
99.4121

70.0500, 78.2742,  
99.4121

449.9892,  
489.0975, 579.5367

51.8470, 58.2993,  
75.1955

118.3059,  
130.9366, 162.3939

37.1069, 42.0493,  
55.2704

149.0896,  
164.3928, 201.9961

25.4644, 29.1399,  
39.2182

184.7976,  
203.1116, 247.5640

16.5539, 19.1867,  
26.6204

225.7952,  
247.4773, 299.5160

10.0103, 11.8052,  
17.0584

272.4478,  
297.8744, 358.2708

5.4681, 6.6112,  
10.1137

325.1208,

2.5620, 3.2202,

354.6872, 424.2468

5.3678

384.1795,  
418.3001, 497.8626

■ 0.9266, 1.2477,  
2.4022

■ 0.0000, 0.1002,  
0.7876

■ 70.0500, 78.2742,  
99.4121

■ 70.0500, 78.2742,  
99.4121

■ 62.2844, 71.6943,  
98.5526

■ 78.9452, 85.5315,  
100.3453

■ 55.5897, 65.7546,  
97.7590

■ 89.0116, 93.4826,  
101.3495

■ 49.9121, 60.4285,  
97.0302

■ 93.3201, 98.5582,  
102.1021

■ 45.1901, 55.6833,  
96.3631

■ 93.7887, 99.4955,  
102.2583

■ 41.3554, 51.4829,  
95.7545

■ 38.3299, 47.7860,  
95.2004

■ 36.0211, 44.5439,  
94.6963

■ 34.2847, 41.6813,  
94.2353

■ 34.1936, 41.5253,  
94.2100

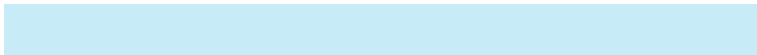
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.3762, 78.2742, 90.6475



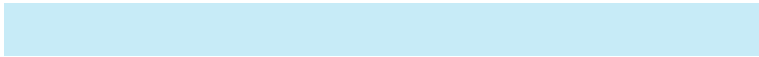
70.0500, 78.2742, 99.4121



72.9171, 78.2742, 104.5359

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.0500, 78.2742, 99.4121



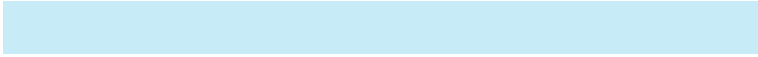
80.8648, 78.2742, 89.5666



72.5588, 78.2742, 68.6974

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



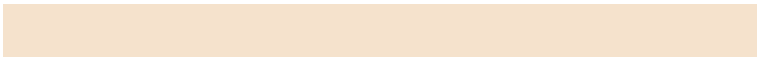
70.0500, 78.2742, 99.4121



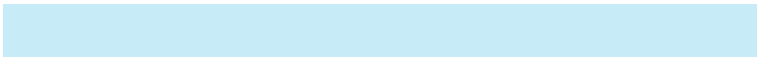
71.9615, 70.4862, 63.8467

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



75.8974, 78.2742, 68.4560



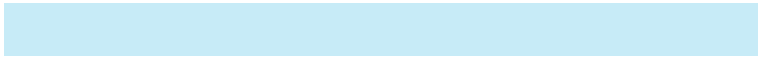
70.0500, 78.2742, 99.4121



80.7618, 78.2742, 80.0276

# Square

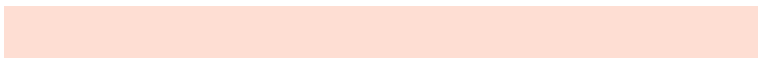
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



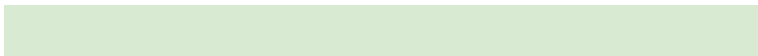
70.0500, 78.2742, 99.4121



79.1980, 78.2742, 98.5696



78.9208, 78.2742, 72.4604



69.7946, 78.2742, 73.1468



# Rectangle

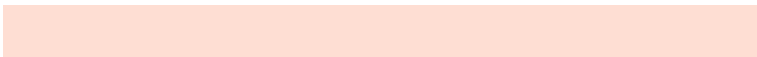
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.0500, 78.2742, 99.4121



75.1504, 78.2742, 104.9644



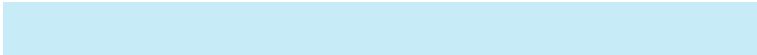
78.9208, 78.2742, 72.4604



73.6492, 78.2742, 68.1338

# Sweetspot

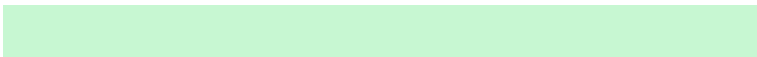
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.0523, 78.2774, 99.4139



88.4356, 94.7972, 108.2444



68.4732, 83.3282, 73.5800



18.7807, 20.1728, 23.1538



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

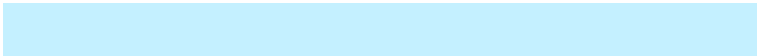


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.0523, 78.2774, 99.4139



72.1668, 81.5241, 106.5399



63.8367, 65.8461, 97.3420



16.6255, 18.0153, 21.1436



18.2022, 22.1982, 49.8633



1.6807, 2.1129, 4.4095



# Inverse Universe

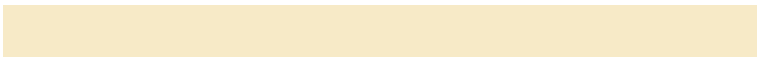
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73.7784, 66.6209, 87.5715



76.8379, 67.2095, 91.6271



78.1477, 82.8587, 65.9088



17.0263, 16.6934, 19.8850



24.9921, 12.3403, 25.7307

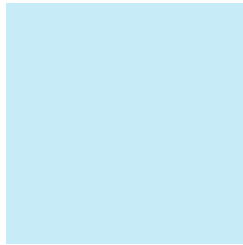


2.2374, 1.1009, 2.4766



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 70.0500, 78.2742, 99.4121 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

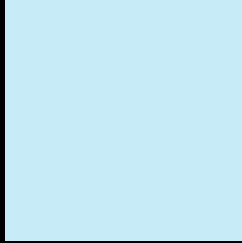
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 70.0500, 78.2742, 99.4121 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

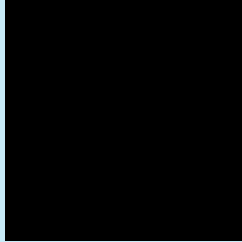
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 70.0500, 78.2742, 99.4121

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 70.0500, 78.2742, 99.4121.



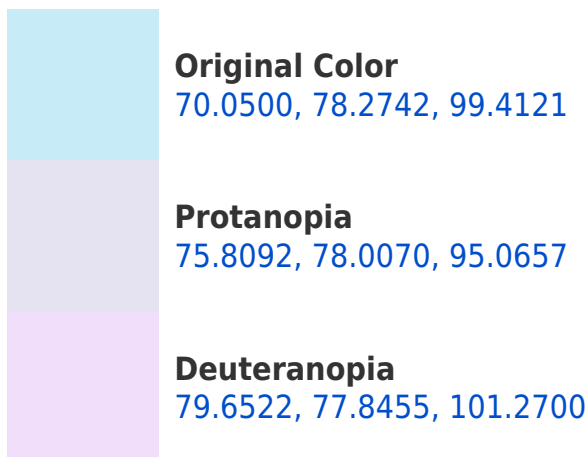
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 70.0500, 78.2742,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

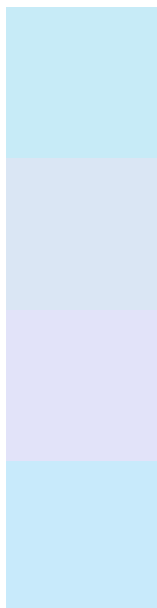




## Tritanopia

70.9719, 78.2168, 104.2853

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

70.0500, 78.2742, 99.4121

## Protanomaly

73.5394, 78.0307, 96.7734

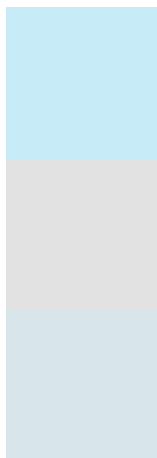
## Deuteranomaly

75.9320, 77.9465, 100.6657

## Tritanomaly

70.6548, 78.0900, 102.6158

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

70.0500, 78.2742, 99.4121

## Achromatopsia

72.2879, 76.0525, 82.8211

## Achromatomaly

71.1895, 76.5781, 88.8709

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 70.0500, 78.2742, 99.4121 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 235, 247)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 235, 247)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 235, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 235, 247) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 70.0500, 78.2742, 99.4121 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 235, 247) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 235, 247) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(199, 235, 247)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(199, 235, 247); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 235, 247);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 235,  
247) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 70.0500, 78.2742, 99.4121 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 235, 247) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199,  
235, 247) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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