

# Converting Colors

XYZ(70.0851, 74.3046, 88.9430)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(70.0851, 74.3046, 88.9430)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(70.2395, 74.4475,  
89.2651)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D8E1EB
RGB	216, 225, 235
RGB Percent	85%, 88%, 92%
CMY	0.1529, 0.1176, 0.0784
CMYK	0.08, 0.04, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	212°, 32%, 88%
HSV	212°, 8%, 92%
XYZ	70.2395, 74.4475, 89.2651
YIQ	223.4490, -8.5740, 1.2020

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

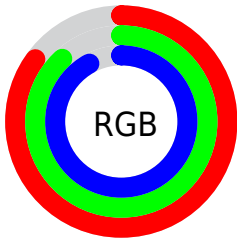
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	216, 222, 235
Decimal	14213611
CIE Lab	89.13, -1.11, -5.92
CIE LCh	89, 6.024, 259.342
Yxy	74.4475, 0.3002, 0.3182
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292403691 (0xFFD8E1EB)
YUV	223.4490, 5.6946, -6.5328
Hunter-Lab	86.2830, -5.6855, -0.9411

# Details

The XYZ color **70.2395, 74.4475, 89.2651** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **73.8523, 77.0122, 75.9394**, and the grayscale version is **70.4255, 74.0931, 80.6873**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **37.2094, 39.5812, 48.3266** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60.5651, 64.6783, 87.8905**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81.1532, 85.2190, 90.7701**.

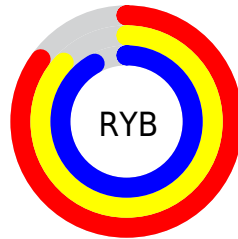
# Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (88%)

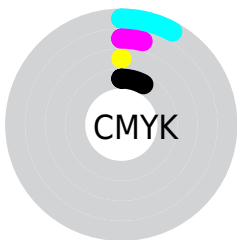
Blue (92%)



Red (85%)

Yellow (87%)

Blue (92%)

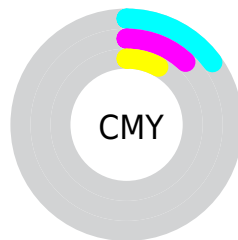


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (8%)



Cyan (15%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (8%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 70.2395, 74.4475, 89.2651 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 70.2395, 74.4475, 89.2651 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 70.2395, 74.4475,  
89.2651

■ 70.2395, 74.4475,  
89.2651

450.6438,  
476.0164, 546.1456

■ 52.0021, 55.1604,  
66.8010

118.5746,  
125.5300, 148.2437

■ 37.2310, 39.5301,  
48.4623

149.4031,  
158.0941, 185.5954

■ 25.5609, 27.1724,  
33.8306

185.1593,  
195.8527, 228.7466

■ 16.6264, 17.7027,  
22.4872

226.2086,  
239.1902, 278.1160

■ 10.0621, 10.7368,  
14.0136

272.9163,  
288.4909, 334.1220

■ 5.5028, 5.8901,  
7.9912

325.6479,

■ 2.5829, 2.7784,

344.1392, 397.1833

4.0017

384.7686,  
406.5196, 467.7183

■ 0.9373, 1.0172,  
1.6263

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.3094

■ 70.2395, 74.4475,  
89.2651

■ 70.2395, 74.4475,  
89.2651

■ 60.5651, 64.6783,  
87.8905

■ 81.1532, 85.2190,  
90.7701

■ 52.0765, 55.8701,  
86.6378

■ 90.3386, 95.4641,  
92.2635

■ 44.7257, 47.9925,  
85.5047

■ 91.9956, 98.7783,  
92.8159

■ 38.4586, 41.0095,  
84.4871

■ 33.2167, 34.8824,  
83.5807

■ 28.9349, 29.5692,  
82.7809

■ 25.5401, 25.0229,  
82.0823

■ 22.9470, 21.1900,  
81.4791

■ 21.0384, 18.0002,  
80.9640

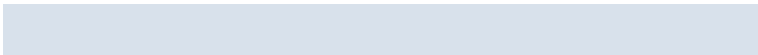
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.9374, 74.4475, 87.3474



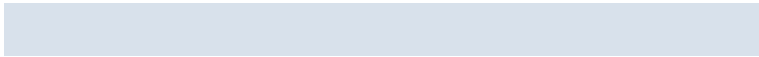
70.2395, 74.4475, 89.2651



71.6989, 74.4475, 88.9278

# Triad

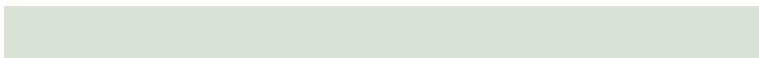
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.2395, 74.4475, 89.2651



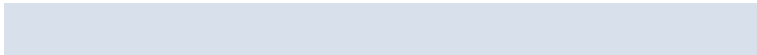
73.4563, 74.4475, 78.4133



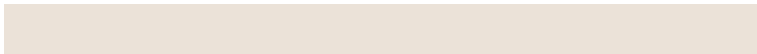
68.6409, 74.4475, 75.9083

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



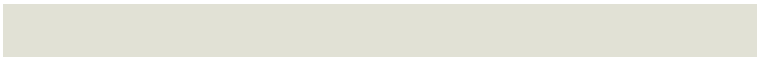
70.2395, 74.4475, 89.2651



73.8523, 77.0122, 75.9394

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69.8296, 74.4475, 73.6718



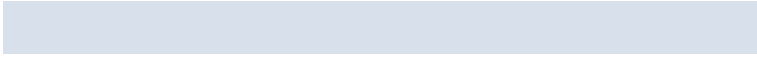
70.2395, 74.4475, 89.2651



72.6147, 74.4475, 75.0831

# Square

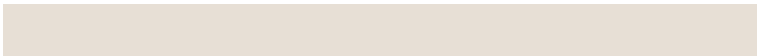
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.2395, 74.4475, 89.2651



73.5697, 74.4475, 82.5646



71.2833, 74.4475, 73.3750

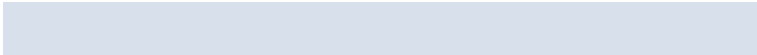


68.0230, 74.4475, 79.5752



# Rectangle

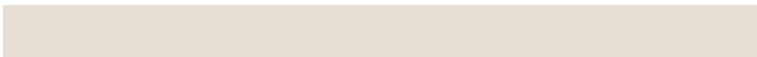
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.2395, 74.4475, 89.2651



72.5642, 74.4475, 87.4728



71.2833, 74.4475, 73.3750



68.9862, 74.4475, 74.9698

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.2417, 74.4506, 89.2667



92.3485, 97.3454, 108.5300



71.7308, 79.4978, 83.3849



19.7947, 20.8638, 23.2338



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

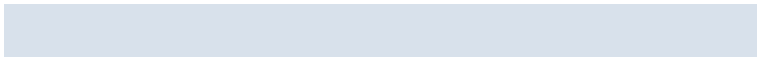


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

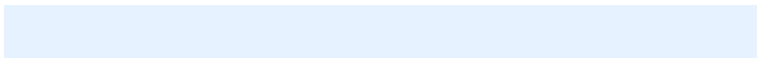


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.2417, 74.4506, 89.2667



82.1512, 87.2170, 107.1125



67.9651, 69.7584, 88.4810



14.8199, 15.7262, 19.1766



11.6569, 9.9608, 45.0512



1.0110, 0.9735, 3.5695



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72.4091, 72.2116, 81.3597



85.3624, 83.9615, 95.3839



76.2607, 81.9841, 76.7721



15.3626, 15.1729, 17.1950



20.7392, 10.4984, 9.6937

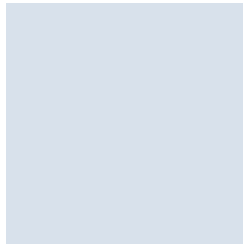


1.6768, 0.8437, 1.0155



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 70.2395, 74.4475, 89.2651 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

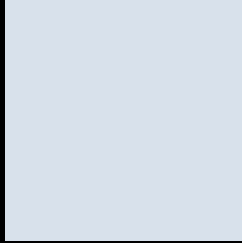
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 70.2395, 74.4475, 89.2651 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

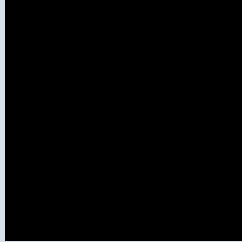
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

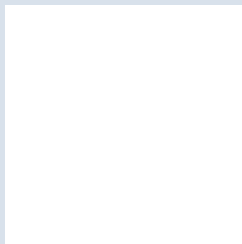
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 70.2395, 74.4475, 89.2651

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 70.2395, 74.4475, 89.2651.



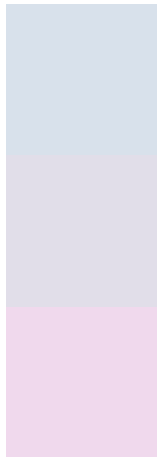
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 70.2395, 74.4475,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

70.2395, 74.4475, 89.2651

### Protanopia

71.8806, 74.1333, 87.6114

### Deuteranopia

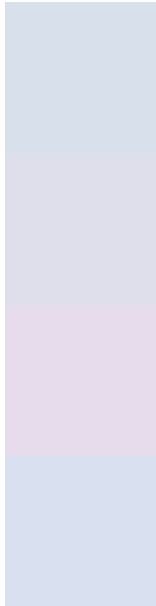
76.0341, 74.2654, 90.4480



## Tritanopia

71.2979, 74.4738, 94.6215

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

70.2395, 74.4475, 89.2651

## Protanomaly

71.3632, 74.2455, 88.4115

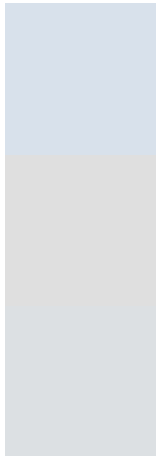
## Deuteranomaly

73.6885, 74.2315, 89.8012

## Tritanomaly

70.8509, 74.2950, 92.2675

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

70.2395, 74.4475, 89.2651

## Achromatopsia

70.1384, 73.7910, 80.3584

## Achromatomaly

70.0360, 74.0730, 83.2793

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 70.2395, 74.4475, 89.2651 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(216, 225, 235) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(216, 225, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 225, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(216, 225, 235) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 70.2395, 74.4475, 89.2651 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(216, 225, 235) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(216, 225, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(216, 225, 235)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(216, 225, 235); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 225, 235);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 225,  
235) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 70.2395, 74.4475, 89.2651 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(216, 225, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(216,  
225, 235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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