

Converting Colors

XYZ(70.2101, 74.1641, 72.1788)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(70.2101, 74.1641, 72.1788)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(70.1405, 73.9725,
72.2093)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | E4DFD3 |
| RGB | 228, 223, 211 |
| RGB Percent | 89%, 87%, 83% |
| CMY | 0.1059, 0.1255, 0.1725 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.02, 0.07, 0.11 |
| HSL | 42°, 24%, 86% |
| HSV | 42°, 7%, 89% |
| XYZ | 70.1405, 73.9725, 72.2093 |
| YIQ | 223.1270, 6.8320, -2.6720 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

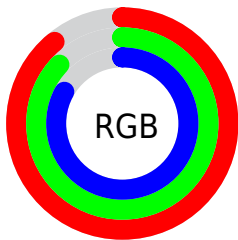
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 218, 228, 211 |
| Decimal | 14999507 |
| CIE Lab | 88.91, -0.36, 6.47 |
| CIE LCh | 89, 6.477, 93.193 |
| Yxy | 73.9725, 0.3242, 0.3420 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4293189587 (0xFFE4DFD3) |
| YUV | 223.1270, -5.9786, 4.2736 |
| Hunter-Lab | 86.0073, -4.9427, 10.4269 |

Details

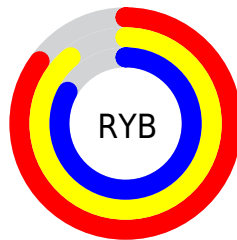
The XYZ color **70.1405, 73.9725, 72.2093** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **65.4234, 68.5610, 83.1851**, and the grayscale version is **70.2690, 73.9285, 80.5081**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **37.3220, 39.3238, 37.5215** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65.7283, 69.4020, 57.6226**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **75.0332, 78.8534, 88.9582**.

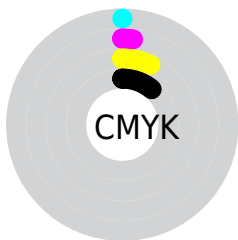
Distribution



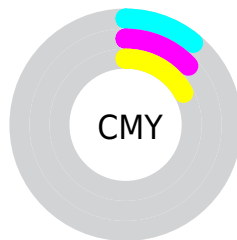
- Red (89%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (17%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 70.1405, 73.9725, 72.2093 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 70.1405, 73.9725, 72.2093 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 70.1405, 73.9725,
72.2093

■ 70.1405, 73.9725,
72.2093

450.3019,
474.3785, 487.2669

■ 51.9211, 54.7715,
52.8418

118.4343,
124.8568, 124.0645

■ 37.1662, 39.2188,
37.2896

149.2394,
157.3090, 157.3894

■ 25.5105, 26.9300,
25.1343

184.9704,
194.9470, 196.2037

■ 16.5885, 17.5207,
15.9572

225.9927,
238.1552, 240.9260

■ 10.0350, 10.6064,
9.3398

272.6716,
287.3181, 291.9750

■ 5.4846, 5.8028,
4.8637

325.3726,

■ 2.5720, 2.7256,

342.8200, 349.7691

2.1102

384.4609,
405.0453, 414.7269

■ 0.9317, 0.9902,
0.6218

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 70.1405, 73.9725,
72.2093

■ 70.1405, 73.9725,
72.2093

■ 65.7283, 69.4020,
57.6226

■ 75.0332, 78.8534,
88.9582

■ 61.7726, 65.1237,
45.1035

■ 80.1579, 83.9393,
106.5849

■ 58.2565, 61.1320,
34.5577

■ 82.1278, 87.8792,
107.2415

■ 55.1594, 57.4174,
25.8815

■ 84.1710, 91.9655,
107.9226

■ 52.4592, 53.9696,
18.9618

■ 85.8053, 95.2342,
108.4674

■ 50.1311, 50.7772,
13.6729

■ 48.1473, 47.8278,
9.8725

■ 46.4752, 45.1069,
7.3937

■ 45.0715, 42.5957,
6.0128

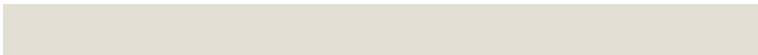
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.6800, 73.9725, 73.0648



70.1405, 73.9725, 72.2093



68.6675, 73.9725, 73.5173

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.1405, 73.9725, 72.2093



67.8105, 73.9725, 85.3740



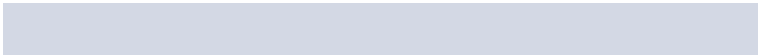
73.0399, 73.9725, 84.5092

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70.1405, 73.9725, 72.2093



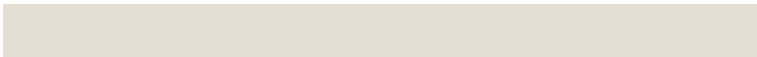
65.4234, 68.5610, 83.1851

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.9757, 73.9725, 88.0036



70.1405, 73.9725, 72.2093



68.9548, 73.9725, 88.5158

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.1405, 73.9725, 72.2093



67.3350, 73.9725, 81.0264



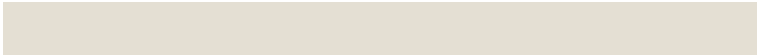
70.4771, 73.9725, 89.4955



73.3686, 73.9725, 80.0625

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.1405, 73.9725, 72.2093



67.9172, 73.9725, 75.4698



70.4771, 73.9725, 89.4955



72.7555, 73.9725, 85.8396

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.1425, 73.9757, 72.2109



93.7634, 98.7233, 104.4739



67.6978, 68.0466, 74.6008



20.0827, 21.1443, 22.4081



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



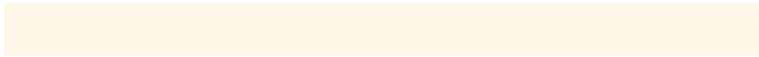
20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.1425, 73.9757, 72.2109



89.4586, 94.3811, 89.8836



70.4290, 76.1343, 72.6124



15.2252, 16.0642, 15.2027



25.9415, 24.4571, 3.3534



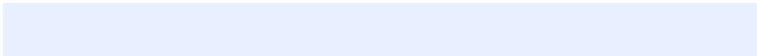
1.9965, 1.9663, 0.2743

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.4234, 68.5610, 83.1851



82.1513, 85.9969, 106.8770



65.1473, 66.5475, 82.8110



13.9262, 14.5739, 18.2234



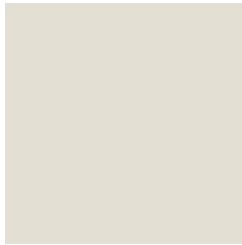
9.3347, 5.7314, 42.9975



0.7682, 0.5803, 3.2035

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 70.1405, 73.9725, 72.2093 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

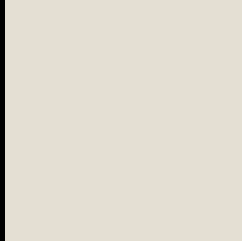
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 70.1405, 73.9725, 72.2093 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

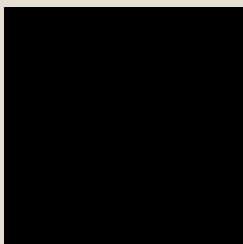
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

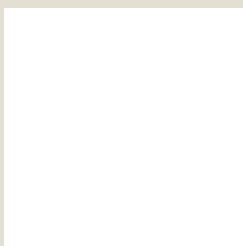
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 70.1405, 73.9725, 72.2093

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 70.1405, 73.9725, 72.2093.

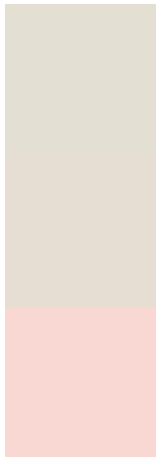


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 70.1405, 73.9725,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

70.1405, 73.9725, 72.2093

Protanopia

70.5123, 73.7687, 72.1504

Deuteranopia

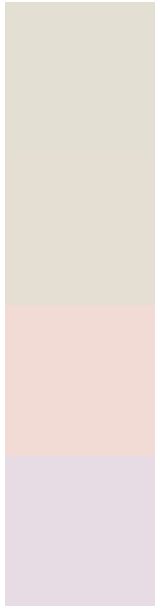
75.5065, 74.0049, 72.5921



Tritanopia

73.7506, 73.8750, 89.7291

Trichromacy



Original Color

70.1405, 73.9725, 72.2093

Protanomaly

70.1922, 73.6037, 72.1354

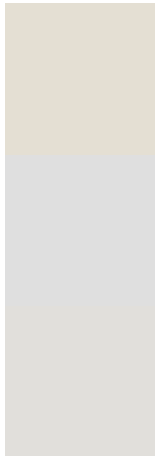
Deuteranomaly

73.4908, 74.1173, 72.7200

Tritanomaly

72.4133, 73.7214, 83.0861

Monochromacy



Original Color

70.1405, 73.9725, 72.2093

Achromatopsia

70.1384, 73.7910, 80.3584

Achromatomaly

70.2252, 73.8974, 77.5802

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 70.1405, 73.9725, 72.2093 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(228, 223, 211) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(228, 223, 211)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 223, 211) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(228, 223, 211) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 70.1405, 73.9725, 72.2093 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(228, 223, 211) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(228, 223, 211) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(228, 223, 211)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(228, 223, 211); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 223, 211);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 223,  
211) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 70.1405, 73.9725, 72.2093 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(228, 223, 211) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(228,  
223, 211) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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